

631.348:620.1:621.01

05.05.11 –

58.052.02

8 2021 . 11

: 46001, . , . , 56, . 79.

-
: 46001,

, . , 56.

5 2021 .



• «
2022

»

,

-

,

-

,

-

•

,

,

-

•

,

,

-

•

,

,

-

•

,

-

,

,

,

,-

•

-

•

•

,

-

,

,

-

-

•

,

,

-

-

-

,

•

-

,

,

-

,

•

,

,

-

,

•

-

,

•

-

,

-

-

,

-

,

•

,

,

•

-

-

2006-2020

.,

,

: I158-09 «

-

» (

0109U002299);

178-11

-2000

-

«

(0111U002588); 242-19 « - »
- »

(0119U001323).
, «

1437- 2022
14.02.2018, 6 254- 17.04.2019 30 », -
2014 . 385 « 2015 .
2020 ». 102-

1. -
, -

2. -
- , -

3. -
- :

4. -
- .

5. -
, -

6. -
- .

7. -
- , -

8. -
- .

9.

()

10.

«Krejator».

: Mathcad, Statistika, SolidWorks, APM Structure3D.

;

3

-

,
-

-

;

-

-

;

-

-

-

;

-

-

-

-

,

;

-

-

;

-

,

-

,

-

,

-

,

;

-

-

-

,

-

,

,

,

.

.

-

-

-

.

,

.

-

-

.

3

,

-

,

-

,

,

-

,

-

.

-3524

30-34].

: [1-3, 5] –

()

; [6] –

; [11, 13, 45] –

; [4,

14, 16, 26] –

; [15, 19, 23] –

; [18, 20, 24, 25] –

; [21, 22, 35, 43, 46, 48-50] –

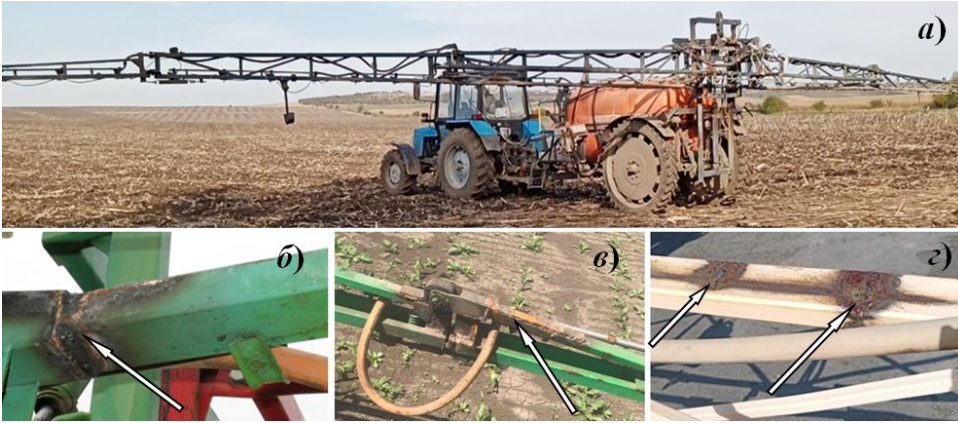
; [28, 36-38] –

; [39-42, 44, 47, 51] –

... , 2020); «

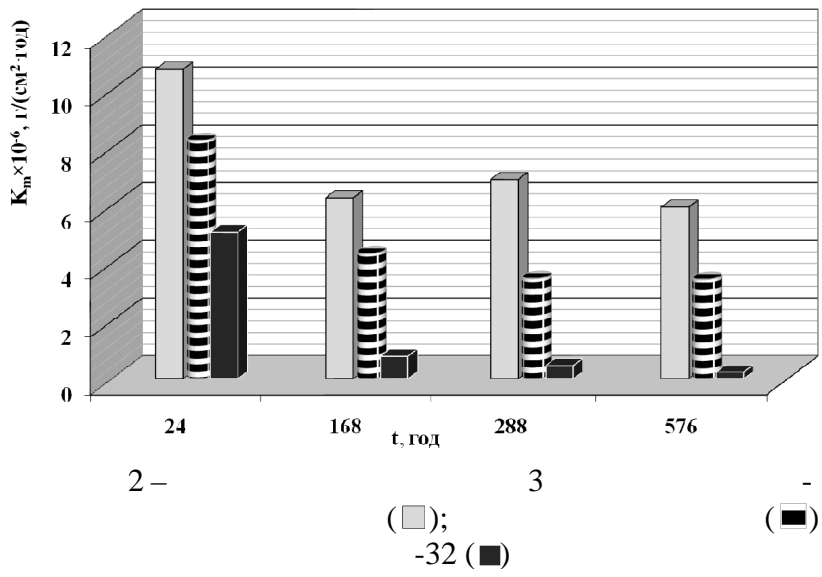
119- « X » (: -
: , 2020); « X , » (-
: , 2019); « » (-
- 60- »
175- (: ,
2019); - « : -
» (: , 2019); « :
, , » (: , 2017); -
(. , 2006–2008, 2019, 2020); «International
Symposium of Croation Metallurgical Society», Croatia (, Šibenik, 2010, 2012);
«
» (: , 2011); «
» (: , 2011);
«
» (: , 2006–2011).
2020) . . . (. , 2020), (. ,
(. , 2021).
51 : 25 –
, ; 13 –
. ,
, , , 356 .
172 , 28 , 5 .
300 .

... ()



1 - () (-)

. 1.



2 - (□); -32 (■)

3

-32, . 2.

3

(. 2).

24

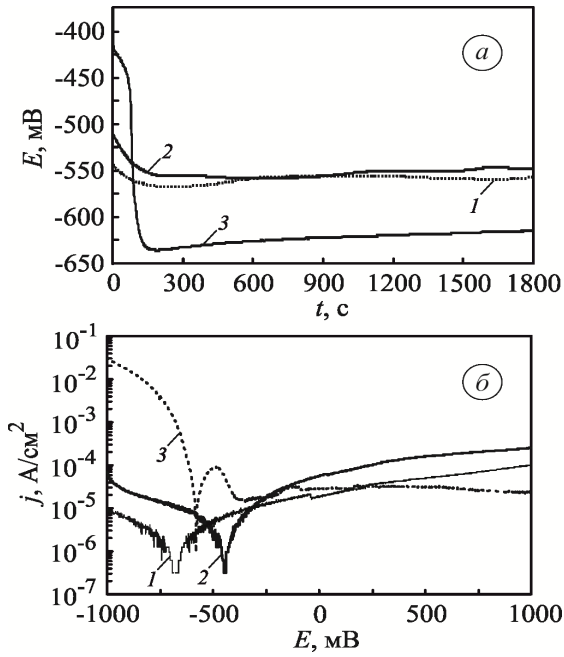
-32

23 % 53%
t (168; 288 576):

(). 576

:

42 % 96%
 E_{st}
(. 3, a; . 1)
900 .



1 - ; 2, 3 -
-32
3 -
() ()
3

(. 3,)

1,7

(K_m) . 1

(i_{corr})
(K_i).

1 - 24 , 3 ,

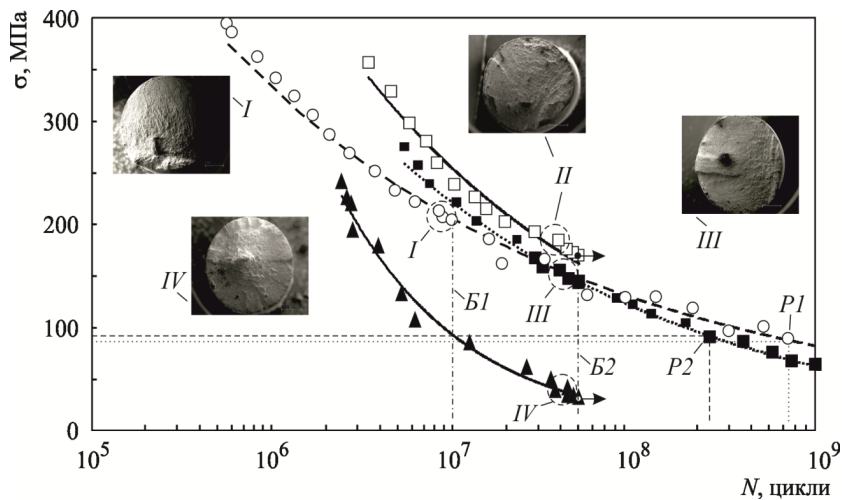
(K_m)			(i_{corr})			(K_i)		
						-32		
$K_m \times 10^9$, /(c^2 .)	$i_{corr} \times 10^7$, A/c ²	$K_i \times 10^9$, /(c^2 .)	$K_m \times 10^9$, /(c^2 .)	$i_{corr} \times 10^7$, A/c ²	$K_i \times 10^9$, /(c^2 .)	$K_m \times 10^9$, /(c^2 .)	$i_{corr} \times 10^7$, A/c ²	$K_i \times 10^9$, /(c^2 .)
2,978	2,854	0,055	2,293	4,865	0,094	1,410	30,380	0,588

-

, , , .
 , , .
 , (.3, , 2),
 (.3,).
 , -
 (.3,). ,
 , -
 - , (.3,),
 . -
 . ,
 . (-
)-
 . -
 , . -
 , , -
 , , -
 , , -
 . -
 -32 -
 - 3 , -
 -
 3 . -
 , -

(.4):
 1,4 (-1 = 143),
 (-1 = 111)

(-1 = 31) 1,8 6,4



(.4).

4 -

3

(,) ; (,) (□, 6,01 · 10⁶) ;
 -32 (▲, V); I, 2- ; I, 2-

(.4 ()).

(.4 (, N = 38,15 · 10⁶)). (0,1...0,2)

1 ,

$N = 38,43 \cdot 10^6$)).

$(\cdot 4 (V, N = 39,1 \cdot 10^6))$.

0,7 1,5

-32;

-32

da/dN

$K (\cdot 5,)$.

$da / dN = C \cdot (\Delta K)^n$, (1)

C $n -$

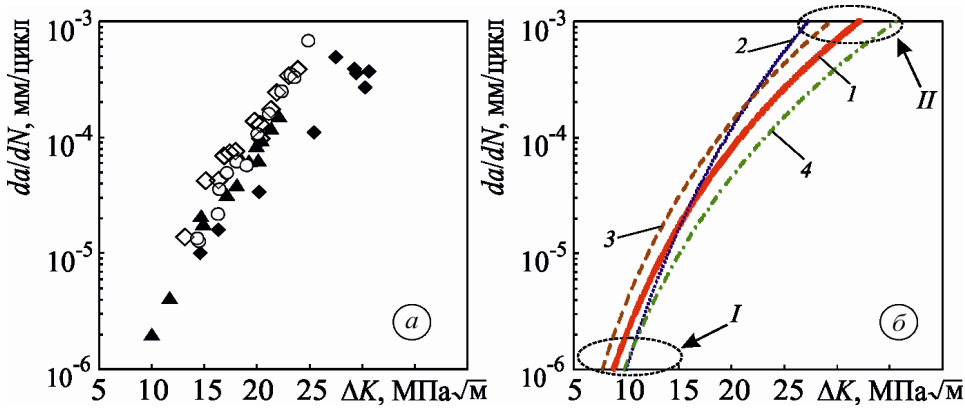
r^2

. 2.
(1)

r^2

(1)

. 5, .



da/dN / $2 \cdot 10^{-5}$
 (1);
 I – ΔK_{th}^* ($da/dN = 10^{-6}$ /);
 II – ΔK_{fc}^* ($da/dN = 10^{-3}$ /)

5 – 3
 () da/dN $2 \cdot 10^{-5}$ /

2 – n (1), ΔK_{th}^* , ΔK_{fc}^*

	n	$C, \frac{1}{(\sqrt{r})^n}$	r^2	$\Delta K_{th}^*, \sqrt{\quad}$	$\Delta K_{fc}^*, \sqrt{\quad}$
	5,33	$9 \cdot 10^{-12}$	0,99	8,9	32,1
	6,89	$1 \cdot 10^{-13}$	0,98	10,1	27,3
	5,17	$3 \cdot 10^{-11}$	0,96	7,8	29,3
-32	5,35	$5 \cdot 10^{-12}$	0,95	9,8	35,5

K_{th}

K_{fc}

$da/dN,$

ΔK_{th}^*

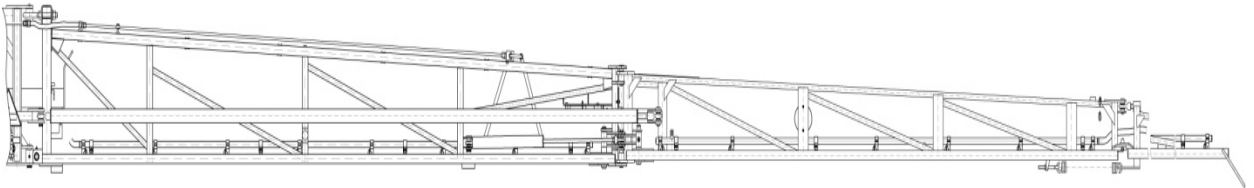
$da/dN = 2 \cdot 10^{-6}$ / , $\Delta K_{fc}^* - da/dN = 10^{-3}$ / (. 5,).

ΔK_{th}^* ΔK_{fc}^*

(. 2).

, ΔK_{fc}^* — ΔK_{th}^* ,
 .
) (. 6).

$f \approx 1$.
 $N = N_*$),
 () .



6—

() N_*

$$N_* = N + N \quad (2)$$

N — ; N —

$$\sigma \sim \lg N$$

. N $l_0 \approx 1$) ,

$$N = N_0 10^{-\sigma \sigma_0^{-1}} \quad (3)$$

σ_0, N_0 —

$$N = N$$

ΔN_c $l = l_0$ Δl_c $l = l_*$
 V

$$V = \frac{dl}{dN} \approx \frac{\Delta l_c}{\Delta N_c} \quad (4)$$

$$A = W + \Delta l_c \quad ; \quad W = \dots \quad (5)$$

$$W = W_s + W_p^{(1)}(l) - W_p^{(2)}(t) \quad (6)$$

$$t \quad ; \quad N = tT^{-1} \quad ; \quad T = \dots \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dN} = \frac{dW}{dN} + \frac{d}{dN} \quad (7)$$

(6) (7),

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial l} [\Gamma - (A - W_s - W_p^{(1)})] \frac{dl}{dN} - \frac{dW_p^{(2)}}{dN} = 0 \quad (8)$$

(8)

$$\frac{dl}{dN} = \left[\frac{dW_p^{(2)}}{dN} \right] / \frac{\partial}{\partial l} [\Gamma - (A - W_s - W_p^{(1)})] \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial l} [\Gamma - (A - W_s - W_p^{(1)})] = \gamma_f - \sigma_t \delta_{t \max}(0) \quad (10)$$

$$\gamma_f = \sigma_t \delta_{fc} \quad ; \quad \delta_{t \max}(0) = \dots \quad \delta_t(0) \quad ; \quad \delta_{fc} = \dots \quad \delta_t(0)$$

$$: l_{fp} \approx \alpha_0 \Delta \delta_t(0) = \alpha_0 [\delta_{t \max}(0) - \delta_{t \min}(0)] \quad \alpha_0 = \dots$$

$$W_p^{(2)}(N) \quad ; \quad W_p^{(2)} = \alpha_0 N \sigma_t \{ [\delta_{t \max}(0) - \delta_{t \min}(0)]^2 - W_0^{(2)} \} \quad (11)$$

$$W_0^{(2)} = \sigma_t [\delta_{\max th} - \delta_{\min th}]^2 \quad \delta_{\max th}, \delta_{\min th} = \dots \quad (10) \quad (11)$$

$$N \quad (9) \quad ; \quad V$$

$$\frac{dl}{dN} = \frac{\alpha_0[\delta_{t\max}^2 - \delta_{\max th}^2][1 - R_\delta]^2}{\delta_{fc} - \delta_{t\max}} \quad (12)$$

$$(11) \quad \delta_{fc} - \delta_t(0, \xi) -$$

$$; \delta_{t\max}(0, \xi), \delta_{t\min}(0, \xi) - \delta_t(0, \xi) ;$$

$$R_\delta = \delta_{t\min} \delta_{t\min}^{-1} \quad (12)$$

$$N = 0, l(0) = l_0; N = N_*, l(N_*) = l_* \quad (13)$$

$$K_I, \delta_t = K_I^2 [E\sigma_t(1 - \xi^2)]^{-1}, R_\delta = K_{I\min}^2 K_{I\max}^{-2} = R^2; \xi = p\sigma_t^{-1},$$

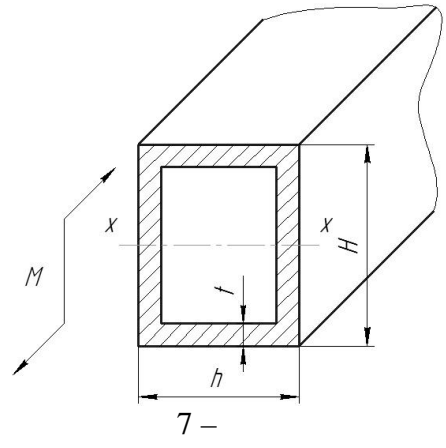
$$K_{th} = K_{th}^* \sqrt{(1 - \xi^2)} \quad (12), (13)$$

$$dl/dN = \alpha_0(1 - R^2)^2(K_{I\max}^4 - K_{th}^4)[(1 - \xi^2)(K_{fc}^2 - K_{I\max}^2)]^{-1}; \quad (14)$$

$$N = 0, l(0) = l_0; N = N, l(N) = l_*; K_I(l_*) = K_{fc}$$

$$p - ; K_{\max th} = K_{th},$$

$$K_{I\max}$$



$$H, h, t, \Delta\sigma$$

$$140 \leq \Delta\sigma \leq 180, R = 0,1.$$

$$(3), (14), N = N_* (N = N)$$

$$: \sigma_0, N_0, K_{fc}, K_{th}, \alpha_0.$$

$$3$$

$$(3), (14)$$

$$N_0 \approx 6,28 \cdot 10^8, \sigma_t \approx 440, R = 0,1,$$

$$\alpha_0 \approx 4,51 \cdot 10^{-9} ()^{-1} ()^{-2}, K_{fc} \approx 32,1 \sqrt{ }, \sigma_0 \approx 87,9, K_{th}^* \approx 8,9 \sqrt{ }.$$

$$(3) (14)$$

$$(2) K_I,$$

$$t_* \approx 1767$$

, 550 , 7 , 3,2 ,
 () .
 ,
 . ()
 () .
 , 3
 $H \times h \times t$ (0,040 × 0,025 × 0,003),

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sigma \cdot M, \\
 & N = N
 \end{aligned}$$

$N = N_1 + N_2 + N_3$. (15)

$2b$; N_1 , $2b$; N_2 , $2b$; N_3 ;
 $l = l_*$.
 N_1, N_2, N_3

$$d\rho / dN = \alpha_0 (1 - R^2)^2 (K_{I_{\max}}^4 - K_{th}^4) [(1 - \xi^2)(K_{fc}^2 - K_{I_{\max}}^2)]^{-1}, \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & N = 0, \rho(0) = \rho_0 = \sqrt{a_0 b_0}; N = N_1, \rho(N_1) = t; \\
 & dl / dN = \alpha_0 (1 - R^2)^2 (K_{I_{\max}}^4 - K_{th}^4) [(1 - \xi^2)(K_{fc}^2 - K_{I_{\max}}^2)]^{-1}, \quad (17)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & N = 0, l(0) = t; N = N_2, l(N_2) = 0,5h; \\
 & dl / dN = \alpha_0 (1 - R^2)^2 (K_{I_{\max}}^4 - K_{th}^4) [(1 - \xi^2)(K_{fc}^2 - K_{I_{\max}}^2)]^{-1}, \quad (18) \\
 & N = 0, l(0) = t; N = N_3, l(N_3) = l_*.
 \end{aligned}$$

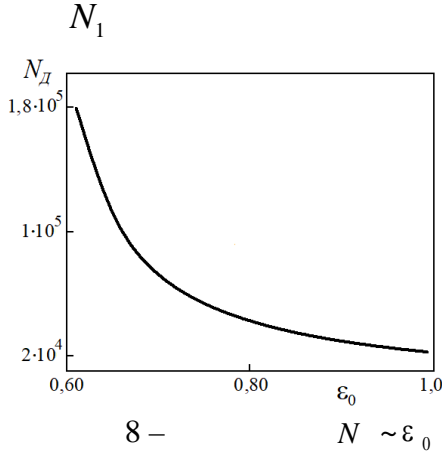
N

$$N(\varepsilon_0) = N_1(\varepsilon_0) + N_2 + N_3, \quad \varepsilon_0 = \sqrt{a_0 b_0} t^{-1}. \quad (19)$$

$$(8) \quad N \sim \varepsilon_0$$

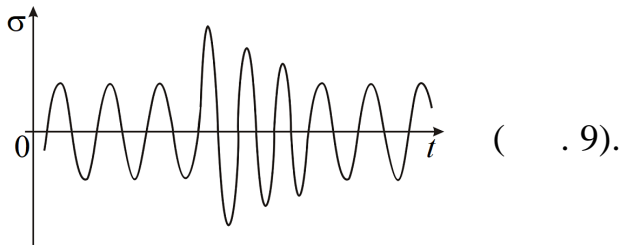
ε_0 .

N_1, N_2, N_3 . 8



8 – $N \sim \varepsilon_0$

n



9 –

$M_i (i = 1, \dots, n)$

$$(\quad N = N_* \quad t = t_*), \quad l_0 \quad l = l_*$$

$N = N_*$

$$\frac{dl}{dN} = \frac{\alpha_0(1-R^2)^2[\delta_t^2(l) - \delta_{th}^2]}{\delta_c - \delta_t - 0,25\alpha_0(1-R^2)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \delta(l-l_i)[\delta_{Mt}^2(l) - \delta_{th}^2]}; \quad (20)$$

$$N = 0, \quad l(0) = l_0; \quad N = N_*, \quad l(N_*) = l_*; \quad \delta_t(l_*) = \delta_c. \quad (21)$$

δ_t –

; δ_c –

$$\begin{aligned} & ; \delta_{M_t} - \\ & ; \sigma_{0f} - \end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

K_I, K_{MI}

$$N_* \approx \int_{l_0}^{l_*} \frac{E\sigma_{0f}[1 - K_I^2(l)K_{fC}^{-2}]}{\alpha_0 K_{fC}^2 (1 - R^2)^2 [K_{fC}^{-4} K_I^4(l) - K_{fC}^{-4} K_{th}^4]} dl - \frac{n}{l_* - l_0} \int_{l_0}^{l_*} \frac{K_{MI}^4(l) - K_{th}^4}{K_I^4(l) - K_{th}^4} dl. \tag{22}$$

$\alpha_0, n, E, \sigma_{0f}, K_{fC},$

$R, K_{th}, K_{MI}, K_I, l_0, n$

M

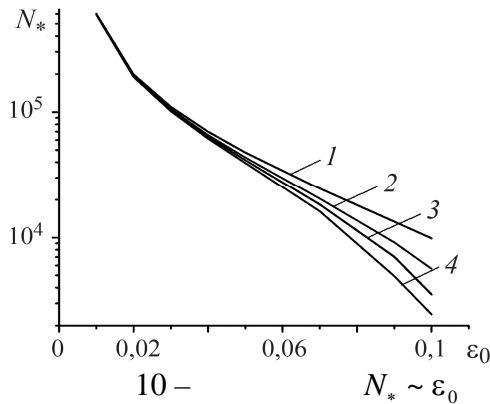
M_i

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_0 & \approx 4,51 \cdot 10^{-9} (\dots)^{-1} (\dots)^{-2}, \quad \sigma_{0f} = 440, \quad R = 0,1, \quad K_{fC} \approx 32,1 \sqrt{\dots} \\ E & = 2 \cdot 10^5, \quad K_{th} \approx 8,9 \sqrt{\dots}, \quad K_{MI}, K_I \end{aligned}$$

$M, M_i,$

$$\Delta\sigma \approx 105, \quad \Delta\sigma_M \approx 150$$

(22),



(1) -
 (2-4) -
 n: 1 - n=0; 2 -
 400; 3 - 600; 4 - 800

$N = N_*$

$$N_*$$

(2).

$$l_0 = 0,001 \quad N \quad (3) \quad \sigma_0, N_0 -$$

$$\sigma_0 = 93,1 \quad , N_0 = 2,33 \cdot 10^8 \quad N$$

4.

$$(3) \quad \Delta\sigma \approx 180 \quad N \approx 3 \cdot 10^6$$

$$l_0 = 0,001 \quad , \quad 4,$$

$$l = l_0 \quad l = l_1 \quad N^{(1)} \quad N^{(2)} \quad l = l_1 \quad l = l_2, \quad N = N^{(1)} + N^{(2)}. \quad (23)$$

N

$$\frac{dW_p^{(2)}}{dN}, \frac{d\Gamma}{dN},$$

(9)

$$dW_p^{(2)}/dN = \beta \sigma_0 [(\delta_{t\max} - \delta_{t\min})^2 - (\delta_{scc}^{(\max)} - \delta_{scc}^{(\min)})^2], \quad d\Gamma/dN = -\eta_2 \sigma_0 T (\delta_{t\max} - \delta_{scc}^{(\max)}), \quad (24)$$

 $\beta \quad \eta_2 -$

3 ,

$$N^{(1)}, N^{(2)}$$

$$\frac{dl}{dN} = \frac{\beta [K_{I\max}^2 - K_{scc}^2] \{ (1 - R^2)^2 [K_{I\max}^2 + K_{scc}^2] + \eta_2 [E\sigma_t (1 - \xi^2)] \}}{[E\sigma_t (1 - \xi^2)] (K_{fCC}^2 - K_{I\max}^2)}; \quad (25)$$

$$N = 0, \quad l(0) = l_{i-1}; \quad N = N^{(i)}, \quad l(N^{(i)}) = l_i \quad (i = 1, 2). \quad (26)$$

$$K_{I\max}, \quad (25),$$

$$\Delta\sigma = 180$$

$$60 \times 60 \times 3$$

$$3, \quad : K_{fCC} = 101 \sqrt{\quad}, \quad K_s = 11 \sqrt{\quad}, \quad R = 0,1, \quad \sigma_t = 440, \quad E = 2 \cdot 10^5, \quad \xi = 0,41, \quad \beta \approx 0,3(\quad)^{-1}, \quad \eta_2 \approx 1,2 \cdot 10^{-5} / c. \quad (25)$$

(26)

$$N^{(2)} \approx 9986$$

(23),

$$: N_* \approx 301 \cdot 10^4$$

$$: N^{(1)} \approx 4,61$$

$$N, N^{(1)}, N^{(2)}$$

(2)

$$t_* \approx 836$$

1,5

4

2

()

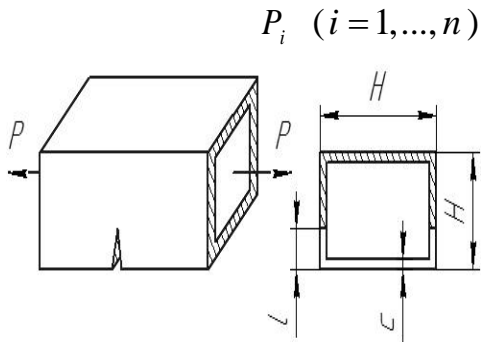
$$f > 1$$

n

a_0

$M,$

(. . 9).



(. 11).

(

$$N = N_*$$

$$t_* = T \cdot N_*, T -$$

$$l_0$$

$$),$$

$$l = l_*$$

() : $H \times H -$; $l_0 -$; $P_i -$; $c -$; $l (. . . 11).$

(6)

$$W = W_s + W_p^{(1)}(l) - W_p^{(2)}(t) + W_p^{(3)}(l), \quad (27)$$

$W_p^{(3)}(l) -$

$P_i,$

$l.$ (27) (7), (8)

$N = N_* :$

$$\frac{dl}{dN} \approx \frac{(\delta_{t_{max}} - \delta_{scc})[\alpha_0(1 - R_\delta)^2(\delta_{t_{max}} + \delta_{scc}) + \eta_2]}{\delta_c - \delta_{t_{max}} - 0,25\alpha_0(1 - R_\delta)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \delta(l - l_i)[\delta_{Mt}^2(l) - \delta_{scc}^2]}; \quad (28)$$

$$N = 0, \quad l(0) = l_0; \quad N = N_*, \quad l(N_*) = l_*; \quad \delta_t(l_*) = \delta_c. \quad (29)$$

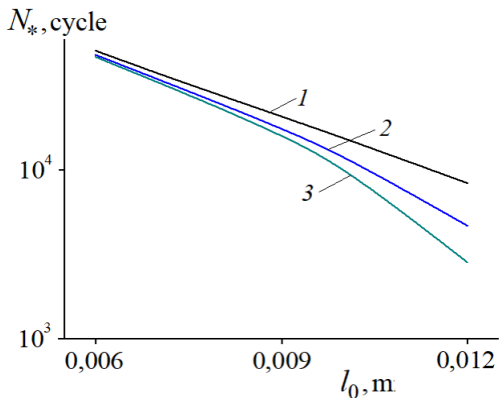
(28) (29),

$$\frac{\delta_t(l)}{\delta_c} = \frac{K_{lmax}^2(l)}{K_{fc}^2}, \quad \delta_{th} = \frac{K_{th}^2}{\sigma_{of} E}, \quad \delta_t(l) = \frac{K_I^2(l)}{\sigma_{of} E} \quad n,$$

$$N_* \approx \int_{l_0}^{l_*} \frac{E\sigma_{of}[K_{fc}^2 - K_I^2(l)]}{[K_I^2(l) - K_{scc}^2][\alpha_0(1 - R^2)^2[K_I^2(l) + K_{scc}^2] + \eta_2 E\sigma_{of}]} dl - \quad (30)$$

$$- \frac{n}{l_* - l_0} \int_{l_0}^{l_*} \frac{0,25\alpha_0(1 - R^2)^2[K_{MI}^4(l) - K_{scc}^4]}{(K_I^2(l) - K_{scc}^2)[\alpha_0(1 - R^2)^2[K_I^2(l) + K_{scc}^2] + \eta_2 E\sigma_{of}]} dl.$$

K_{MI}, K_I



12 -

$N_* \sim l_0$

$n (n = 0; 1000; 15000)$

$60 \times 60 \times 3$
 $\Delta\sigma \approx 90$, $\Delta\sigma_M \approx 130$

3

(30)

$\alpha_0 \approx 0,3$)⁻¹, $\eta_2 \approx 1,2 \cdot 10^5$ /c, $E = 2 \cdot 10^5$,

$K_{fcc} = 101 \sqrt{\quad}$, $K_s = 11 \sqrt{\quad}$, $R = 0,1$.

(30),

N_*
 2-3 -

$l_0,$. 12:

$l -$

$n.$

4

()

(

)

(. 11).

(. 11)

M

(

$H \times H \times c$
($i = 1, \dots, n$)

$\sigma \approx 50$

t_i

$M_i,$

$\sigma_i = 90$

n

$t = t_*$,

$l = l_0 = 0,003$

$l = l_*$

(

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \frac{V_{sc}(\delta_{CC} - \delta_t)}{\delta_{CC} - \delta_t - 0,25\alpha_0(1 - R^2)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \delta(l - l_i) [\delta_{lt}^2(l) - \delta_{scc}^2]}; \quad (31)$$

$$t = 0, \quad l(0) = l_0; \quad t = t_*, \quad l(t_*) = l_*. \quad (32)$$

V_{sc}

$$\begin{aligned}
 & M; \alpha_0 - \quad , \quad - \\
 & \quad ; \delta_t - \quad - \\
 & M; \delta_{cc} - \quad ; \delta_{scc} - \quad - \\
 & \quad \delta_t \quad - \\
 & \quad ; R_\delta = \delta_{scc} / \delta_t - \quad ; \delta(x) - \quad - \\
 & - \quad ; \sigma_0 - \quad ; l_i - \quad - \\
 & \quad - \quad i - \quad M_i .
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(31) \quad (32), \quad \delta_t(l) \delta_{cc}^{-1} = K_I^2(l) K_{IC}^{-2}, \quad \delta_{scc} = K_{scc}^2 \sigma_0^{-1} E^{-1},$$

$$\delta_{lr}(l) = \sigma_0^{-1} E^{-1} K_{II}^2(l)$$

$$t_* = \int_{l_0}^{l_*} V_{sc}^{-1} dl - \frac{\alpha_0 (1 - R_\delta)^2}{8 V_{sc} E \sigma_0} \sum_{i=1}^n [K_{II}^4(l_i) - K_{scc}^4 [K_{fc}^2 - K_I^2(l_i)]]^{-1}. \quad (33)$$

$$t = t_i \quad (i = 1, \dots, n),$$

$$\Delta l = n^{-1} (l - l_0).$$

$$\Delta l \ll (l_* - l_0), \quad (33)$$

$$t_* = V_{sc}^{-1} (l_* - l_0) - \frac{\alpha_0 (1 - R_\delta)^2}{8 V_{sc} E \sigma_0} \frac{n}{l_* - l_0} \int_{l_0}^{l_*} \frac{[K_{II}^4(l) - K_{scc}^4]}{[K_{fc}^2 - K_I^2(l)]} dl. \quad (34)$$

(34)

 K_{II}, K_I

$$\sigma_i = 90$$

$$\sigma \approx 50$$

$$\alpha_0 \approx 0,3(\quad)^{-1}, \quad \eta_2 \approx 1,2 \cdot 10^5 / c, \quad R=0,1, \quad E = 2 \cdot 10^5, \quad K_{fcc} = 101 \sqrt{\quad}, \quad K_s = 11 \sqrt{\quad}. \quad (34)$$

$$t_* = 16,875 \cdot 10^3 \cdot (1 - \varepsilon_0) - \frac{1,176 \cdot n}{1 - \varepsilon_0} \int_{\varepsilon_0}^1 \frac{\varphi^4(\varepsilon_i)}{[1 - 0,234 \varphi^2(\varepsilon_i)]} d\varepsilon_i. \quad (35)$$

 n

$$n = m \cdot k, \quad t_* = t_1 \cdot k, \quad (36)$$

 $k -$ $; t_1 -$

$$(t_1 = 550 \quad).$$

$$k = 16,875 \cdot 10^3 (1 - \varepsilon_0)^2 \left[t_1 (1 - \varepsilon_0) + 1,176 \cdot m \int_{\varepsilon_0}^1 \frac{\varphi^4(\varepsilon)}{[1 - 0,234 \varphi^2(\varepsilon)]} d\varepsilon \right]^{-1} \quad (\quad), \quad (0,2 \leq \varepsilon_0 < 1). \quad (37)$$

(37)

. 13

 k ε_0

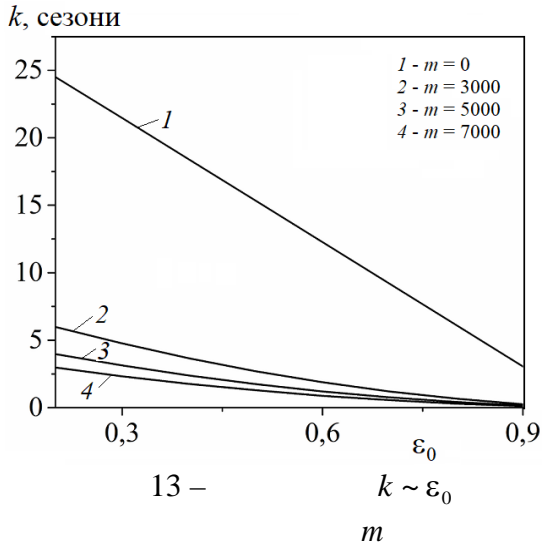
:

1 -

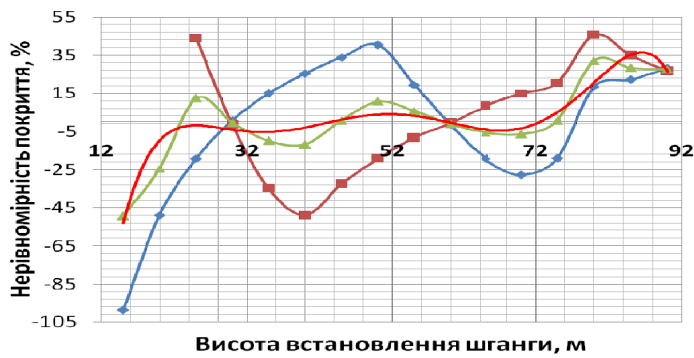
2-4 -

m.

. 13,

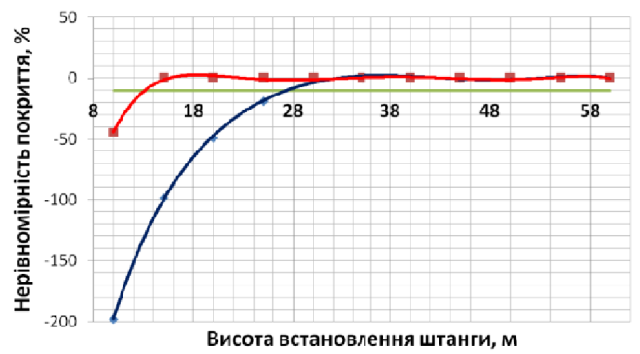


APM Structure 3D.



◆ - ; ■ - ; ▲ - ;

14 -



■ - $\alpha = 120^\circ$; ◆ - $\alpha = 80^\circ$

15 -

$b_p = 0,5$: . 14 -

, . 15 -

. 14:

h ,

$$\alpha = 80^{\circ}$$

0,45

$$h = 0,6 \pm 0,045$$

$$0,15 : h_{\min} = 0,3 \pm 0,02$$

(. 15),

$$\alpha = 120^{\circ}$$

-44 %,

- 0,15

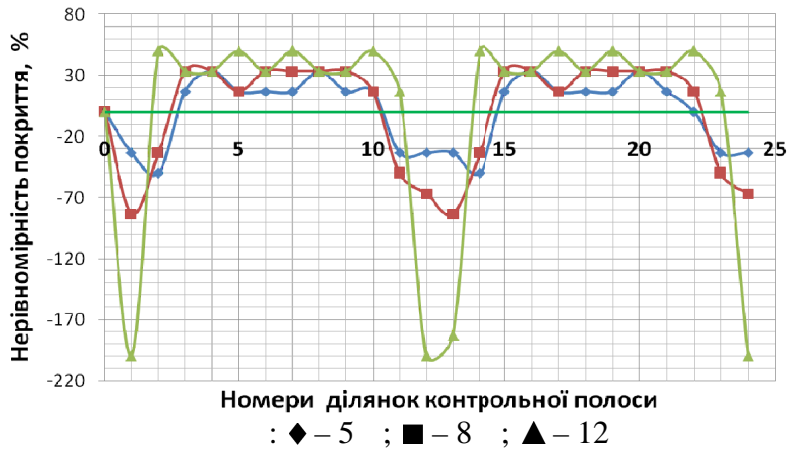
0,1

0,3 ,

0,25

$\alpha = 80^{\circ}$:

-19,2 %.



16-

(. 16).

(%)

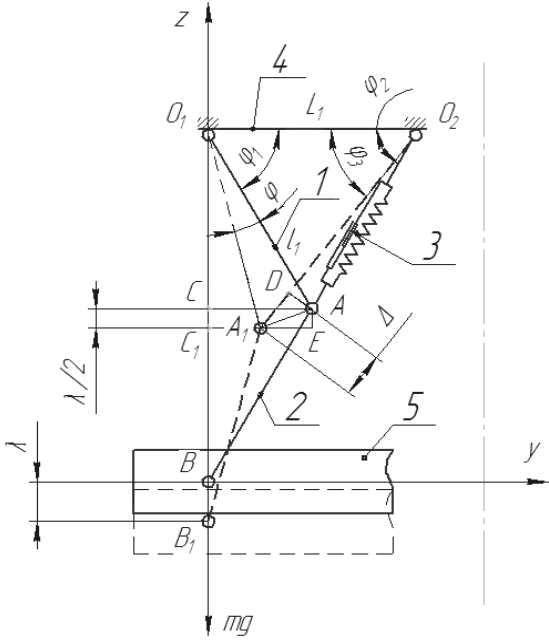
5 , 8 , 12

(,)

200 %,

30-50 %.

. 17.



1, 2 – ; 3 – ;
 4 – ; 5 –
 17 –

$$\lambda(\varphi) = 2 \sqrt{\Delta(\varphi)^2 + 2R_0^2(1 - \cos(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3)) - 2\Delta(\varphi)R_0\sqrt{2(1 - \cos(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3))} \times \cos \alpha - (l_1 \cdot (\cos \varphi_1 - \cos \varphi))^2}, \quad (38)$$

φ – ; φ_2, φ_3 –

φ ; R_0 –

; – . 17.

, –

(–

36%.

(. 17),

$$m \ddot{z} + 2c \left[\left(z - z_p \sin(\omega t) \right) \begin{pmatrix} az_p^2 \sin^2(\omega t) - 2az_p z \sin(\omega t) - \\ - bz_p \sin(\omega t) + az^2 + bz + f \end{pmatrix} \right] +$$

$$+ 2\mu \left[\begin{pmatrix} \dot{z} + \omega z_p \left(2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\omega t}{2}\right) - 1 \right) \\ \times \begin{pmatrix} 3az_p^2 \sin^2(\omega t) - 6az_p z \sin(\omega t) - \\ - 2bz_p \sin(\omega t) + 3az^2 + 2bz + f \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \right] = 0; \quad (39)$$

$$I \ddot{\varphi} + 2cd \left[\begin{pmatrix} d(\varphi - \psi_p \cos(\omega t)) \times \\ \times \begin{pmatrix} ad^2 \psi_p^2 \cos^2(\omega t) - 2ad^2 \psi_p \varphi \cos(\omega t) + ad^2 \varphi^2 - \\ - bd \psi_p \cos(\omega t) + bd \varphi + f \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \right] +$$

$$+ 2\mu d \cdot \left[\begin{pmatrix} d(\dot{\varphi} + \omega \psi_p \sin(\omega t)) - 3a(\sin^2(\omega t) - 1)d^2 \psi_p^2 + 3ad^2 \varphi^2 + \\ + 2b \left(2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\omega t}{2}\right) - 1 \right) d \psi_p + 2bd \varphi + f \end{pmatrix} \right] = 0, \quad (40)$$

m – ; I – ; z – ; φ –
 μ – ; ϵ – ; a –
 a, b, f –

$$\Delta_z = az^3 + bz^2 + fz, \quad (41)$$

Δ_z – ; z .

Mathcad.

0,011 .

0,005 ,

0,052

0,015

1

5

0,011 .

3,5-

4,7-

0,175 ,

5

- 0,129 .

0,2 .

(

)

3,1

20

/ .

:

(

0,05 ,

- 0,35 ;

-

,

19,8 / .

7,9 .

(39)

(40)

0,05 .

0,015

:

:

- $\omega_0 = 11,7$,

$$\omega_I = 6,3 \quad ;$$

$$\omega_0 = 11,7 \quad ; \quad \omega_{II} = 49,4 \quad .$$

$$v = 9,6 \quad / \quad (2,667 \quad /);$$

$$a_p = 0,718 \quad , \quad z_p = 0,05 \quad .$$

$$0,07 \quad , \quad - \quad 17,5 \quad /^2.$$

$$(5,5 \quad /); \quad v = 19,8 \quad /$$

$$a_p = 1,48 \quad , \quad z_p = 0,05 \quad .$$

5-

$$z_{vm} = \frac{a_m \sin(\omega_p t)}{m_a + \sin(T_p t)}, \quad (42)$$

$$a_m - \quad ; \quad \omega_p - \quad ; \quad m_a -$$

$$; T_p -$$

$$0,028 \quad , \quad - \quad 0,24 \quad . \quad 1 \quad .$$

$$\Psi_m = \frac{a_{m\psi} \cos(\omega_p t + \beta_\psi)}{m_{a\psi} - \cos(T_p t + \beta_\psi)}, \quad (43)$$

$$a_{m\psi} - \quad ; \quad m_{a\psi} -$$

$$; \beta_\psi -$$

$$m \ddot{z} + 2c \left(\begin{aligned} & fz + az^3 + bz^2 - \frac{a \cdot a_m^3 \sin(\omega_p t)^3}{a_m^3 + 3m_a^2 \sin(T_p t) + 3m_a \sin(T_p t)^2 + \sin(T_p t)^3} + \\ & + \frac{a_m^2 b \sin(\omega_p t)^2}{m_a^2 + 2m_a \sin(T_p t) + \sin(T_p t)^2} - \frac{a_m f \sin(\omega_p t)}{m_a \sin(T_p t)} + \\ & + \frac{3a \cdot a_m^2 z \sin(\omega_p t)^2}{m_a^2 + 2m_a \sin(T_p t) + \sin(T_p t)^2} - \frac{2a_m b z \sin(\omega_p t)}{m_a \sin(T_p t)} - \\ & - \frac{3a \cdot a_m z^2 \sin(\omega_p t)}{m_a \sin(T_p t)} \end{aligned} \right) + 2\mu \times$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} & f \left[\dot{z} - \frac{a_m \omega_p \cos(\omega_p t)}{m_a + \sin(T_p t)} + \frac{T_p a_m \cos(T_p t) \sin(\omega_p t)}{(m_a + \sin(T_p t))^2} \right] + \\ & \times \left[+ 2b \left(z - \frac{a_m \sin(\omega_p t)}{m_a + \sin(T_p t)} \right) \right] \left[\dot{z} - \frac{a_m \omega_p \cos(\omega_p t)}{m_a + \sin(T_p t)} + \frac{T_p a_m \cos(T_p t) \sin(\omega_p t)}{(m_a + \sin(T_p t))^2} \right] + \\ & \left[+ 3a \cdot \left(z - \frac{a_m \sin(\omega_p t)}{m_a + \sin(T_p t)} \right)^2 \left[\dot{z} - \frac{a_m \omega_p \cos(\omega_p t)}{m_a + \sin(T_p t)} + \frac{T_p a_m \cos(T_p t) \sin(\omega_p t)}{(m_a + \sin(T_p t))^2} \right] \right] \end{aligned} \right] = 0; \quad (44)$$

$$I \ddot{\phi} + \frac{2cd}{\left(2 \sin\left(\frac{\beta_\psi}{2} + \frac{T_p t}{2} \right)^2 + m_{a\psi} - 1 \right)^3} \times$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} & d \left[m_{a\psi} \dot{\phi} + a_{m\psi} \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{\beta_\psi}{2} + \frac{\omega_p t}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right) + \phi \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{\beta_\psi}{2} + \frac{T_p t}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right) \right] \times \\ & \times \left[a \left(\frac{\cos(2\beta_\psi + 2\omega_p t)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) d^2 a_{m\psi}^2 - 2a \cdot \right] \times \\ & \times \cos(\beta_\psi + t\omega_p) d^2 a_{m\psi} m_{a\psi} \dot{\phi} + 2a \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t) \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t) d^2 a_{m\psi} \phi + \\ & + ad^2 m_{a\psi}^2 \phi^2 - 2a \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t) d^2 m_{a\psi} \phi^2 + \\ & \times \left[+ a \left(\frac{\cos(2\beta_\psi + 2T_p t)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) d^2 \phi^2 - b \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t) da_{m\psi} m_{a\psi} + \right. \\ & \left. + b \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t) \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t) da_{m\psi} + bdm_{a\psi}^2 \phi - 2b \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t) \times \right. \\ & \left. \times dm_{a\psi} \phi + b \cdot \left(\frac{\cos(2\beta_\psi + 2T_p t)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) d\phi + fm_{a\psi}^2 - 2f \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t) m_{a\psi} + \right. \\ & \left. + f \left(\frac{\cos(2\beta_\psi + 2T_p t)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) + f \left(\frac{\cos(2\beta_\psi + 2T_p t)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right] \end{aligned} \right] +$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} & df \left[\dot{\phi} + \frac{\omega_p a_{m\psi} \sin(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t)} + \frac{T_p a_{m\psi} \sin(\beta_\psi + T_p t) \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{(m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t))^2} \right] + \\ & + 2bd^2 \left(\phi - \frac{a_{m\psi} \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t)} \right) \times \\ & \times \left[\dot{\phi} + \frac{\omega_p a_{m\psi} \sin(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t)} + \frac{T_p a_{m\psi} \sin(\beta_\psi + T_p t) \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{(m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t))^2} \right] + \\ & + 3ad^3 \left(\phi - \frac{a_{m\psi} \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t)} \right)^2 \times \\ & \times \left[\dot{\phi} + \frac{\omega_p a_{m\psi} \sin(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t)} + \frac{T_p a_{m\psi} \sin(\beta_\psi + T_p t) \cos(\beta_\psi + \omega_p t)}{(m_{a\psi} - \cos(\beta_\psi + T_p t))^2} \right] \end{aligned} \right] = 0. \quad (45)$$

(44) (45)

» - 0,079 ;

« »

- 0,003

0,013 ; «
0,014

Structure 3D.

APM

-3- 1, -4- 1 -

-600,

10 / - 69,5 /²,

12 / - 75,8 /².

-3524

« » (. 1),

. 18.





19 –

-2000

1,07.

», . 19.

-2000

-3524.

(5-6)

, .3 (. 19)

160

- 1,1.

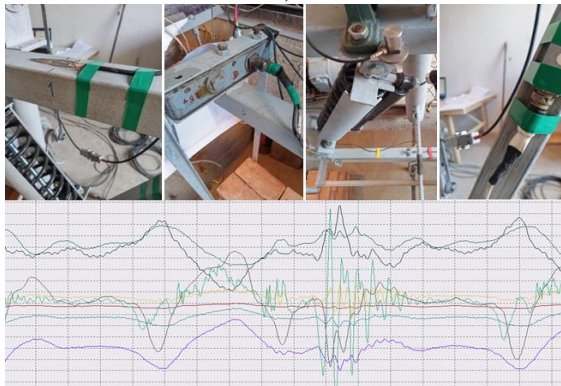
(24)

-3524.

(. 20).

60 × 3 : 60 ×
 1-1,8 ;
 12 /
 80 σ 150 .
 90 σ 130
 10 /

. 20,



(f), (z_p) (m).

(20,).

55 550 .

24 - 325 - 415 .

(« »).

3³.

(. 20,)

$$y(f, z_p, m) = 1,862f - 5,369z_p + 55,644 \cdot 10^{-3}m - 2,56fz_p + 1,2 \cdot 10^{-3}fm + 2,49 \cdot 10^{-2}z_p m - 0,604f^2 - 7,556 \cdot 10^{-5}m^2 - 8,807. \quad (46)$$

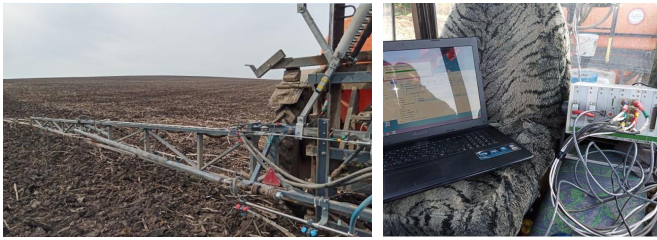
(0,05)

3,15

-3524 (. 21,).

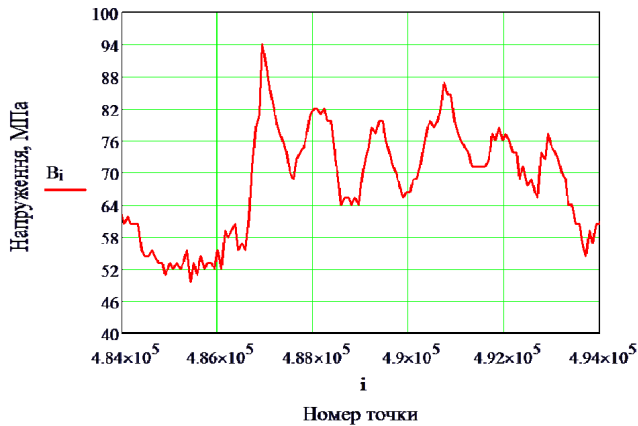
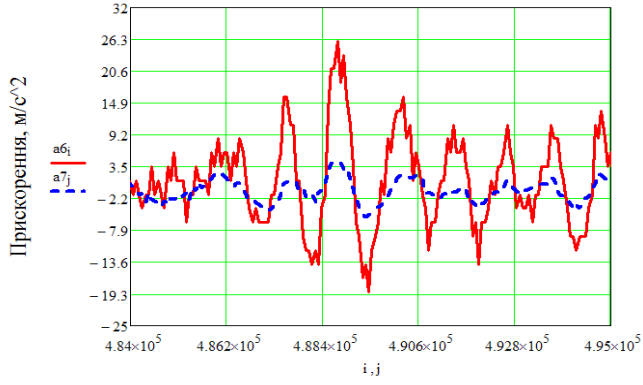
3,06 (. 21,);

50 ≤ σ ≤ 90 (. 21,).



(3,1),
(3,15),
(3,06)

3 %.



21 -

1.

$\alpha = 80^0, b_p = 0,5$

0,45

$0,15 - h_{\min} = 0,3 \pm 0,02, h = 0,6 \pm 0,045$
 $h = 0,596$

2.

24

-32

, 23 % 53 % .

:

, -
)

-32,

(

3.

, ,
,

-

3

-32

1,4,

-32

1,8

6,4

.

3

-32 -

,

,

$da/dN \cong 2 \cdot 10^{-5} /$

4.

3 ,

2 .

5.

(3)

6.

3

3

() .

836

1,5

7

-

7.

(24)

3

5

8.

3,1

12 /

$a_p = 1,66$, $z_p = 0,05$

0,005

0,052

0,015

1 :
5

0,011

3,5-

4,7-

9.

(0,072) .

() - 0,0028 (0,0083) , « » - 0,28

0,013 ; « » - 0,079 .

: 0,003

0,014

10.

11.

,
 ,
) 4 (.
 ,
 -

12.

-600 -3524, -2000,
 ,
 -

« »,
 130 90 .
 (3,15), (3,10),
 3 %, (3,06)

0,05

« »
 .
 « », « ».
 « », « ».
 .

1. Andreikiv O.E., Babii A.V., Dolinska I.Ya., and Matviiv Yu.Ya. Determination of the Residual Life of the Spraying Boom of a Field Sprinkler in the Maneuvering Loading Mode. *Materials Science*. Vol. 56. No. 1, July, 2020. P. 112–118. (**Scopus, Web of Science**).
 2. Andreikiv O.E., Babii A.V. & Dolinska, I.Y. Influence of the Working Media and Maneuvering Loading Mode on the Service Life of Spraying Booms of Field Sprinklers. *Materials Science*. Vol. 56. December, 2020. P.166–173. (**Scopus, Web of Science**).
 3. Rybak I., Babii A.V., Bortnyk I.M., Ts'on G.B., and Konovalenko S.I. Evaluation of the service life of the frames of sections of boom field sprayers. *Materials Science*. Vol. 55. No. 3. November, 2019. P. 374–380. (**Scopus, Web of Science**).
 4. Leshchak R.L., Babii A.V., Barna R. I., and Syrotyuk I. Corrosion resistance of steel of the frames of boom sprayers. *Materials Science*. Vol. 56. No. 3. November, 2020. P. 425–431. (**Scopus, Web of Science**).
 5. Andreikiv O.E., Lysyk A.R., Shtayura N.S., and Babii A.V. Evaluation of the Residual Service Life of Thin-Walled Structural Elements with Short Corrosion-Fatigue Cracks. *Materials Science*. Vol. 53. No. 4. January, 2018. P. 514–521. (**Scopus, Web of Science**).
 6. Alexander Nanka, Ivan Morozov, Vladimir Morozov, Mykola Krekot, Anatolii Poliakov, Ivan Kiralhazi, Mykhailo Lohvynenko, Konstantin Sharai, Andriy Babiy, Mykola Stashkiv. Improving the efficiency of a sowing technology based on the improved structural parameters for colters. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*. Vol. 4. No. 1 (100) (2019) Engineering Technological Systems. P. 33 – 45. (**Scopus**).
 7. Babii A. Important aspects of the experimental research methodology. *Scientific Journal of TNTU*. Tern. : TNTU, 2020. Vol. 97. No. 1. P. 77–87. ().
 8. Babii A. Study of the efficiency of working mixture application in chemical crop protection. *Scientific Journal of TNTU*. Tern. : TNTU, 2020. Vol. 98. No. 2. P. 99–109. ().
 9. Babii A. Parameters investigation for independent pendular suspension of sprayer boom. *Scientific Journal of TNTU*. Tern. : TNTU, 2019. Vol. 96. No. 4. P. 90–100. ().
 10. Babii A., Babii M. Taking impact of oscillation amplitude of boom sprayers load-bearing frame sections. *Scientific Journal of TNTU*. Tern. : TNTU, 2019. Vol. 95. No 3. P. 97–104. ().
 11. Babii A., Babii M., Dolinska I.Ya., Lysyk A.R., Shtayura N.S., and Ts'on G.B. Influence of the Working Media and Maneuvering Loading Mode on the Service Life of Spraying Booms of Field Sprinklers. *Materials Science*. Vol. 56. December, 2020. P.166–173. ().
 12. Babii A., Babii M., Dolinska I.Ya., Lysyk A.R., Shtayura N.S., and Ts'on G.B. Evaluation of the service life of the frames of sections of boom field sprayers. *Materials Science*. Vol. 55. No. 3. November, 2019. P. 374–380. ().
- . *Machinery & Energetics. Journal of Rural Production Research*. Kyiv. Ukraine, 2019. Vol. 10. No. 4. P. 51–55. ().

13. ,, ,, ,, . - -
 . 164–172. (). , 2. , 2011.

14. . ,, . ,, . ,, . . -
 20 17 1 - . - , 2020. 5. . 110–117.
 ().

15. ,, . - -
 , 2019. 3 (13) . 87–91. («).

16. . ,, . ,, . ,, . . - -
 , 2020. 4. . 30–35. ().

17. . . - -
 . . 46. , 2006. . 96–100. (. .
).

18. . ,, . . - -
 . . 94. , 2010.

. 33–38. ().

19. . ,, . . - -
 . . 109. , 2011. . 139–145. ().

20. . ,, . ,, . . - -

. 59. 1. , 2007. . 166–172. ().

21. . ,, . ,, . ,, . . - -
 . . 76. , 2009. . 164–168. (. .
).

22. . ,, . ,, . . - -
 . . , - -
 . . 41, . 1. , 2011. . 150–154. (. .
).

23. . ,, . ,, . . . - -

. 18. , 2009. . 404–417. (. .
 24. . ,, . ,, . ,, . . - -
 . . 15. , 2007. . 239–250. (. .

25.).
 .., ..
 (..).
 69. , 2008. . 408–415.
26. ', ..
 ..
 " 13. : - " ..
 , 2020. . 356–360.
27. Babiy A.V. Method of solving of shell theory limit tasks. *"Metalurgija"*. Vol. 51. (2012), br. 3, str. 430.
28. Popovich P.V., Stashkiv M.J., Babiy A.V., Ferendjuk O.V. Criterion estimation of elements of the reserved type of bearings frames. *"Metalurgija"*. Vol. 49. (2010), br. 3, str. 237.
29. ..
 I
 , (16-17 2019 .), 2019. . 8.
30. ..
 V
 (24-27 2019 .). :
 , 2019. . 145–148.
31. ..
 : - «
 » , 90-
 (7-8
 2019).
 , 2019. . 30–32.
32. ..
 - , 16 2020 . . :
 .. (.) . : « » , 2020. . 121–123.
33. ..
 :
 - 60-
 , (, 14–15 2020). :
 , 2020. . 53–54.
34. .. ,
 : X , 119-
 , 17-19
 2019 ., .

35. : , 2019. . 77–79. -
- . 11–13. (- 2017): . : , - , (, 21–22 . 2017). - [.]. : , 2017. -
36. -
- : - , 14–15
- 2011 , 2 .
- . 1. : , 2011. . 137–140. -
37. -
38. , 2006. . 94. -
- , 2007. . 101. -
39. 1436292 A01 7/00 (2020.01); . 27.01.2020 u2020 00463, . 10.08.2020, . 15. -
40. -
- (2006.01); . 16.07.2019, u201908385, . 25.03.2020, . 6/2020. -
41. 137527 01M11/00, 01M7/00; . -
- 15.04.2019, u201903846; . 25.10.2019, . 20. -
42. -
- 123736 G01M 13/00; . 11.08.2017, . 12.03.2018, . 5. -
43. 73090 A01B -
- 51/00; . 01.03.2012, . 10.09.2012, . 17. -
44. -
- 63398 G01L 1/00; . 02.03.2011, . 10.10.2011, . 19. -
45. -
- 11/00; . 17.11.2010 U201013645, . 10.05.2011, . 9. 59390 A01M 7/00 A01M -
46. -
33031. . 29.04.2010 .

47.	..,,	. .,	. .	-
	. 06.04.2006,	. 15.09.2006,	. 9.		17326 G01L 1/04, G01L 1/22;	
48.	..,	. ..,			-	-
	20.09.2005,	. 15.05.2006,	. 5.		14193 01 7/00, 11/00;	.
49.	..,	. ..,	..,			-
	G01V 1/00;	. 26.02.2010,	. 10.08.2010,	. 15.		52082
50.	..,	. ..,	..,			-
	2007,	. 10.04.2008,	. 7.		31564 G01L 5/24;	. 24.12.
51.	..,	. ..,	..,			-
						-
6.		48663 A01 7/00;	. 27.10.2009,	. 25.03.2010,		.

05.05.11 –

, . , 2021.

-32.

3

ABSTRACT

Babii A.V. Durability calculation methods and improvement of agricultural sprayers broadcast booms design. – Qualification scientific paper as a manuscript copyright.

Doctor of Science thesis in Engineering Sciences on specialism 05.05.11 – machines and mechanical equipment of agricultural production. – Ternopil I.Puluj National Technical University of MES of Ukraine, Ternopil, 2021.

Completely new experimental and theoretical approaches to the durability calculation methods of the broadcast booms of agricultural spraying machines taking into account operational and physical-chemical factors have been obtained in the thesis under discussion. Some mechanisms of metal corrosion failure of the sprayer boom section frame in the saturated insecticide Nurelle D solutions and liquid complex fertilizer UN-32 media have been determined. The most intensive corrosion of the steel 3 has been found to occur in the demineralized water. During the first 24 hours the velocity in the saturated solutions of insecticide Nurelle D and also liquid complex fertilizer UN-32 is approximately 23 and 53% lower respectively. The similar tendencies have been observed under long-term exposition conditions as well: the highest speed of steel corrosion was observed in the demineralized water, lower speed was observed in insecticide Nurelle D, and the lowest – in the liquid complex fertilizer UN-32 medium whose composition includes an inhibitor (compounds of ammonia phosphate).

The necessary studies have been carried out and the influence of these media on both the fatigue and corrosion-fatigue durability of steel 3 of the boom section frame and on the characteristics of its crack resistance under cyclic loading conditions as well has been estimated. It has been found that corrosion-fatigue resistance of steel 3 in the corrosion media of demineralized water and in the saturated solutions of insecticide Nurelle D and liquid complex fertilizer UN-32 is being decreased in comparison with the air: the conventional border of corrosion fatigue was 1,4 times lower in the demineralized water, and in the saturated solutions of insecticide Nurelle D and liquid complex fertilizer UN-32 was 1,8 and 6,4 times lower respectively.

The calculation model to determine the service life of sprayer booms components under cyclic operational load conditions has been constructed. It was found that the service life was mainly determined by the period of fatigue crack initiation which was more than twice less than the specified one.

The calculation method of residual service life of the sprayer boom under maneuver loading mode conditions has been developed on the basis of the well-known energy approach. The method under discussion has revealed that the above-mentioned mode in case of sprayers broadcast booms (of certain parameters) made of steel 3 can reduce its residual service life in approximately three times.

A nontraditional calculation model to determine the boom service life involving the combination of operational and physical-chemical factors has been proposed. Here, the boom service life is represented as a sum of periods of crack initiation and subcritical growth in the weakest boom component. Under specified possible operational conditions (cyclic loading and corrosion medium Nurelle D) the boom service life of 836 operation hours has been found (approximately 1,5 seasons). It is completely unsatisfying service life in comparison with the standard service life of the sprayers – 7 seasons, and has proved the need of the boom vibrations removal, its strengthening and service life increase.

The calculation method of the sprayer boom residual service life at the metal structure loading under maneuver mode conditions and taking into account the mechanism of insecticide Nurelle D solution corrosion medium action has been developed. It was found that under such conditions of the sprayer operation the boom residual service life was 5 times lower.

A new design of the boom downpipe which has increased its stabilization characteristics under oscillations caused by different agricultural background conditions has been developed. Some completely new dynamic models of operation have been constructed for the above-mentioned boom downpipe. The theoretical papers, calculation methods and experimental tests procedures have been used by the design bureaux of machine building plants.

Key words: chemical protection, sprayer, boom, boom downpipe, service life, corrosion medium, maneuver load mode, fatigue crack, corrosion-fatigue crack.

28.01.2021.

60×90, 1/16.

TimesNewRoman.

.1,8.

- 100

280121

4870

20.03.2015

, 9 , .38.

. (0352) 528-777.

