



# Міжнародний день світла

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16 травня

Програма:

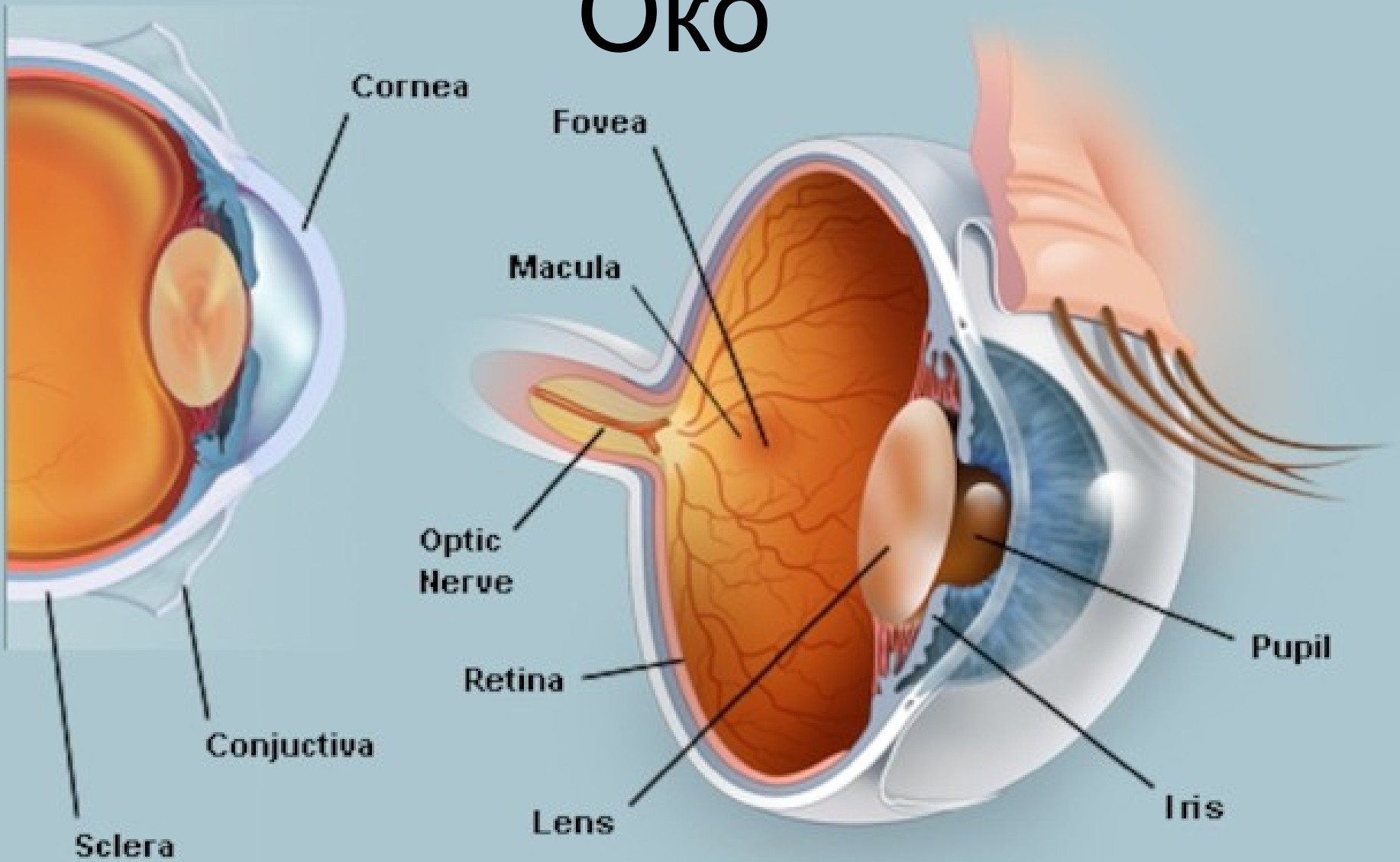
1. Юрій Скоренький «Fiat lux! – Нехай буде світло!»
2. Віталій Мочарський «Лазер – найвизначніший винахід людства?»
3. Марічка Юрчак «Мистецтво та світло: все ясно»
4. Олександр Крамар «Оптичні ілюзії»

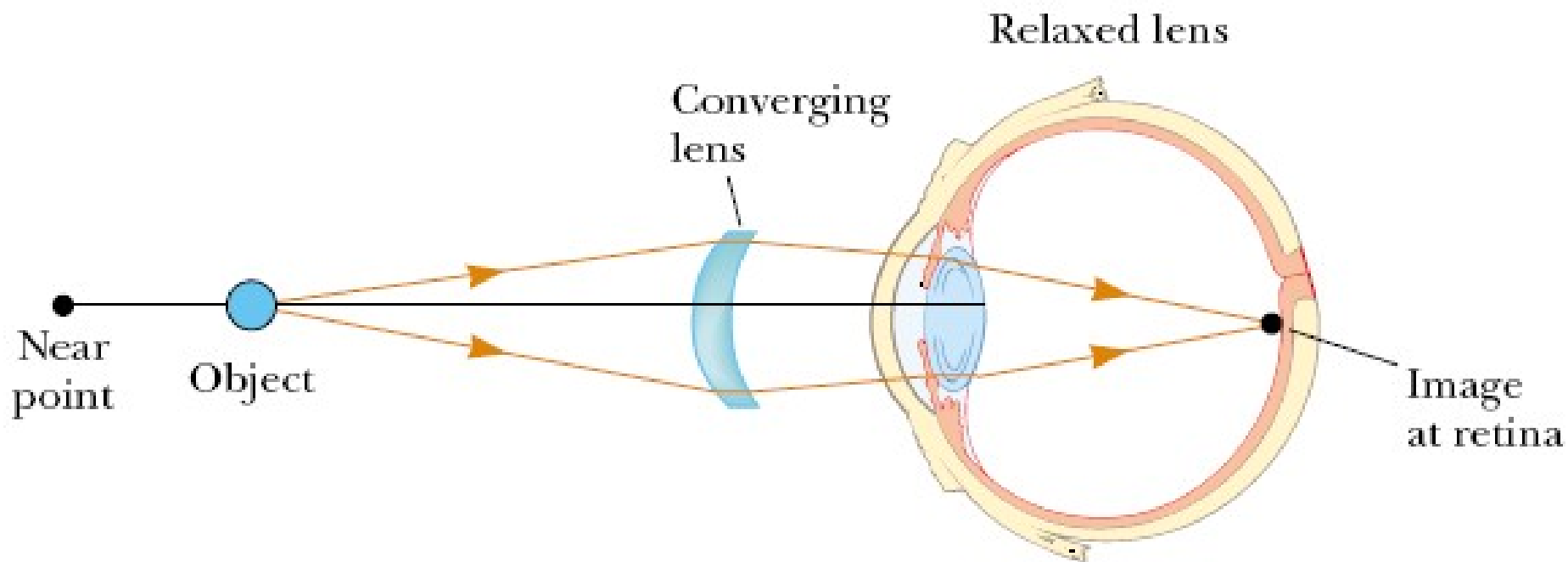
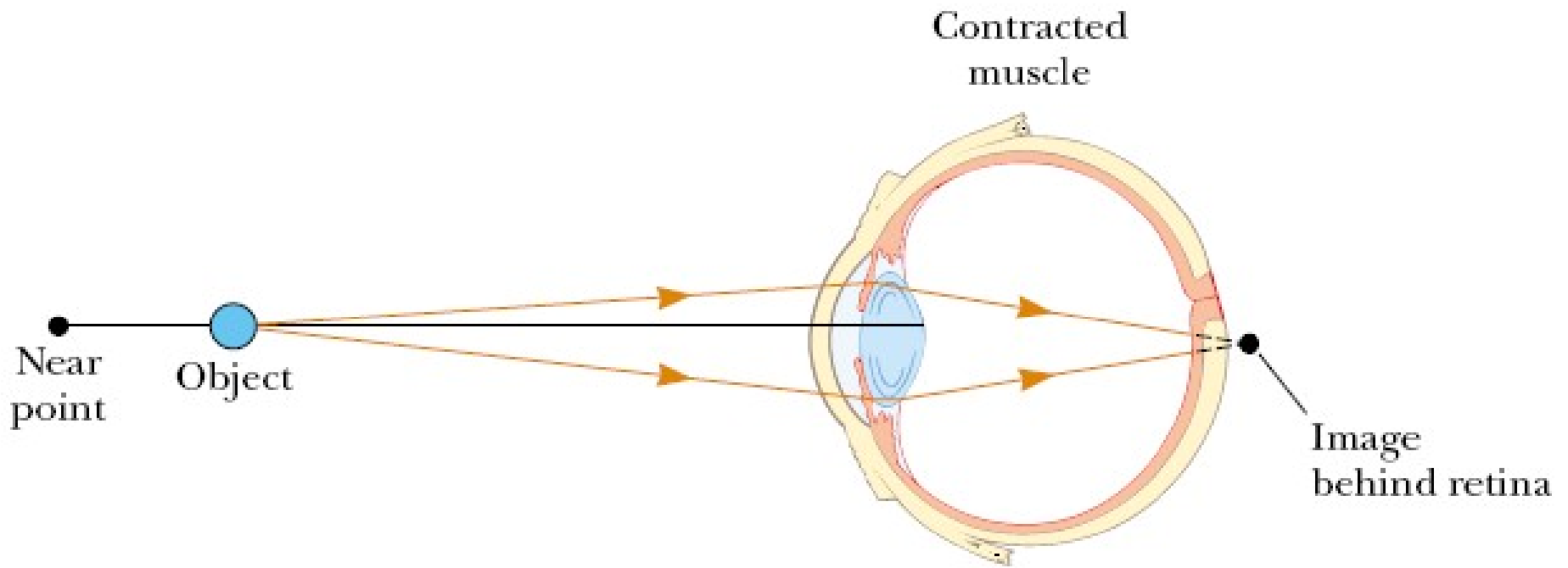


# ***Fiat Lux!***

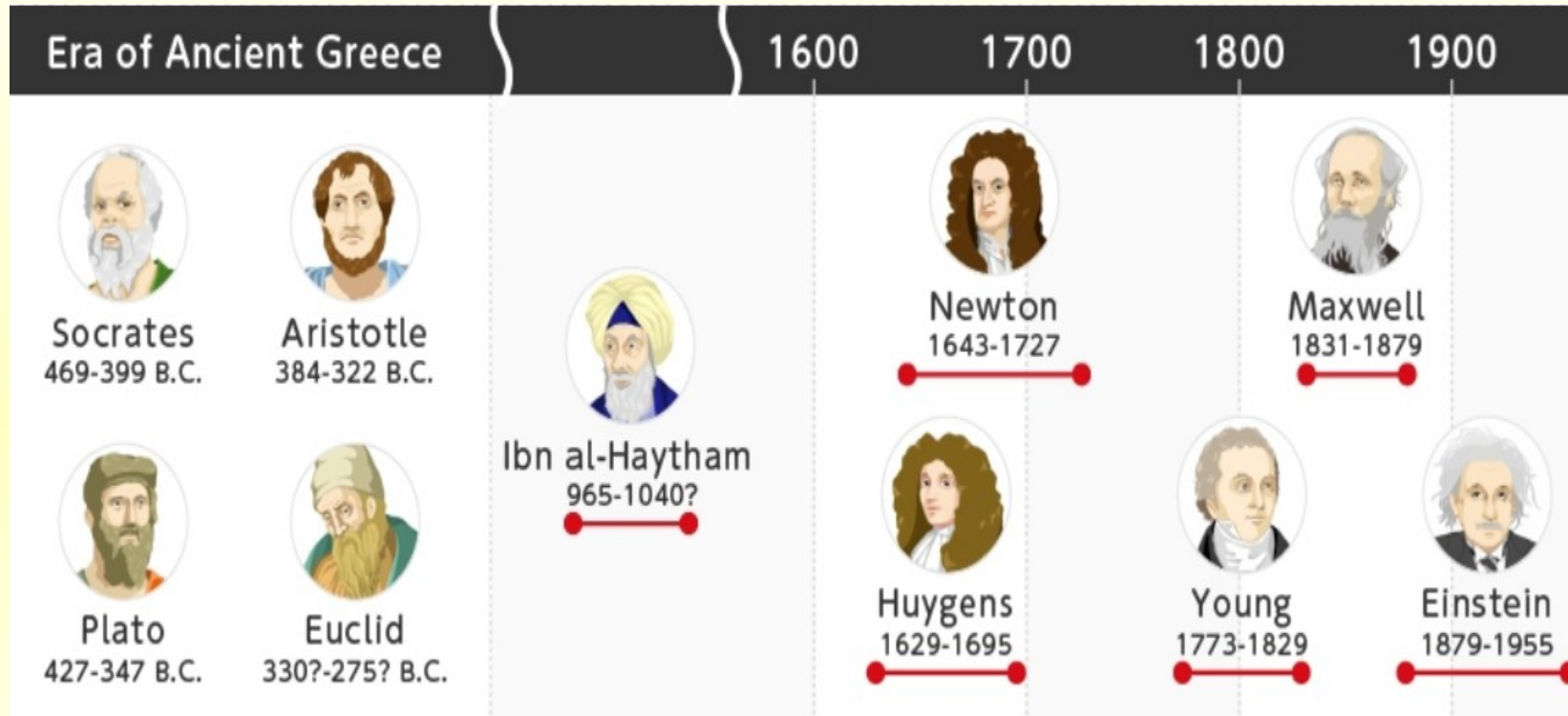
***Юрій Скоренький  
кафедра фізики  
Тернопільського національного технічного університету  
імені Івана Пулюя  
16 травня 2019 року***

# Око





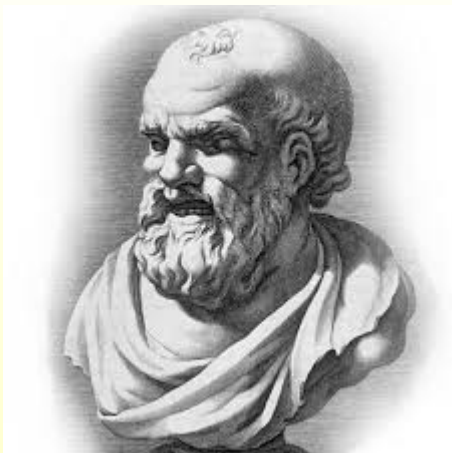
# Історія оптики



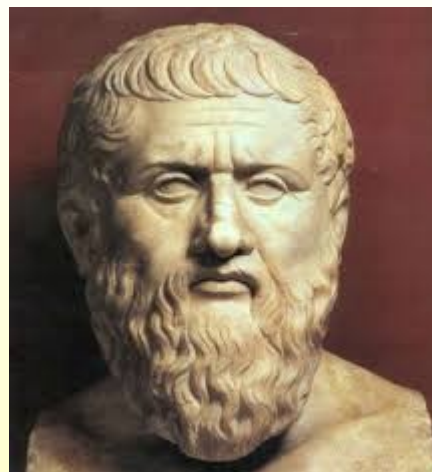
<http://photonterrace.net/en/photon/history/>



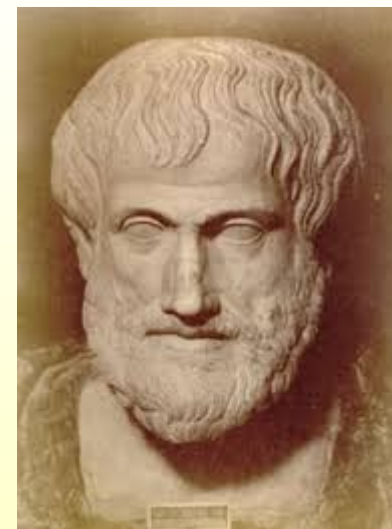
# Античність



Демокріт (460-370 BC):  
*тіла випромінюють промені*



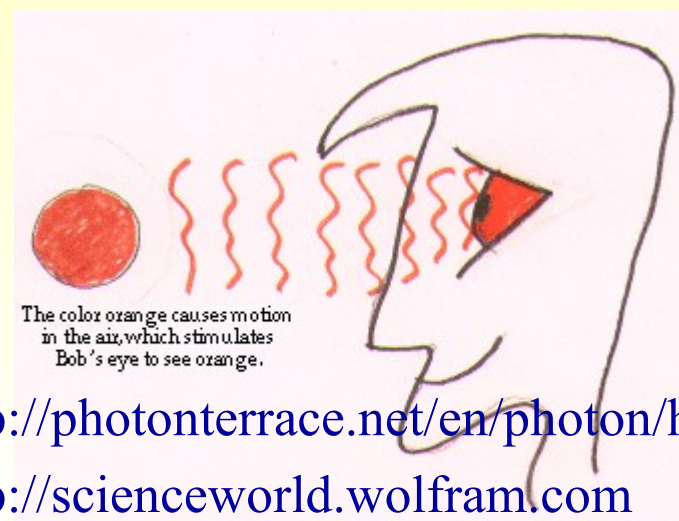
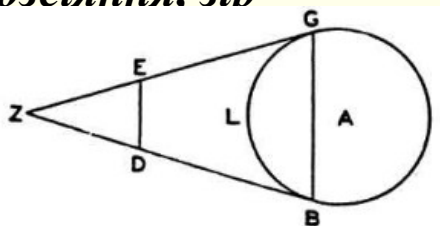
Платон (427-347 BC): *три потоки: від тіла, яке бачимо, від світлого тіла, від очей*



Арістотель (384-322 BC):  
*“Кольори – суміш світла та темяви.”*



Евклід (330-275 B.C.) *‘Оптика’ : геометрична оптика, промені, відбивання, розсіяння. зів*



<http://photonterrace.net/en/photon/history/>  
<http://scienceworld.wolfram.com>

## *Середні віки*

### **Абу Алі аль-Хасан Ібн аль-Хайсам (Альхацен) 965-1040 AD**

*Книга оптики*: “Чому Місяць біля горизонту виглядає більшим?” - експерименти та спостереження заломлення та відбивання світла з використанням лінз та дзеркал, припущення про скінченну швидкість світла.



<https://science.sciencemag.org/content/sci/297/5582/773.full.pdf>

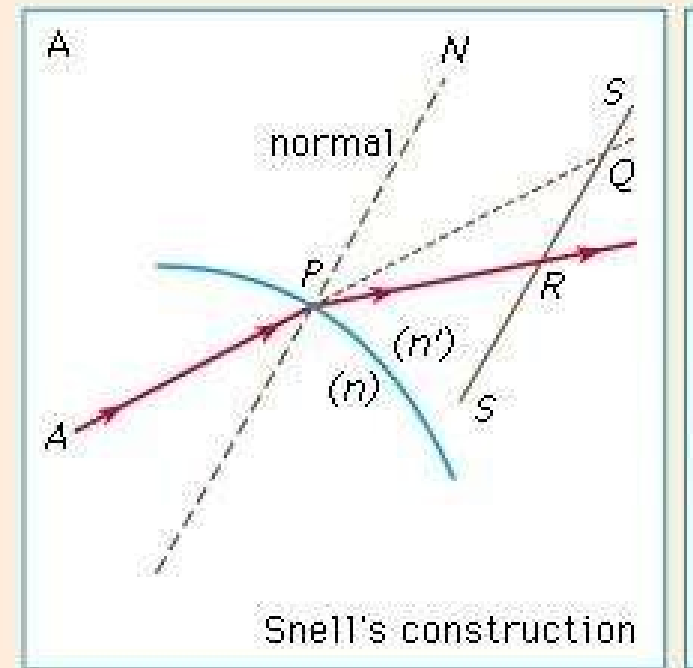
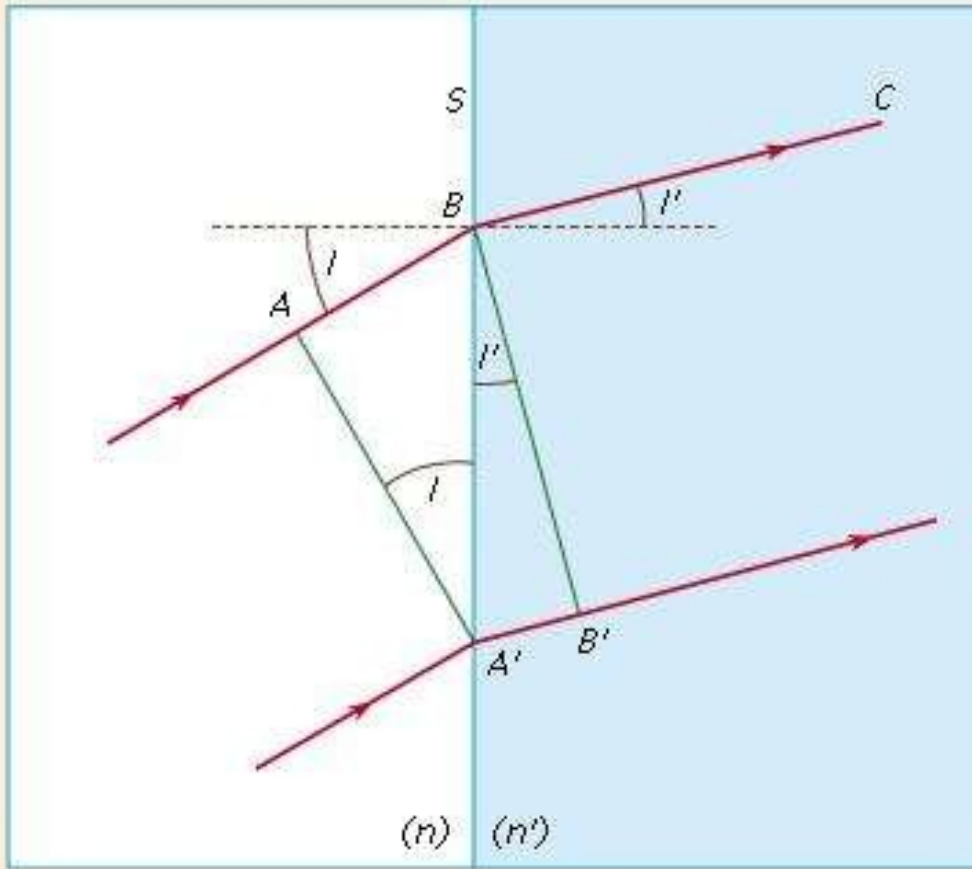
<http://www.harvardmagazine.com/on-line/090351.html>





# Вілеброрд Снел ван Роєн (1580-1626)

*закон заломлення (графічно)*



Encyclopaedia Britannica, Inc.



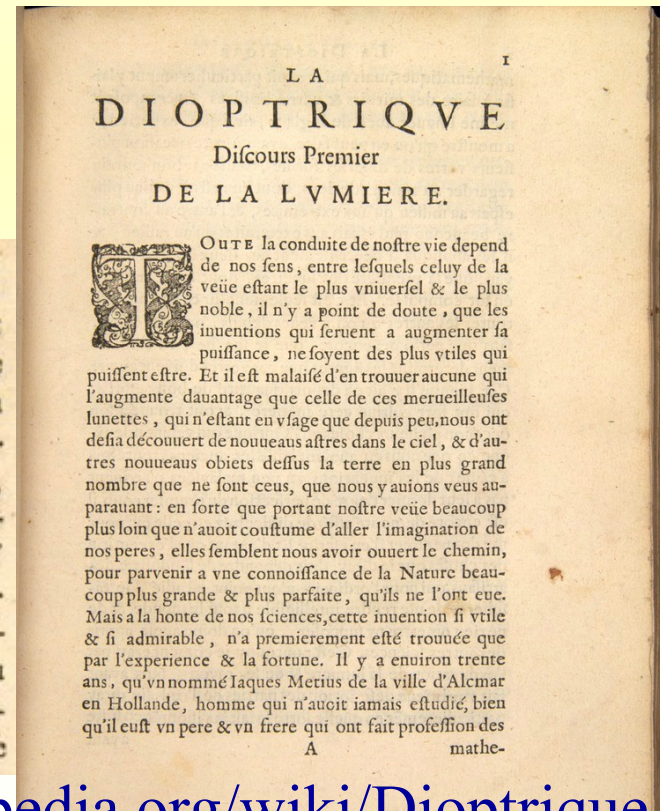
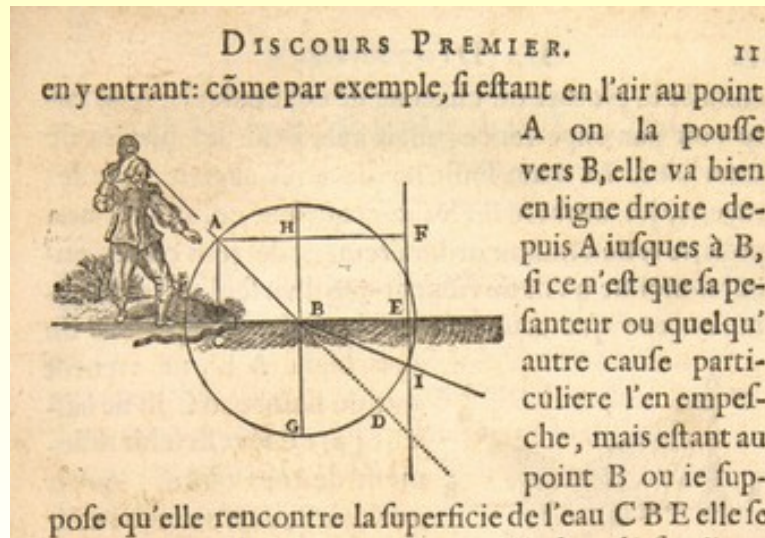
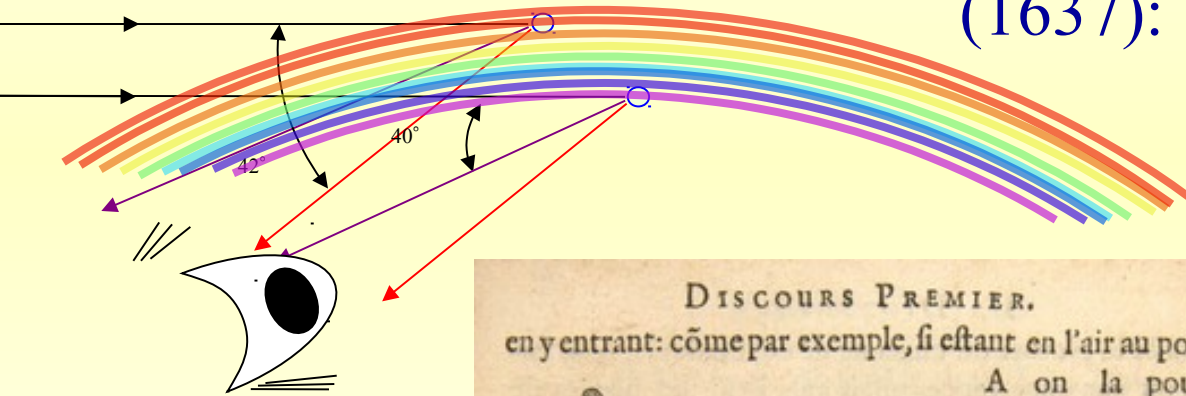
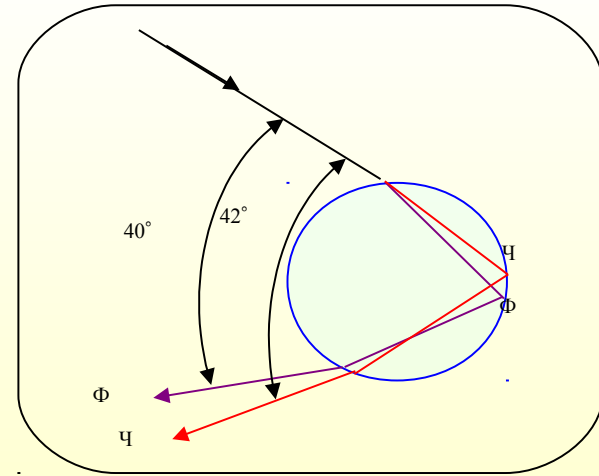
Закон Снелліуса

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

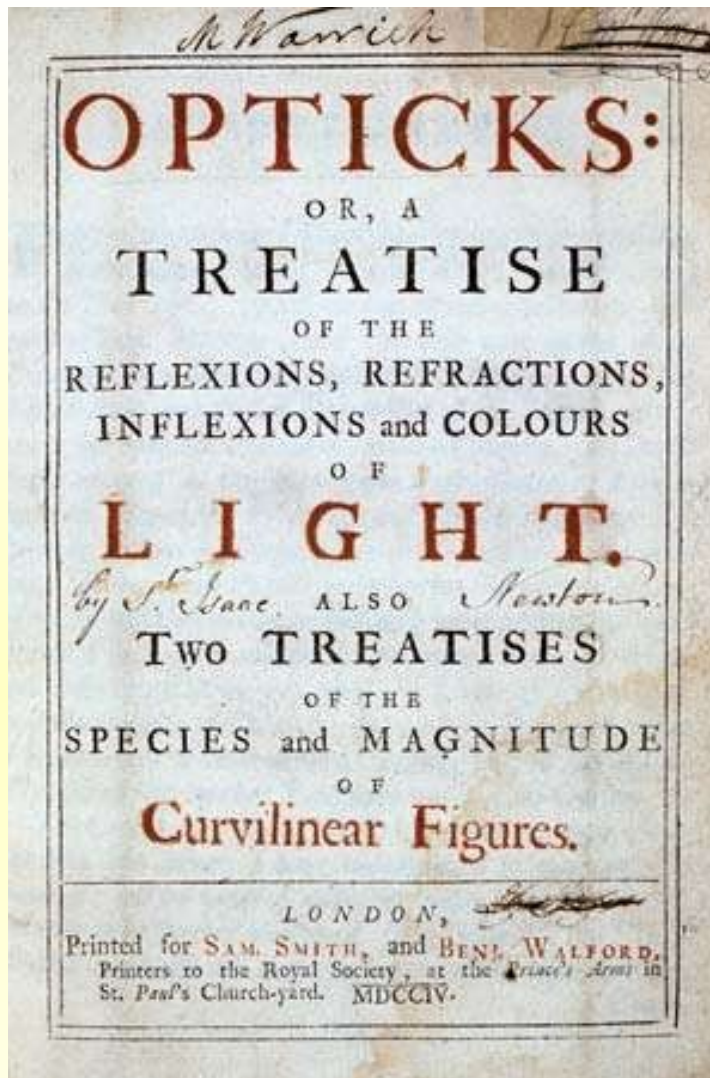
# Рене Декарт (1596-1650)



Діоптрика  
(1637):



[en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dioptrique](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dioptrique)



**Айзек Ньютон (1643-1727)**

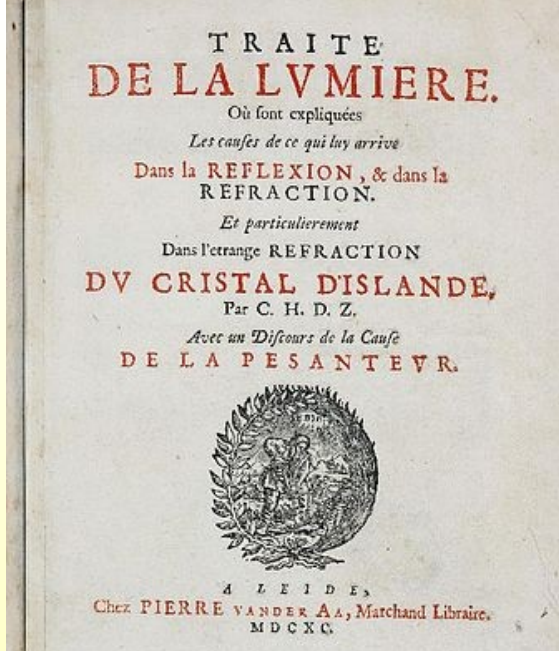


*“Світло складається з кольорових частинок”*

Експерименти з лінзами, призмами, дзеркалами, телескопами (перший рефлектор без хроматичної аберації) мікроскопами, розклад світла в спектр.

[www.britannica.com/biography/Isaac-Newton](http://www.britannica.com/biography/Isaac-Newton)

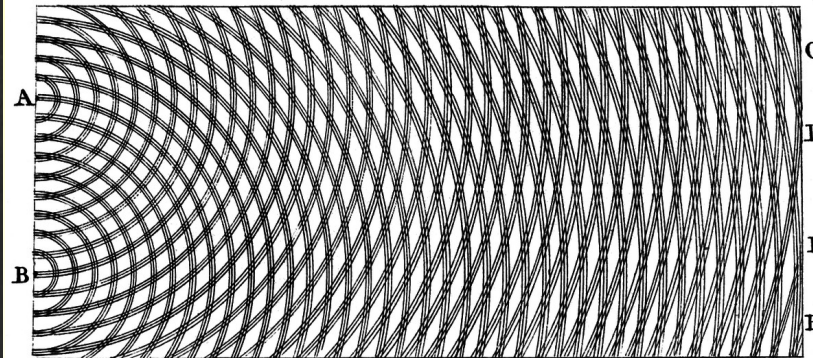
## Христиан Гюйгенс (1629-1695)



*“Світло – це хвиля”*  
(1690)



## Томас Юнг (1773-1829)

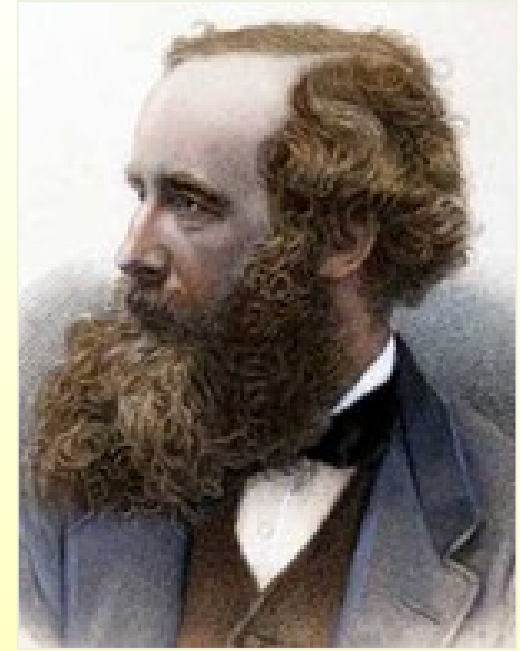


## Огюстен Жан Френель (1788-1827)



<http://photonterrace.net/en/photon/history/>  
<http://scihi.org/augustin-jean-fresnel-wave-theory-light/>

**Джеймс Клерк Максвелл  
(1831-1879)**



**Побудував теорію  
електромагнітного поля**

$$\operatorname{div} \mathbf{D} = \rho$$

$$\operatorname{div} \mathbf{B} = 0$$

$$\operatorname{rot} \mathbf{H} = \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t}$$

$$\operatorname{rot} \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$$

**Генріх Герц  
(1857-1894)**



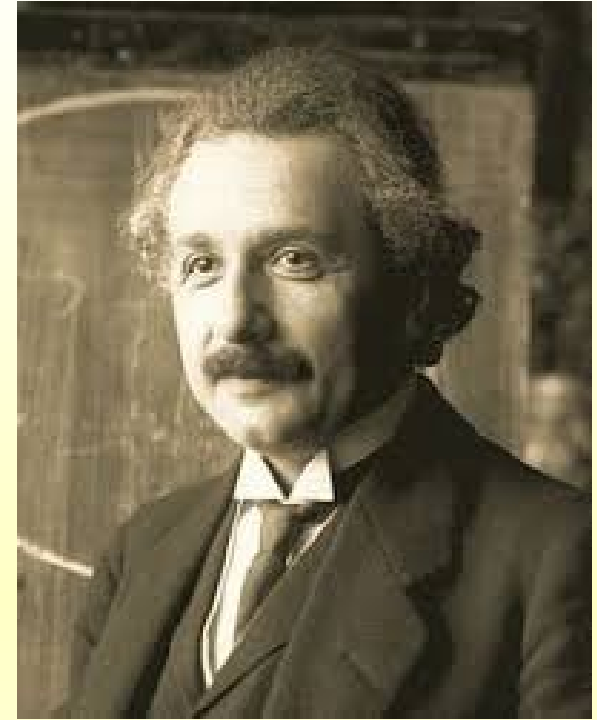
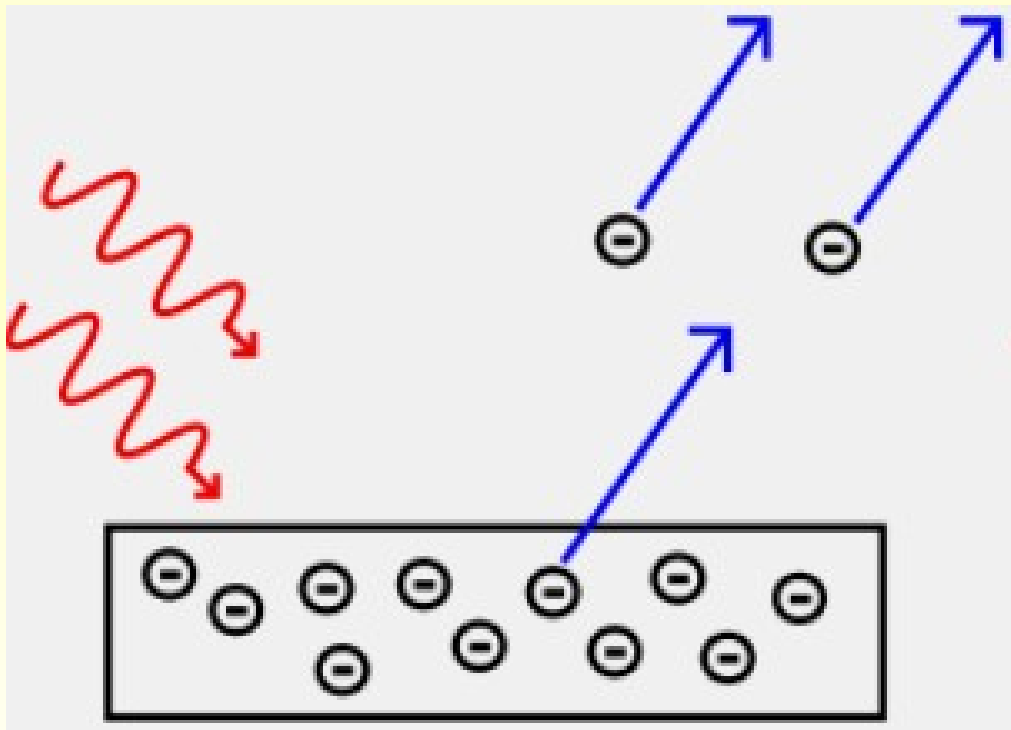
**Експериментально  
підтвердив теорію  
Максвела**

[www.famousscientists.org/](http://www.famousscientists.org/)

[photonterrace.net/en/photon/history/](http://photonterrace.net/en/photon/history/)

# Альберт Ейнштейн (1879-1955)

“Світло це фотони”

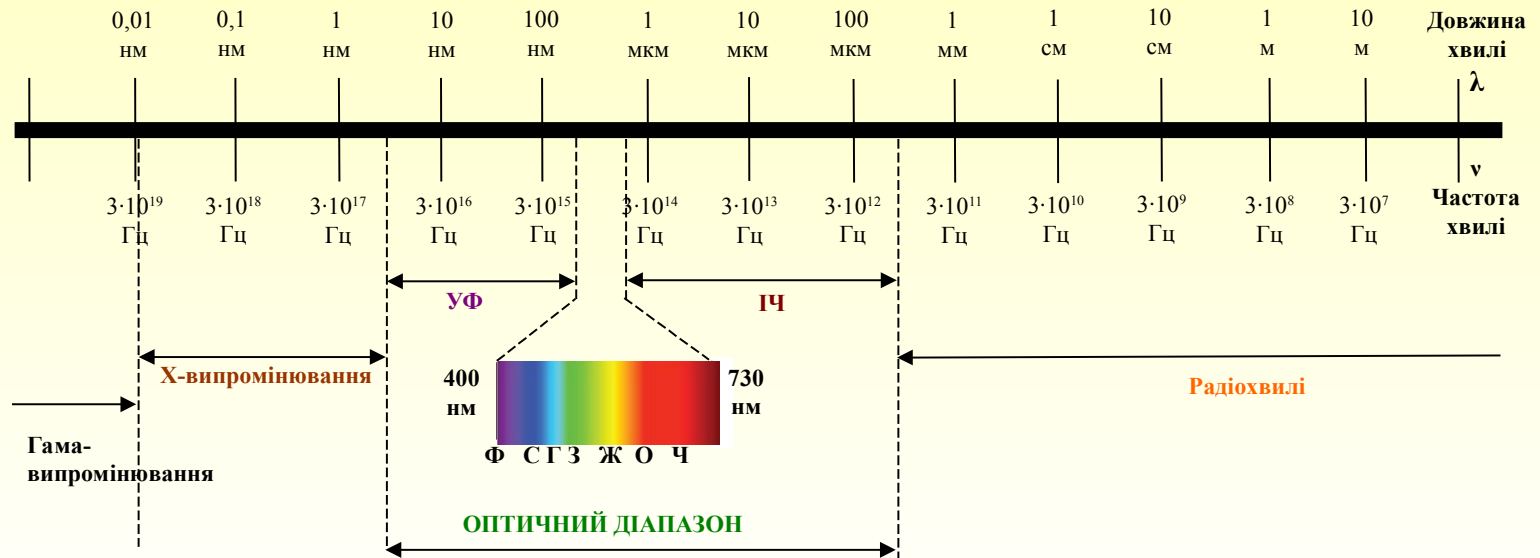
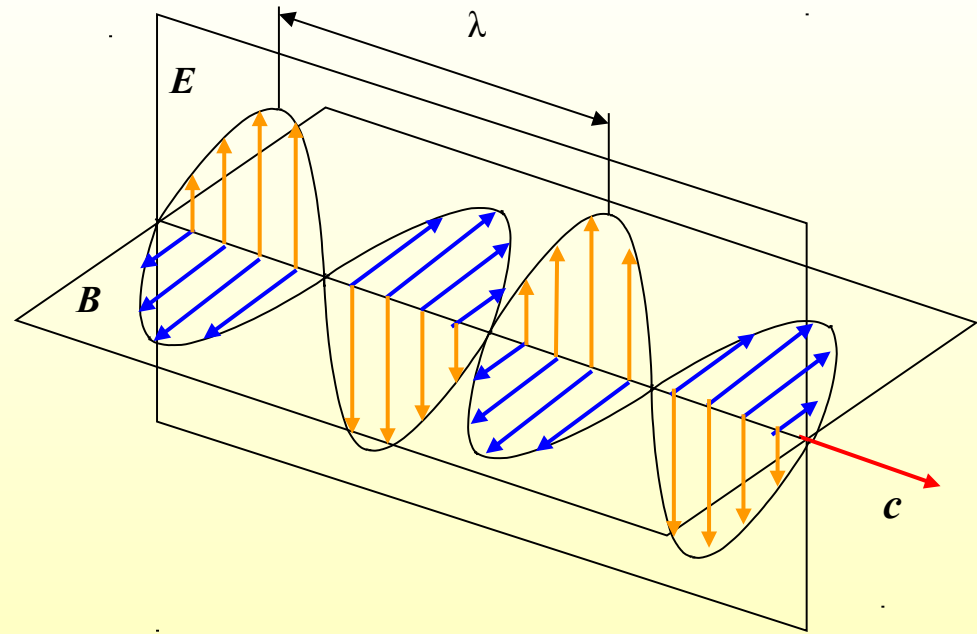


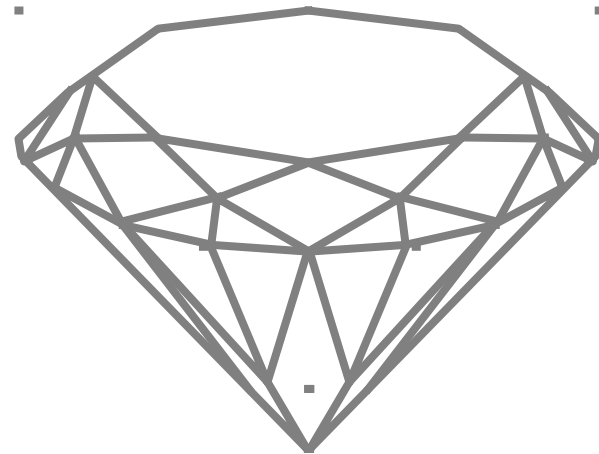
$$E = mc^2$$

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}R g_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = \frac{8\pi G}{c^4} T_{\mu\nu}$$



*Світло – це електромагнітна хвиля і потік фотонів одночасно!*





**Олександр Смакула**





## Innovations

Here you will find an overview of the most impor

1927 - 1934 1885 - 1945 1946 - 1959 1960 -



**1902**

Tessar® lens, the "eagle eye of the camera".



**1922**

Length measuring machine based on Eppenstein's principle.



**1935**

Patent for the coating technique developed by Alexander Smakula to reduce reflections on glass



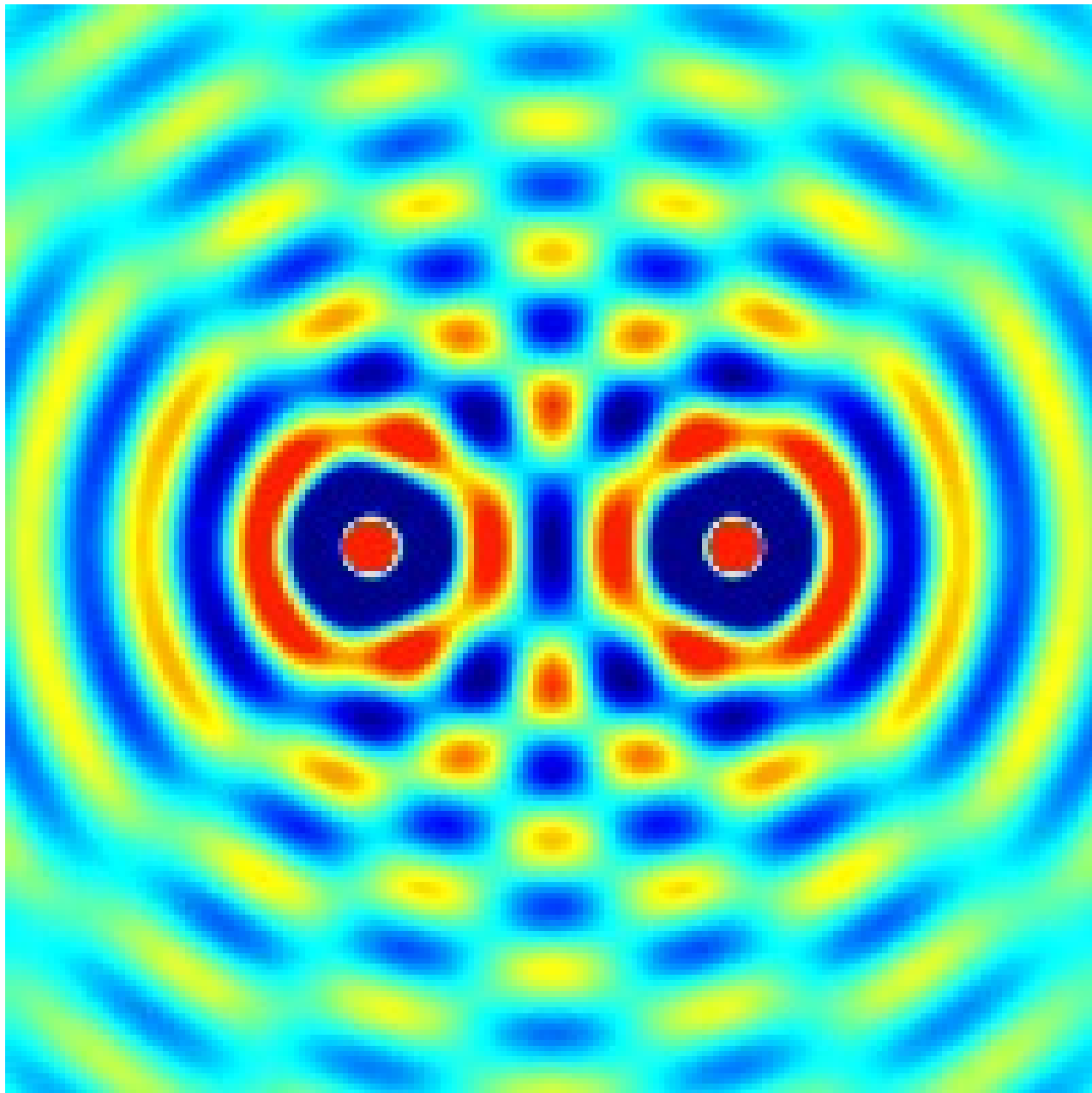
**1912**

The base ophthalmoscope and the

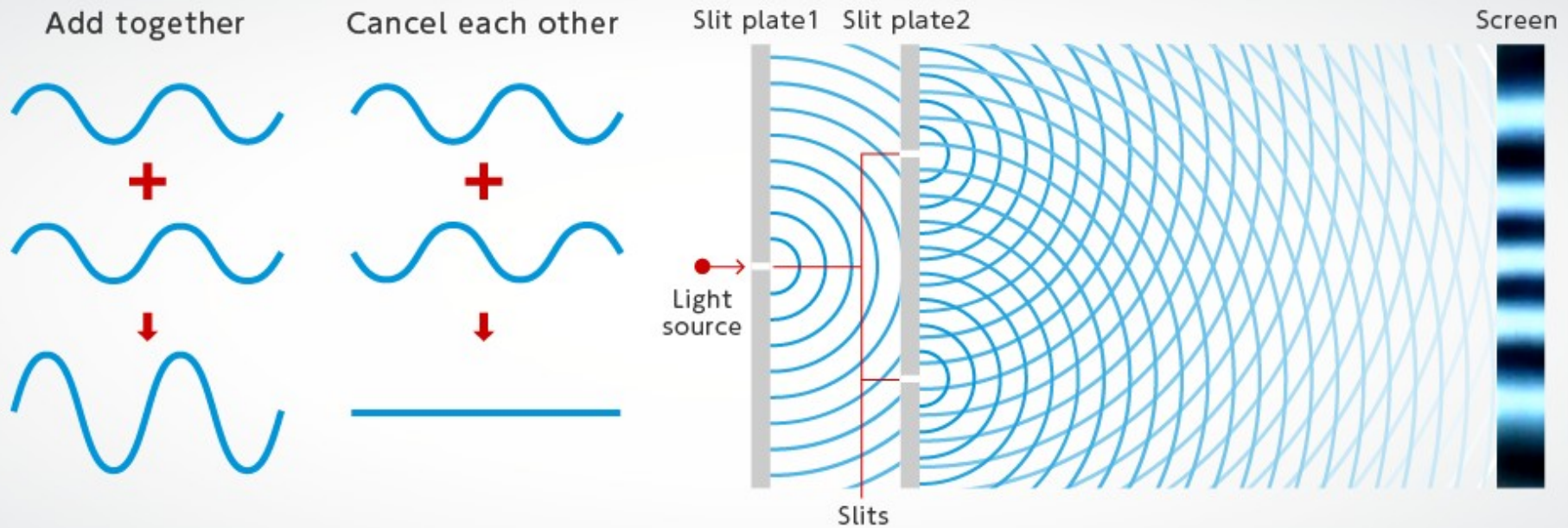


**1935**

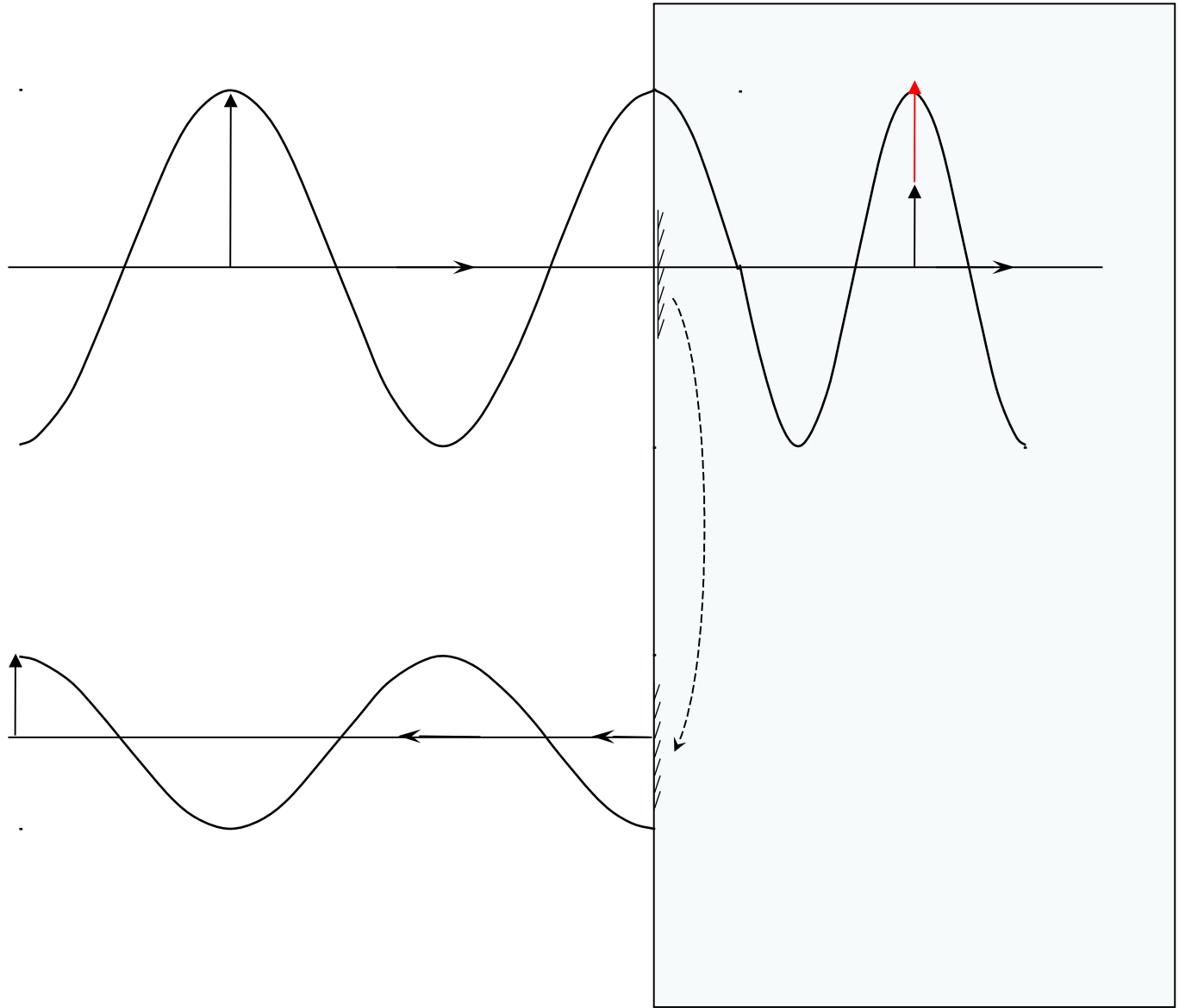
Patent for the coating technique developed by Alexander Smakula to reduce reflections on glass

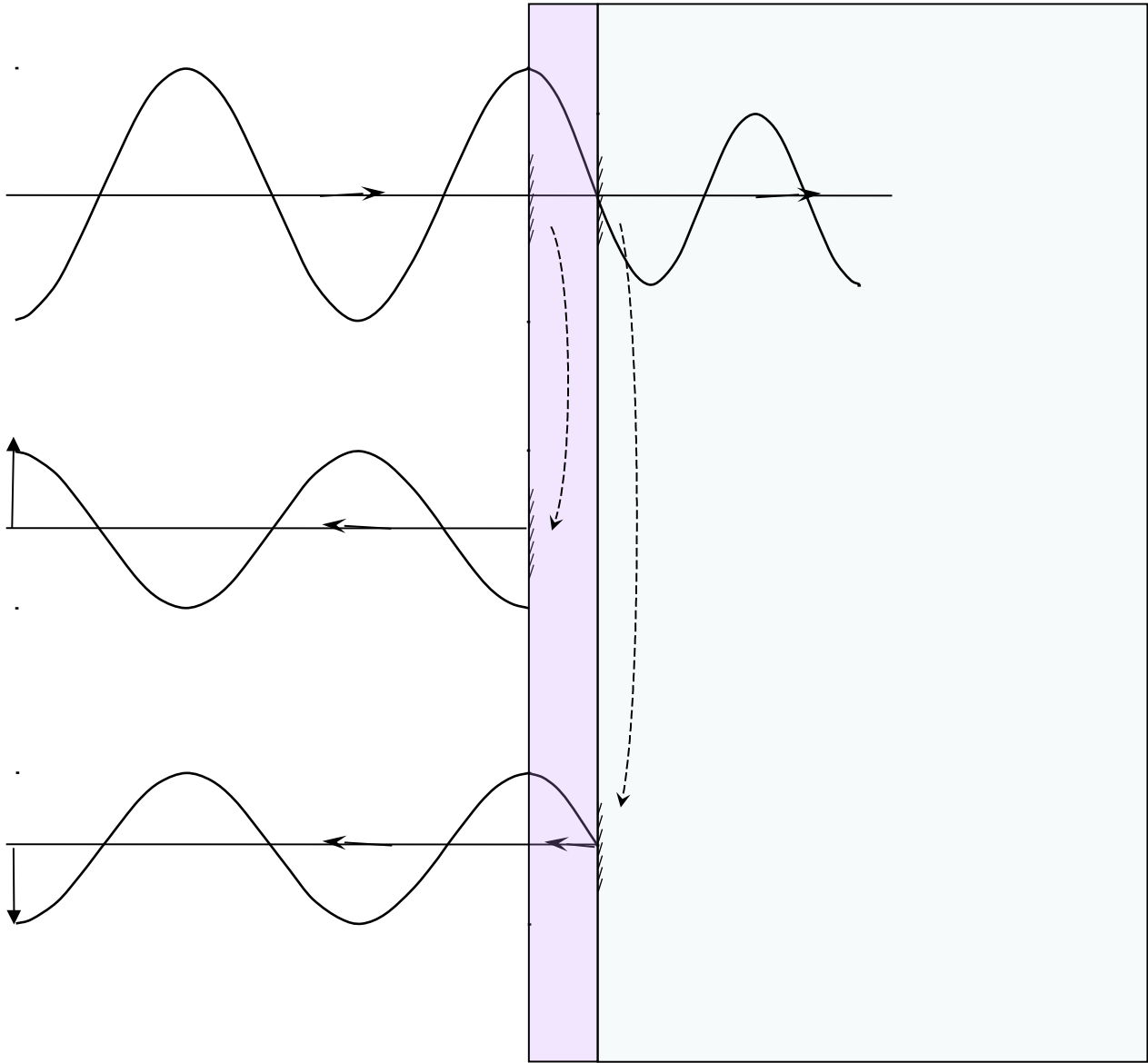


# Інтерференційний дослід



<http://photonterrace.net/en/photon/duality/>







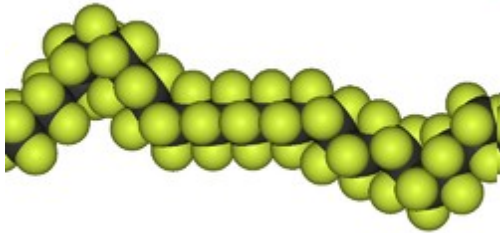


# Коефіцієнт відбивання

$$R = \left( \frac{n_0 - n_S}{n_0 + n_S} \right)^2$$

J.S. Rayleigh Proc. London Math. Soc.,  
11 (1879) pp. 51-56

фторполімери



silsesquioxane resin

крон  $n_0=1,52$

$\text{MgF}_2$   $n_S=1,38$



polyvinylfluoride



polyvinylidene fluoride



polytetrafluoroethylene

$(\text{PhSiO})_{m-1}(\text{OH})_m(\text{HSiO})_{n-1}(\text{OH})_n(\text{MeSiO})_{p-1}(\text{OH})_p$

## ZEISS C Sonnar T\* 50mm f/1.5 ZM Lens



Leica M-Mount Lens

Aperture Range: f/1.5 to f/16

ZEISS T\* Anti-Reflective Coating

Manual Focus Design

You Pay: **\$1,261.00**



[www.bhphotovideo.com/c/product/446177-EG/  
Zeiss\\_1407\\_067\\_50mm\\_f\\_1\\_5\\_ZM\\_Lens.html](http://www.bhphotovideo.com/c/product/446177-EG/Zeiss_1407_067_50mm_f_1_5_ZM_Lens.html)

# Нобелівська премія з фізики 2018

*“for groundbreaking inventions in the field of laser physics”*



**Артур Ешкін**  
(Bell Laboratories,  
Holmdel, NJ, USA)

*“for the optical tweezers and their application to biological systems”*

*“за оптичний пінцет та його застосування до біологічних систем”*

*“for their method of generating high-intensity, ultra-short optical pulses”*

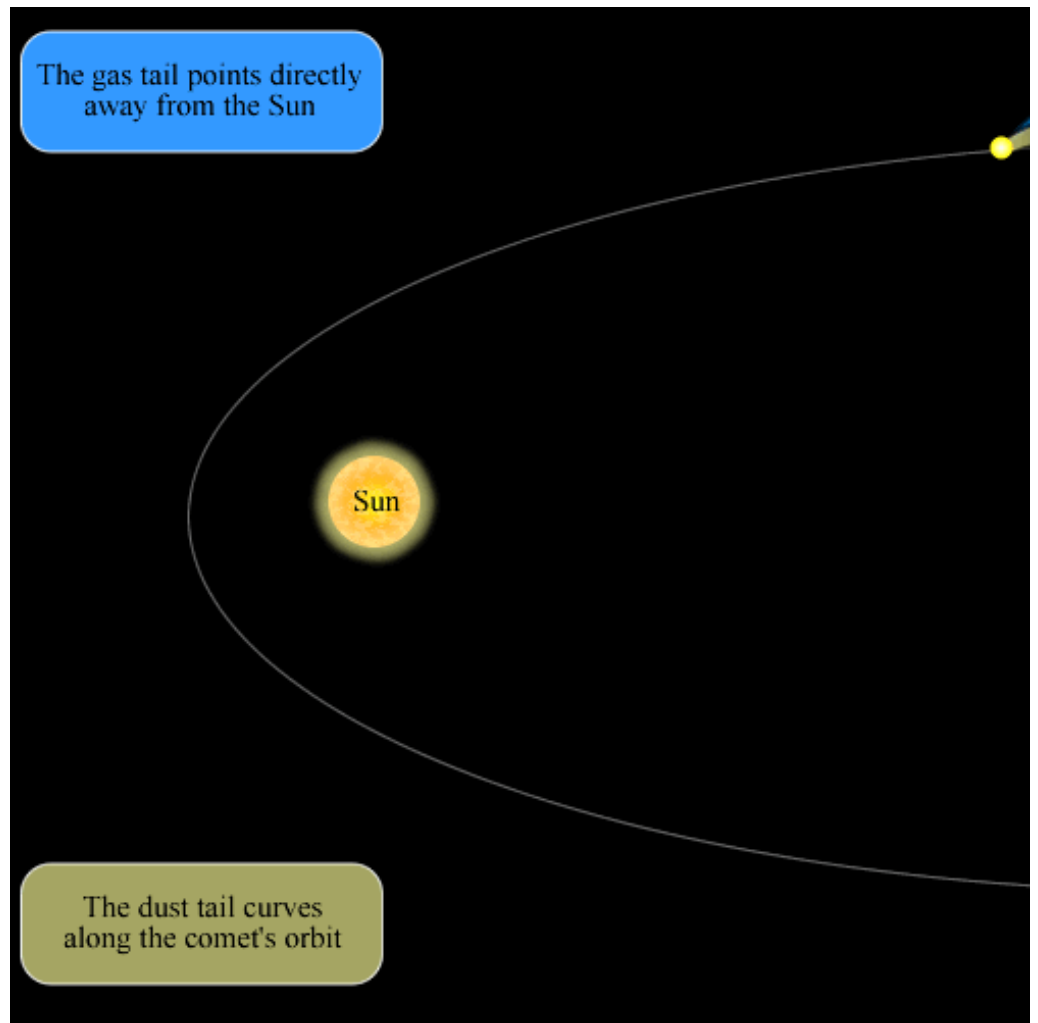
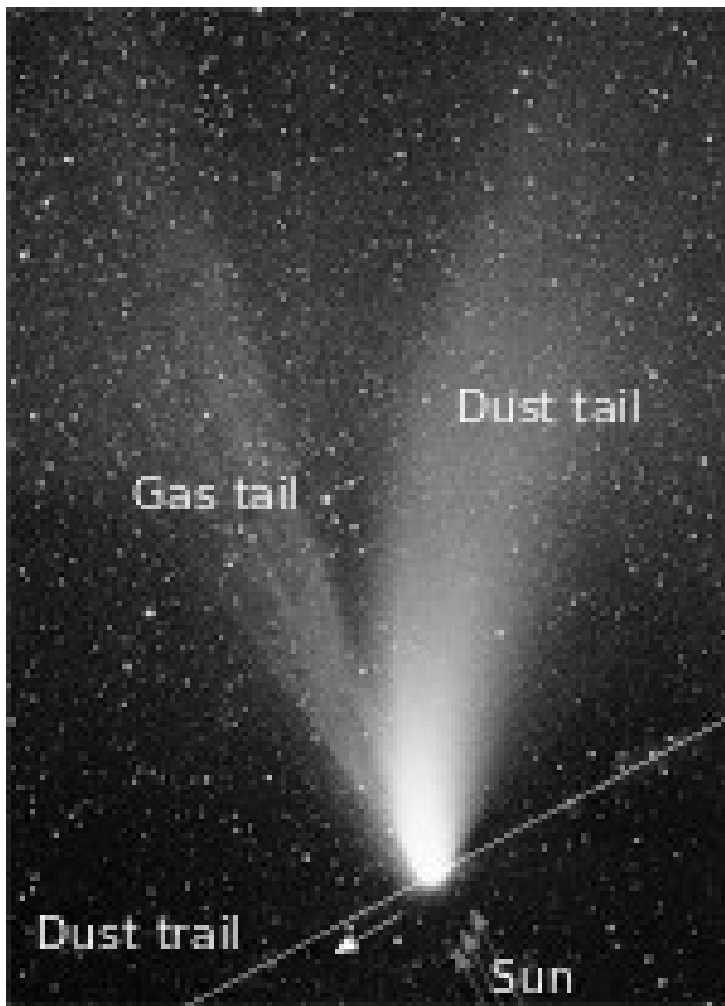
*“за метод генерації високоенергетичних ультракоротких оптичних імпульсів”*

**Жерар Муру**

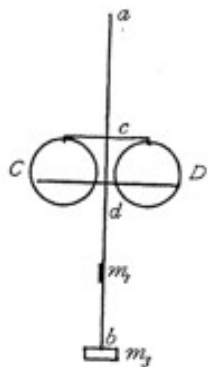
(École Polytechnique,  
Palaiseau, France)

**Донна Стрікланд**

(University of Waterloo,  
Waterloo, Canada)



[astronomy.swin.edu.au/cosmos/c/cometary+tails](http://astronomy.swin.edu.au/cosmos/c/cometary+tails)

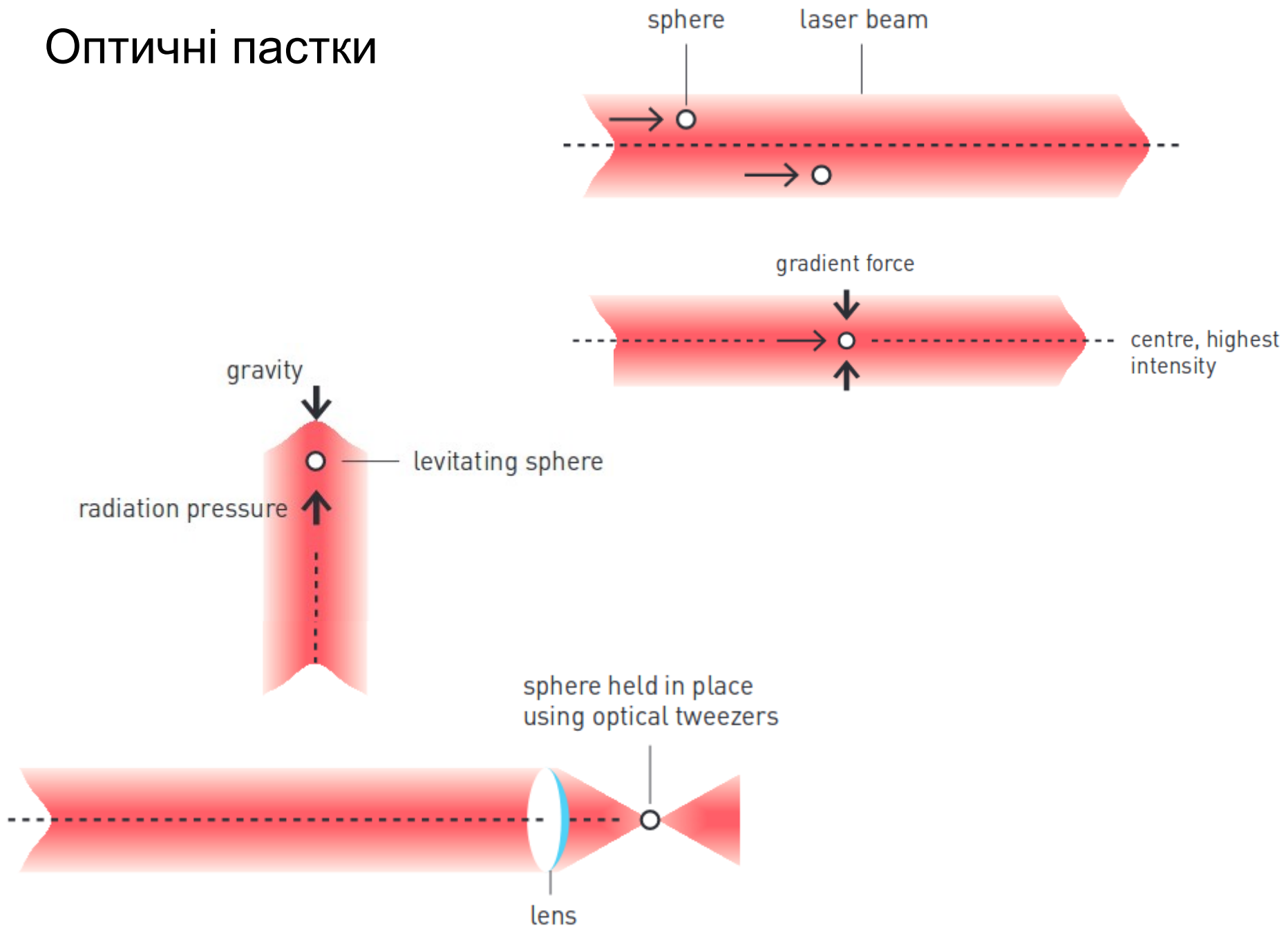


Nichols, E. F., and Hull, G. F., A preliminary communication on the pressure of heat and light radiation, *Phys. Rev.* 13, 307 (1901); The Pressure Due to Radiation. (Second Paper.), *Phys. Rev.* 17, 26 (1903)

Lebedev, P., Untersuchungen uber die Druckkrafte des Lichtes, *Ann. Phys. (Leipzig)* 6, 433 (1901)

[www.dartmouth.edu/~pressureoflight/history/history1.html](http://www.dartmouth.edu/~pressureoflight/history/history1.html)

# Оптичні пастки



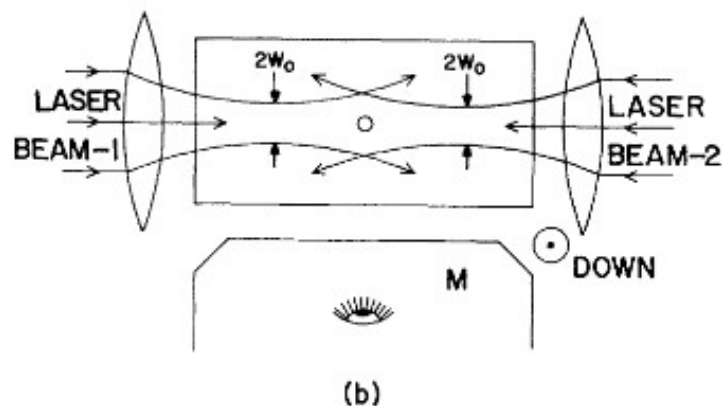
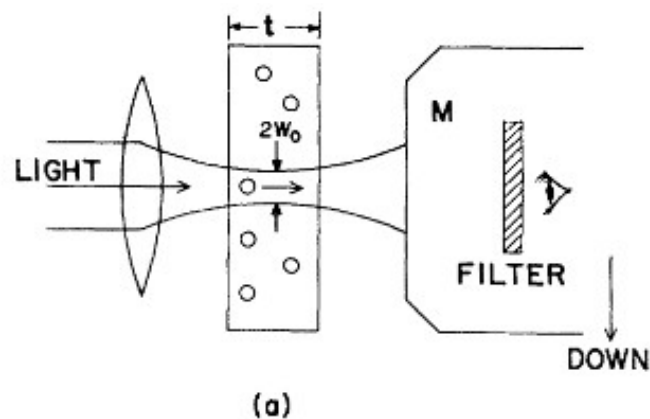


FIG. 1. (a) Geometry of glass cell,  $t = 120 \mu\text{m}$ , for observing micron particle motions in a focused laser beam with a microscope  $M$ . (b) The trapping of a high-index particle in a stable optical well. Note position of the  $\text{TEM}_{00}$ -mode beam waists.

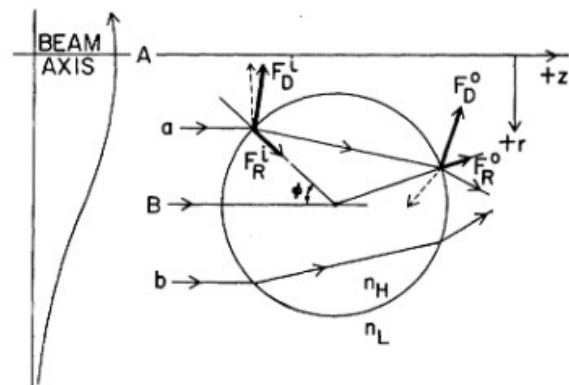


FIG. 2. A dielectric sphere situated off the axis  $A$  of a  $\text{TEM}_{00}$ -mode beam and a pair of symmetric rays  $a$  and  $b$ . The forces due to  $a$  are shown for  $n_H > n_L$ . The sphere moves toward  $+z$  and  $-r$ .

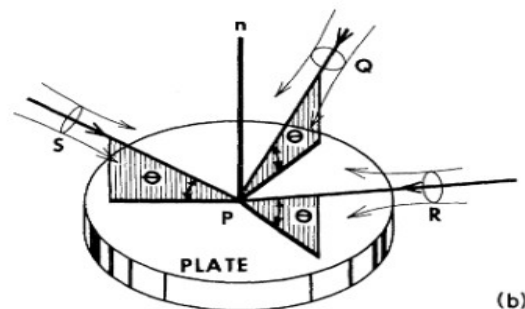
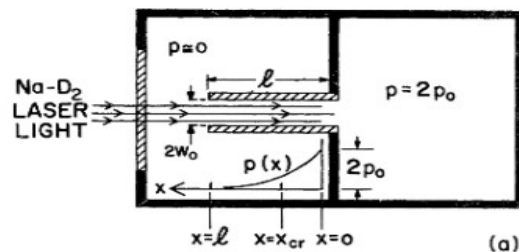


FIG. 3. (a) Schematic optical gas pump and graph of Na pressure  $p(x)$ . (b) Geometry of gas confinement about point  $P$  of a plane surface.

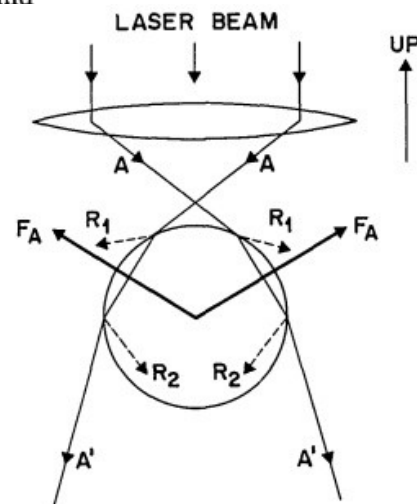
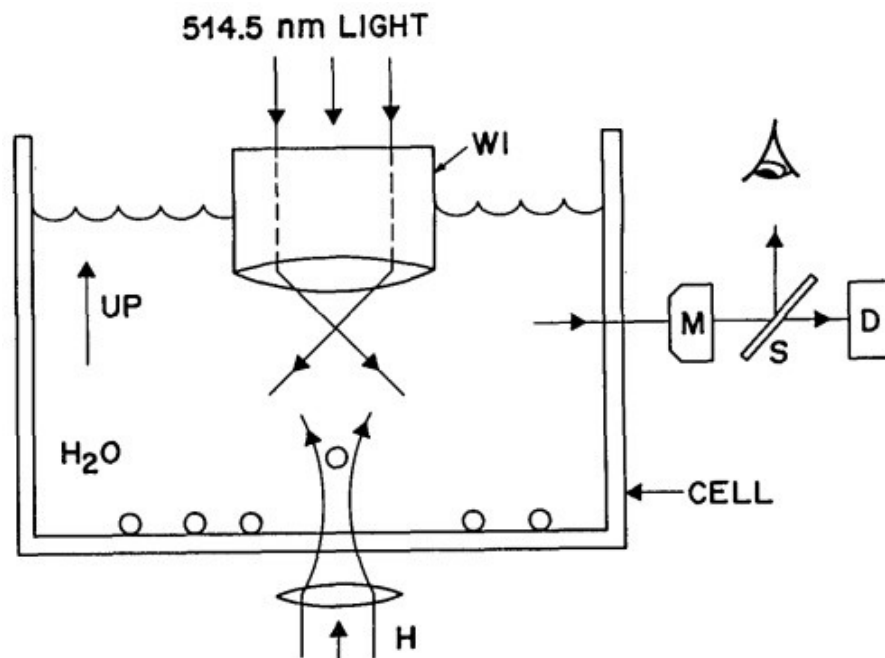
# Observation of a single-beam gradient force optical trap for dielectric particles

A. Ashkin, J. M. Dziedzic, J. E. Bjorkholm, and Steven Chu

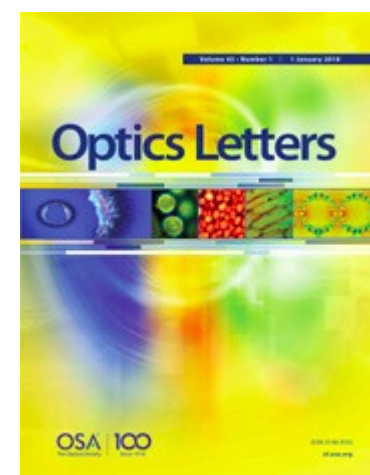
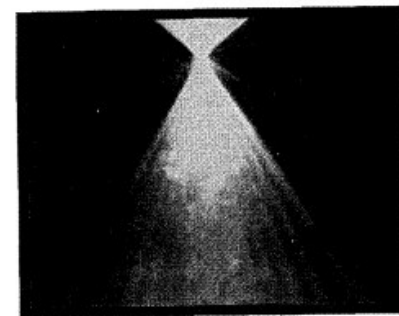
We report the first experimental observation to our knowledge of a single-beam gradient force radiation-pressure particle trap.<sup>1</sup> With such traps dielectric particles in the size range from  $10\ \mu\text{m}$  down to  $\sim 25\ \text{nm}$  were stably trapped in water solution. These results

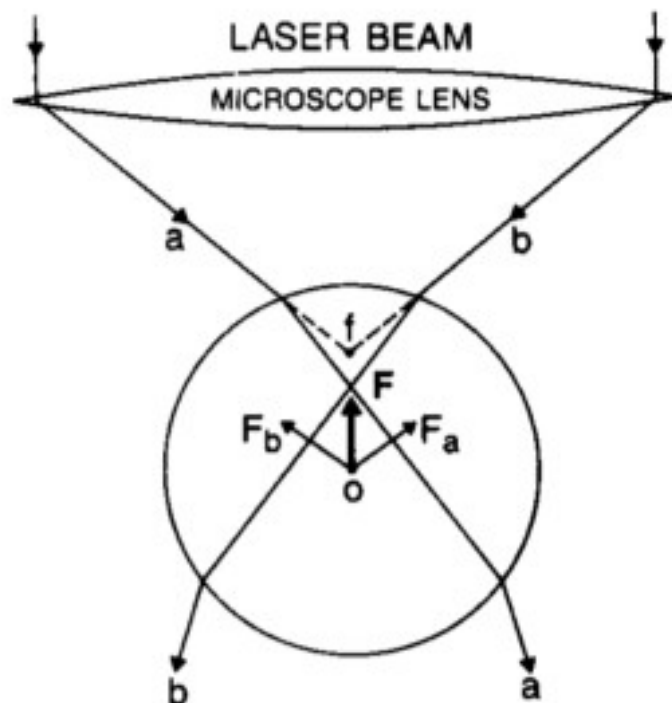
1. A. Ashkin, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **40**, 729 (1978).
2. A. Ashkin, *Science* **210**, 1081 (1980); V. S. Letokhov and V. G. Minogin, *Phys. Rep.* **73**, 1 (1981).
3. A. Ashkin and J. P. Gordon, *Opt. Lett.* **8**, 511 (1983).
4. A. Ashkin and J. M. Dziedzic, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **54**, 570 (1985).

**Optics Letters** Vol. 11, Issue 5, pp. 288-290 (1986) · <https://doi.org/10.1364/OL.11.000288>



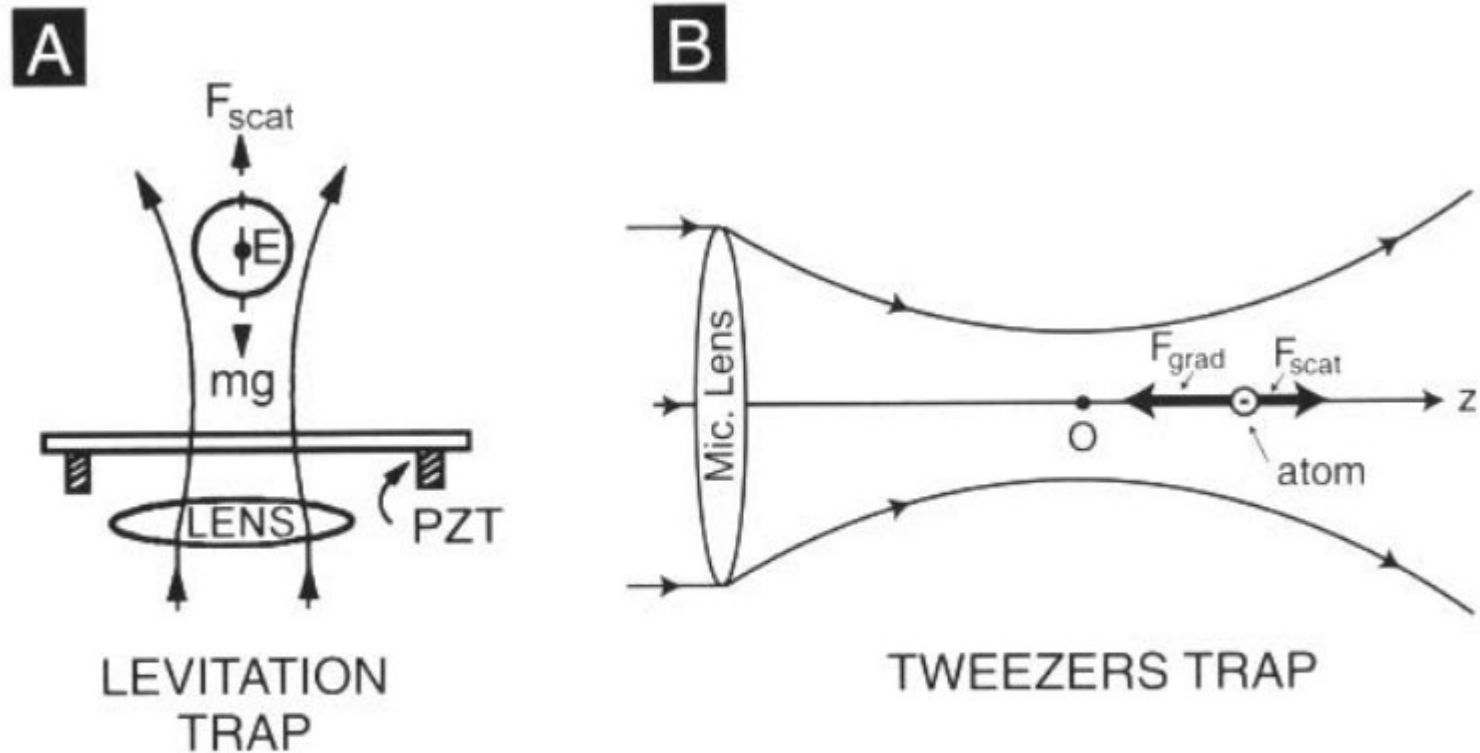
b)





**Figure 1:** Qualitative ray optics description of the restoring backward force in an optical tweezers trap, for a dielectric sphere that is located below the focus  $f$  and assumed to be large compared with the wavelength of the light. Rays of light carry momentum and are bent by refraction when passing the dielectric sphere. By conservation of momentum and Newton's second law, the momentum change of the refracted rays results in an oppositely directed force





**Figure 2.** (A) Geometry of levitation trap. (B) Tweezer trap for atoms.  $F_{grad} > F_{scat}$  giving a net backward restoring force toward E.

Opt Opt

PMC US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health

PMC

Journal List > J Bacteriol > v.182(19); 2000

Home > Pr

Force-S



J Bacteriol. 2000 Oct; 182

# Sorting Out Bacte

M. Ericsson,<sup>1</sup> D. Hanstorp,

▶ Author information ▶ Ar

This article has been cite

J Bacteriol



EDITORIAL

## Optical twee

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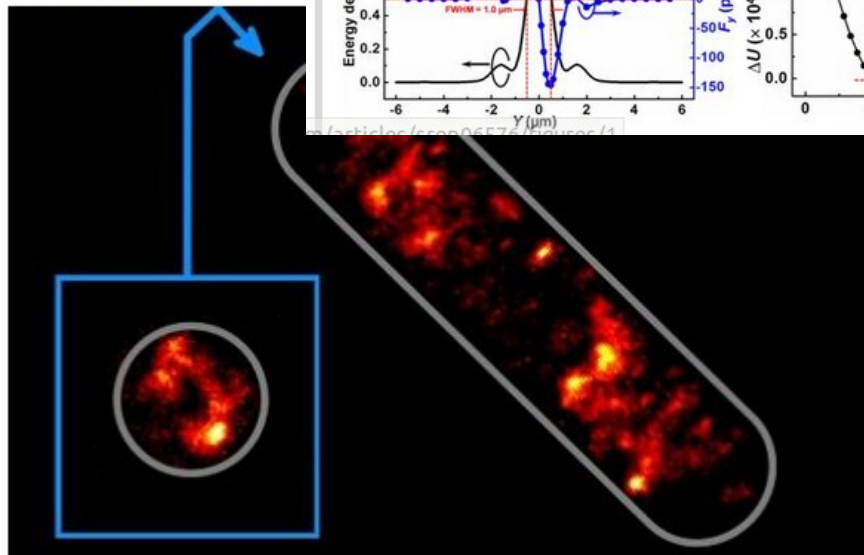
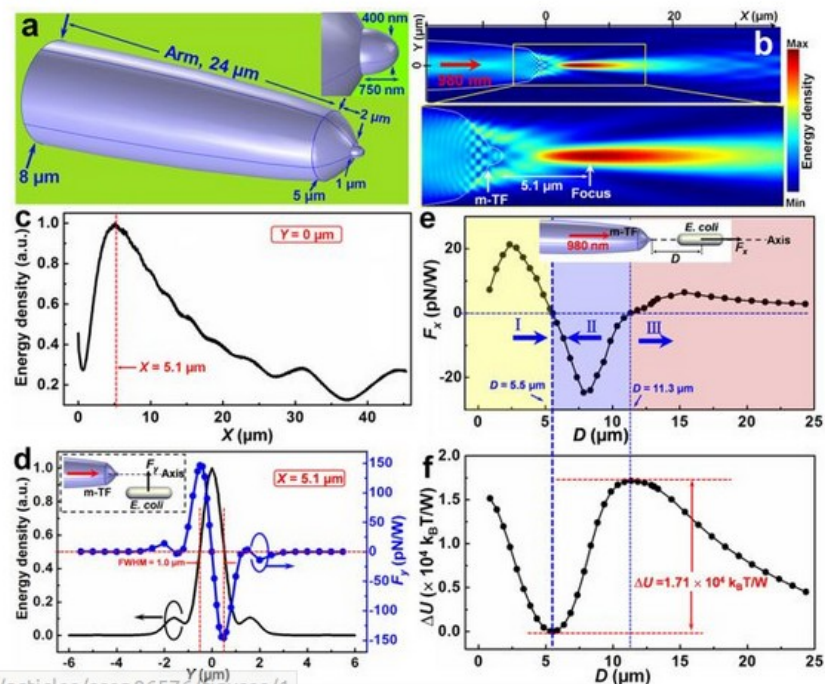
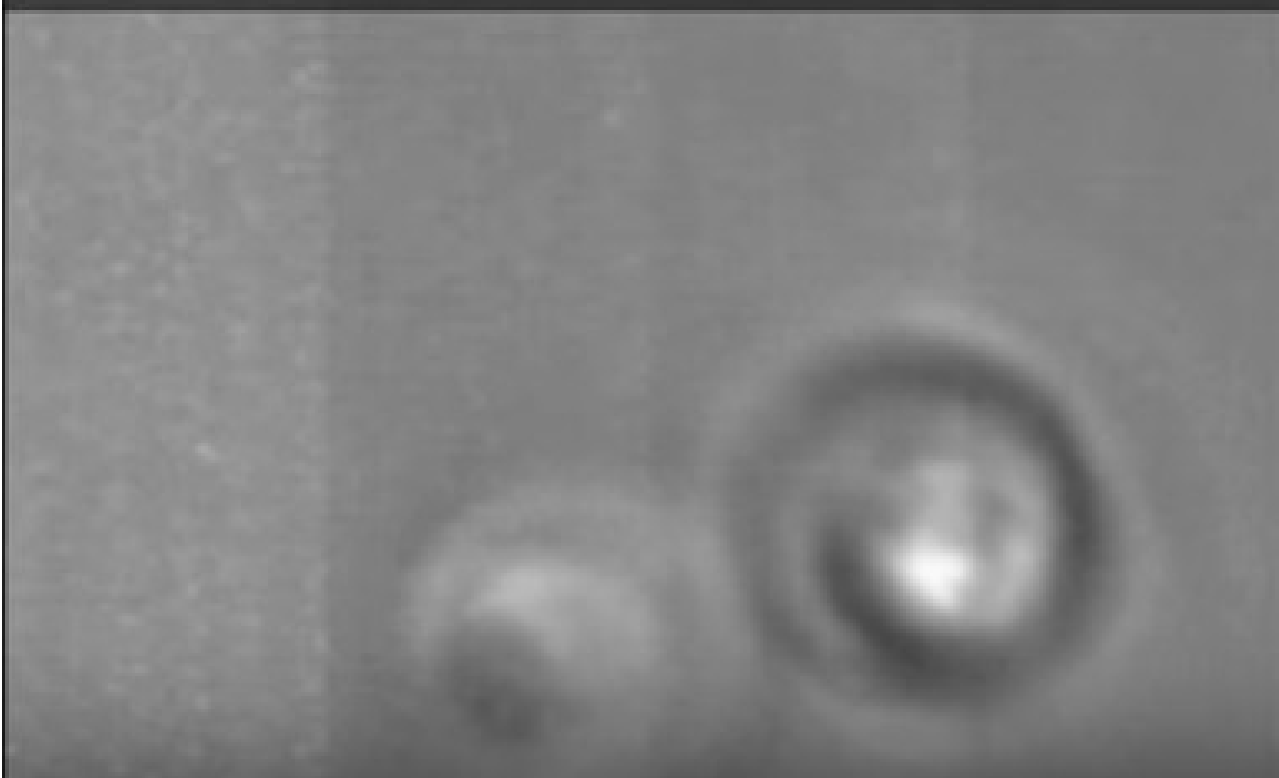


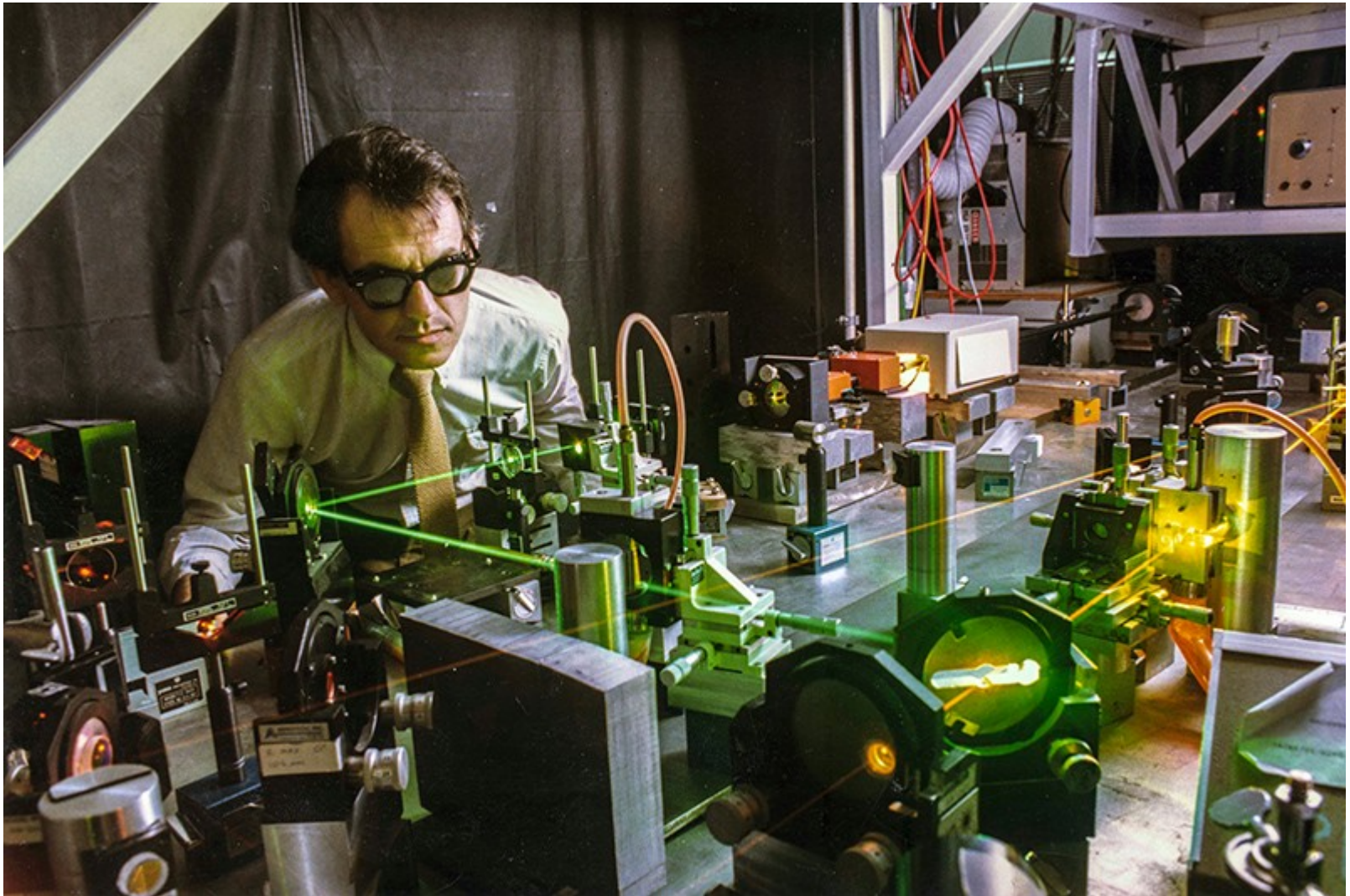
Figure 1: Model of the modified tapered fiber and numerical results.



# Liposome Fusion



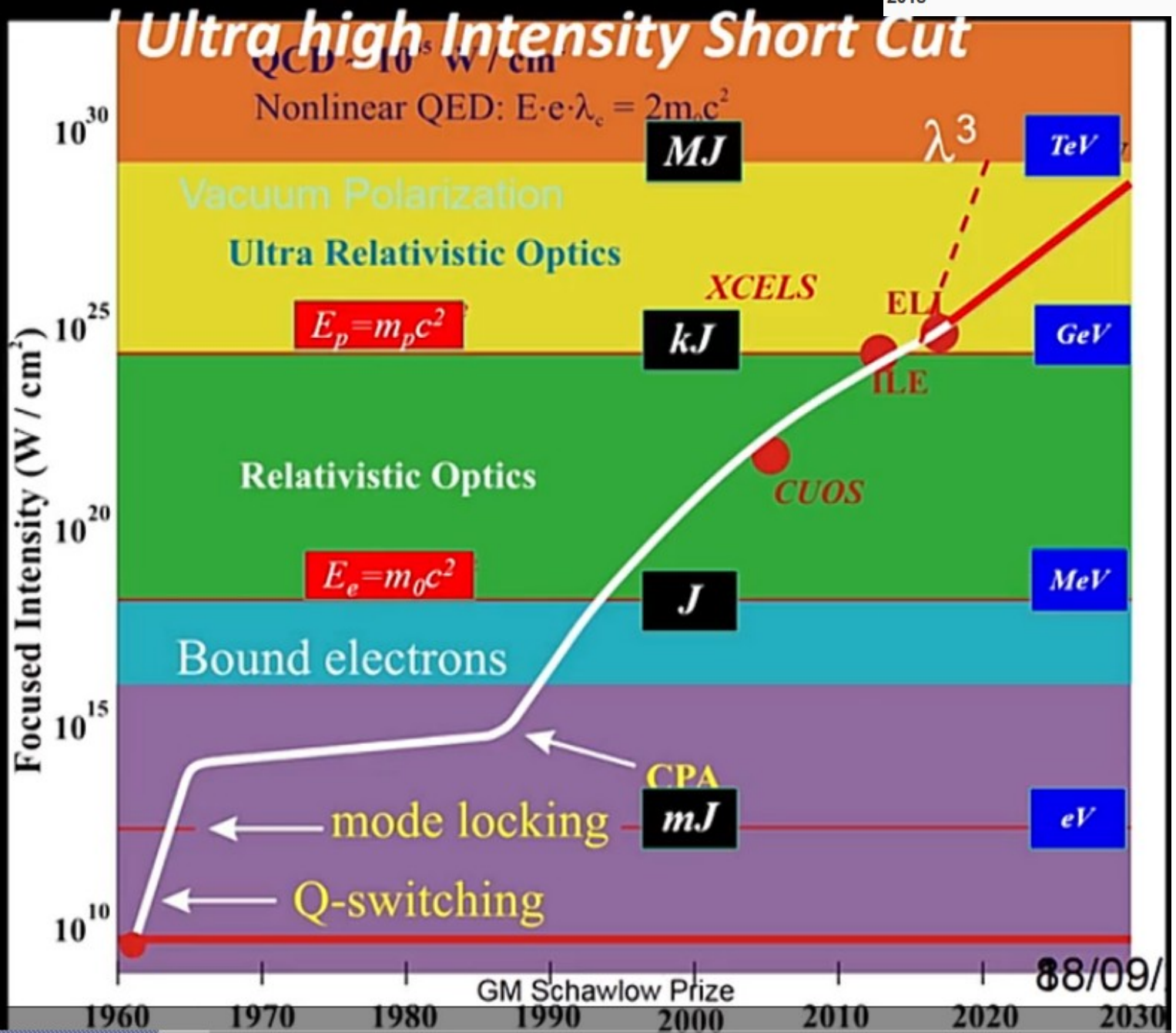
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xmUHwHoVBIY>



Gérard Mourou, in a 1987 photograph from the Laboratory for Laser Energetics. Mourou's work at Rochester has helped shape the direction of research in high-powered lasers. (University of Rochester photo)

[www.rochester.edu/newscenter/rochesters-breakthrough-in-laser-science-earns-nobel-prize-340302/](http://www.rochester.edu/newscenter/rochesters-breakthrough-in-laser-science-earns-nobel-prize-340302/)

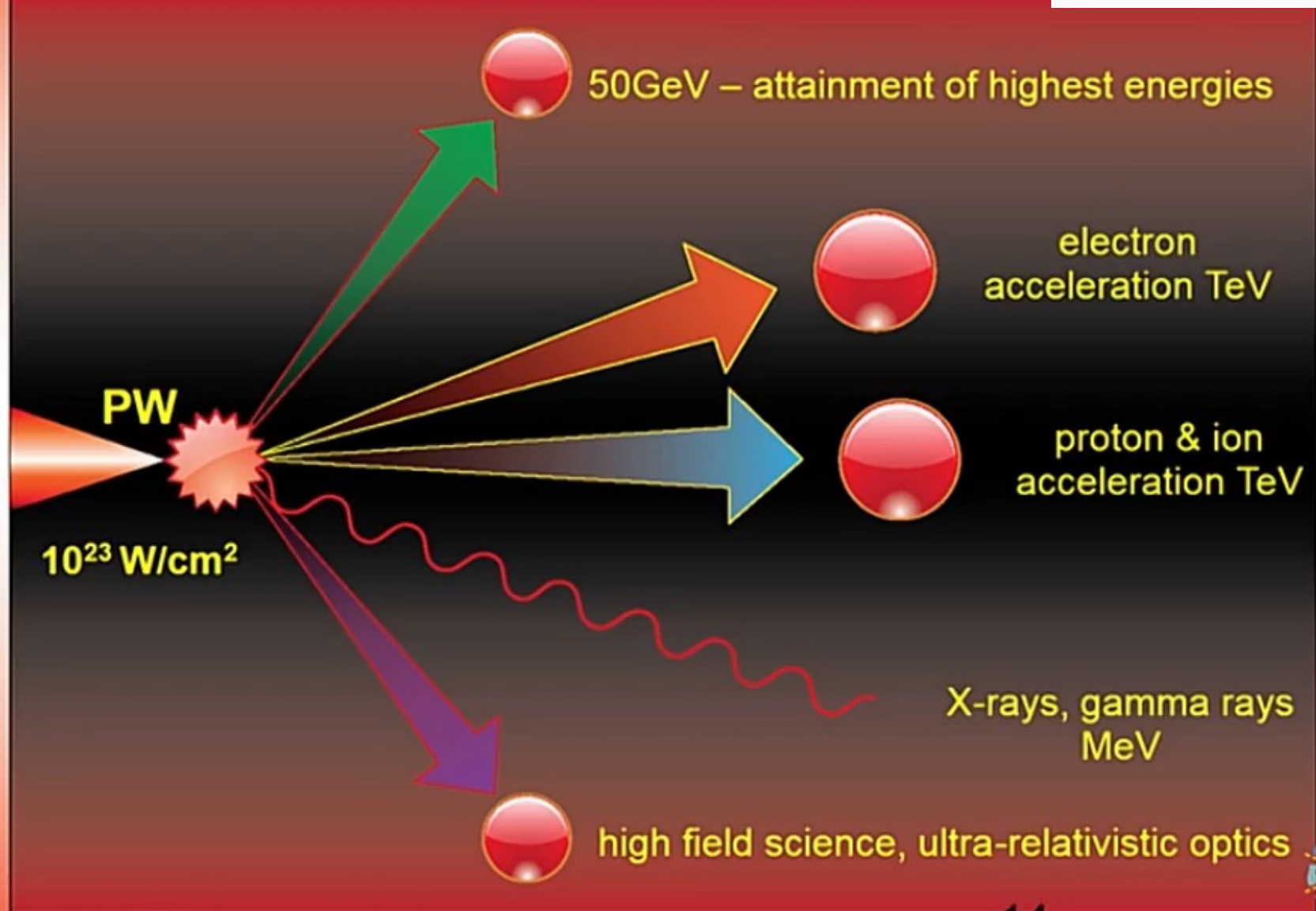
# Extreme Light Road Map

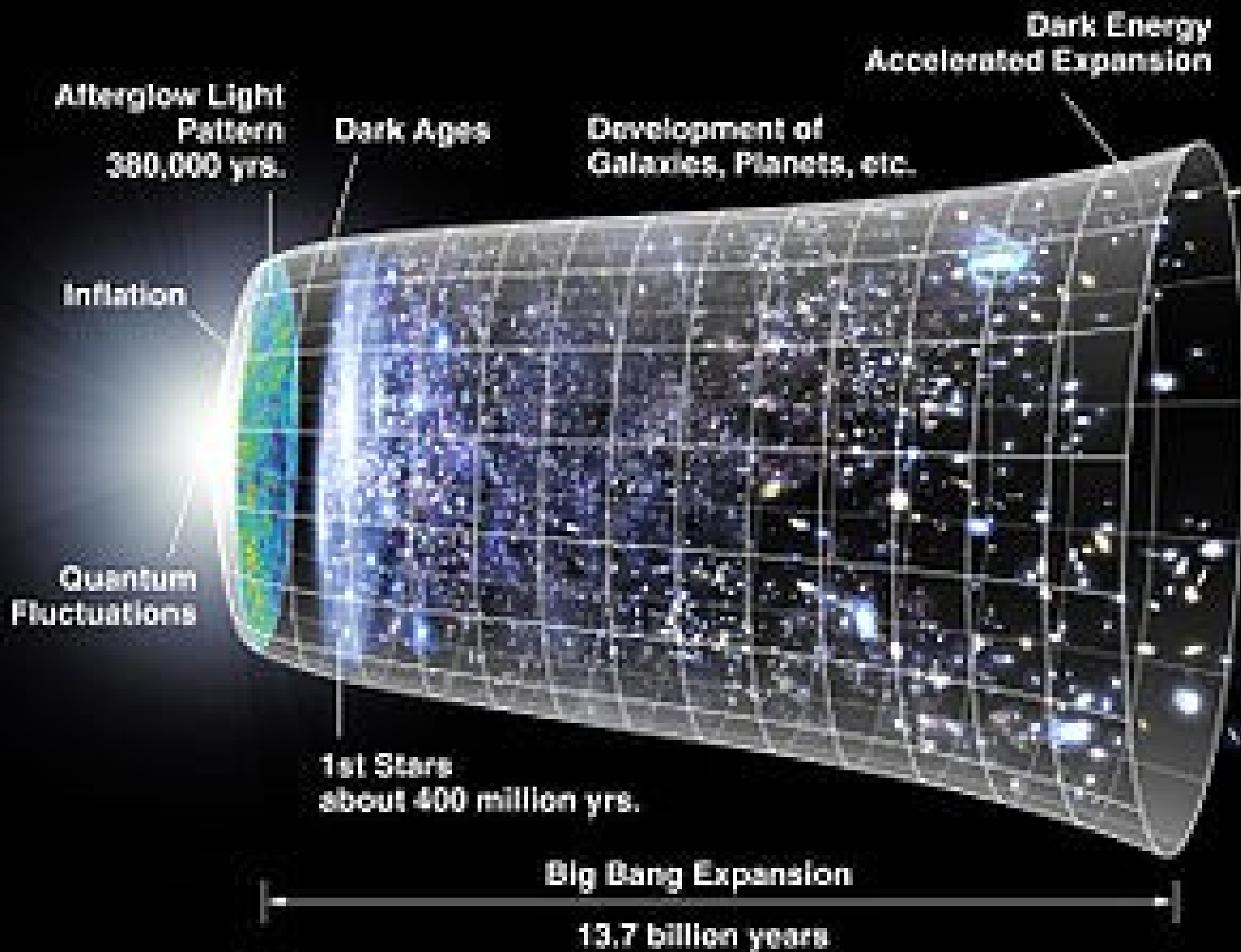


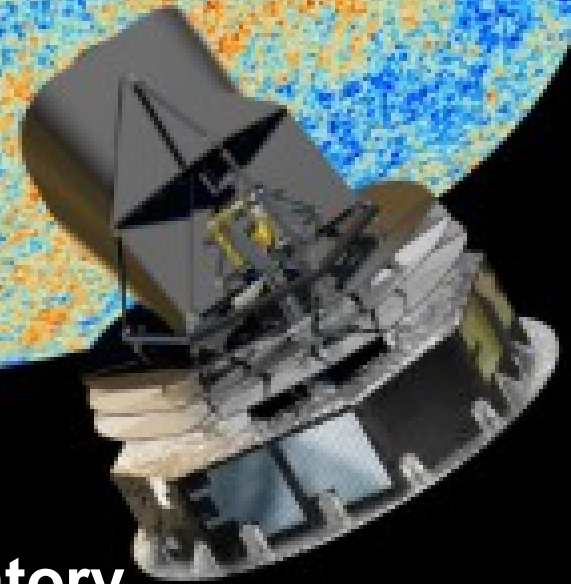
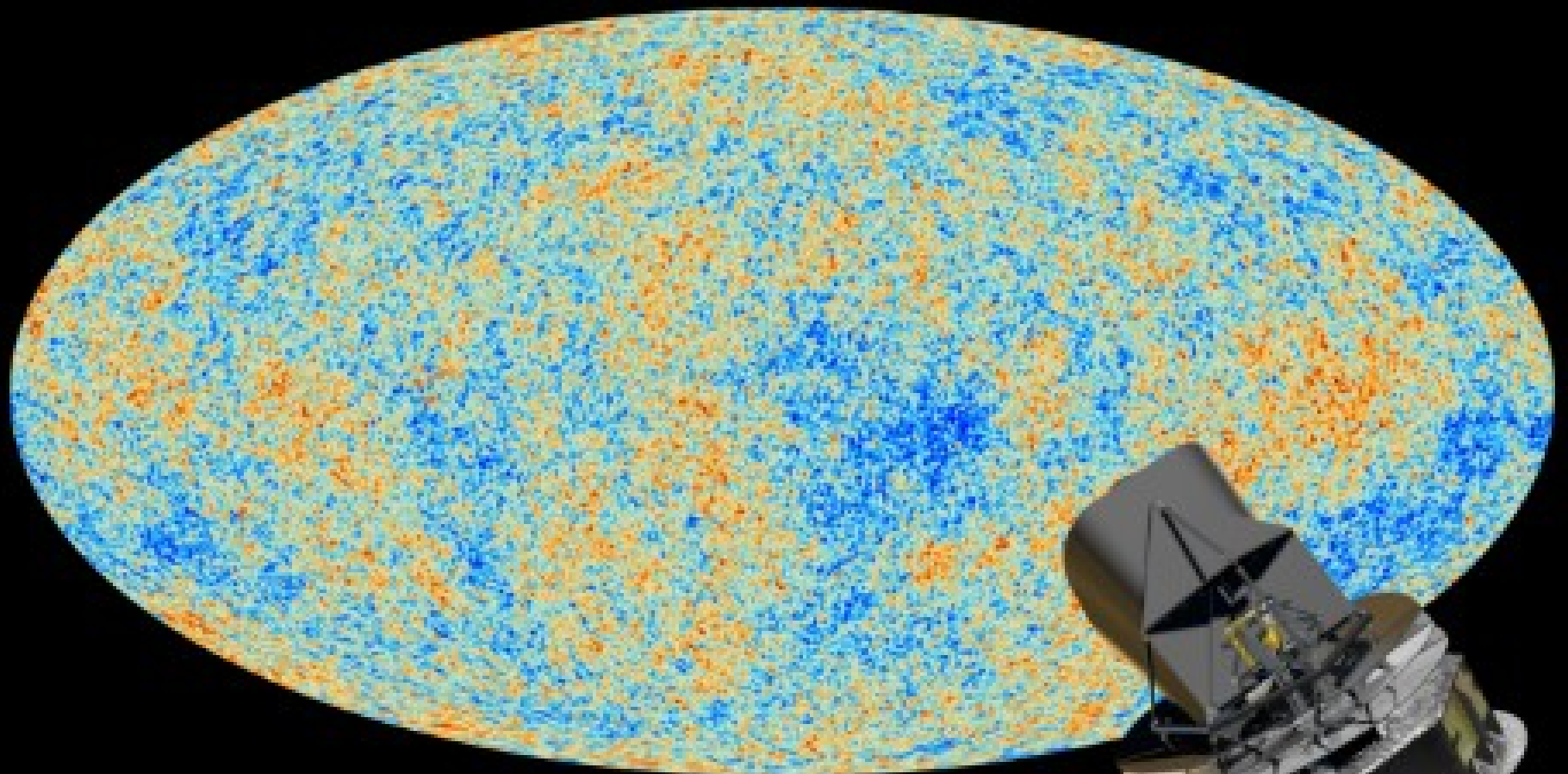
# Extreme Light: Universal Source of Radiations and Particles

OSA FRONTIERS IN OPTICS  
LASER SCIENCE APS/DLS

Chirped Pulse Amplification to ELI and Beyond talk by Gerard Mourou at FiO+LS 2018







**Microwave background radiation**

**Planck space observatory**

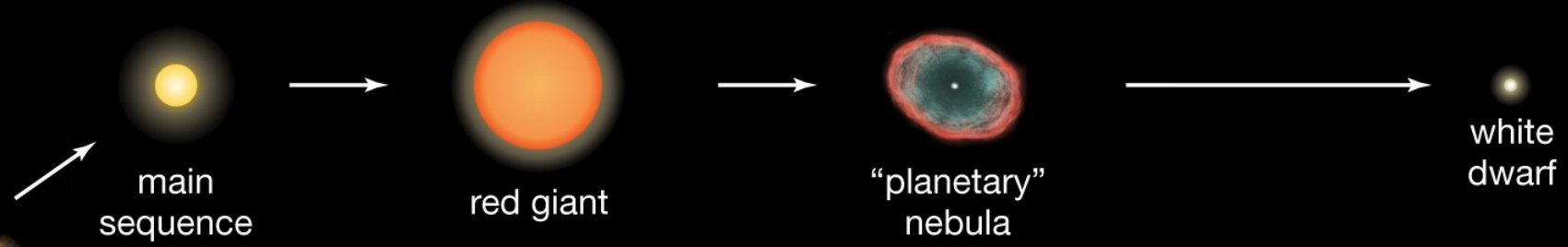
**The Sound of the Big Bang**  
**John G. Cramer**  
**Professor of Physics**  
**University of Washington**



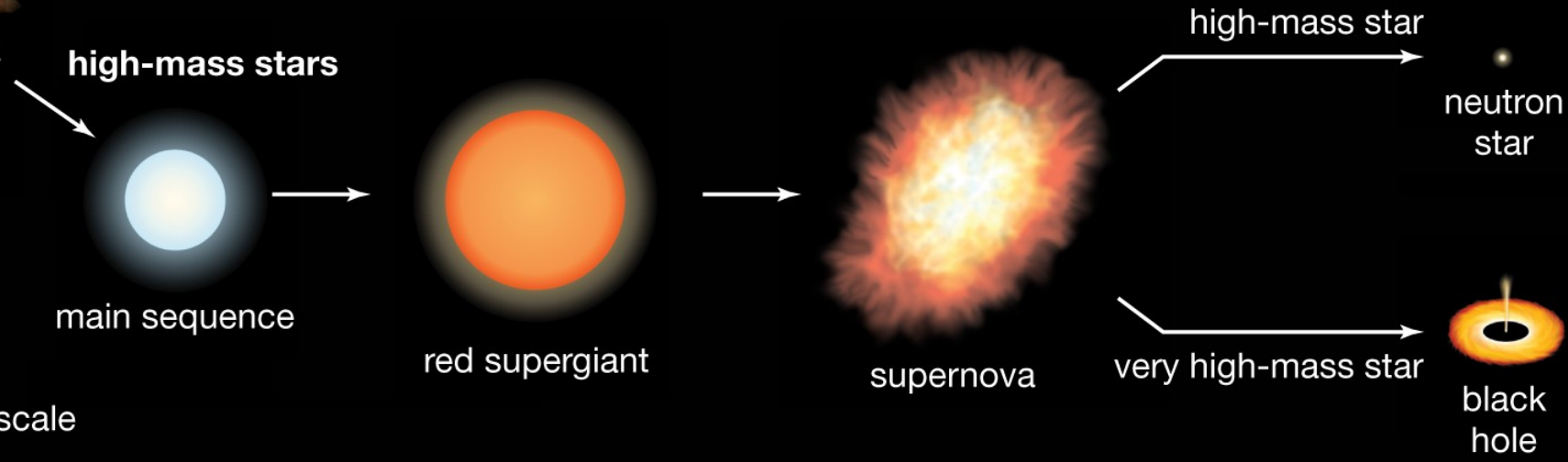


# Stellar evolution

low- and medium-mass stars  
(including the Sun)



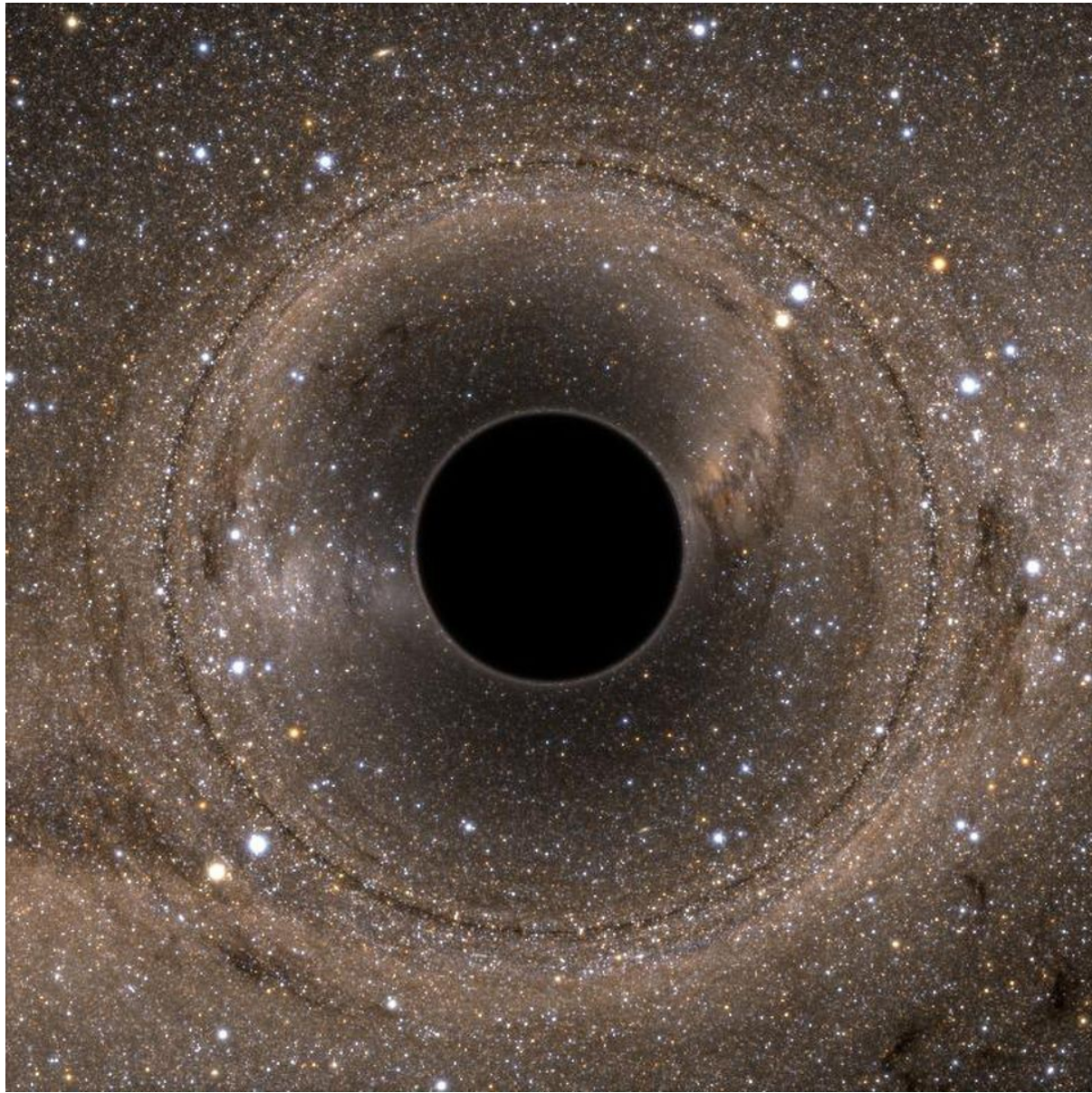
high-mass stars



not to scale

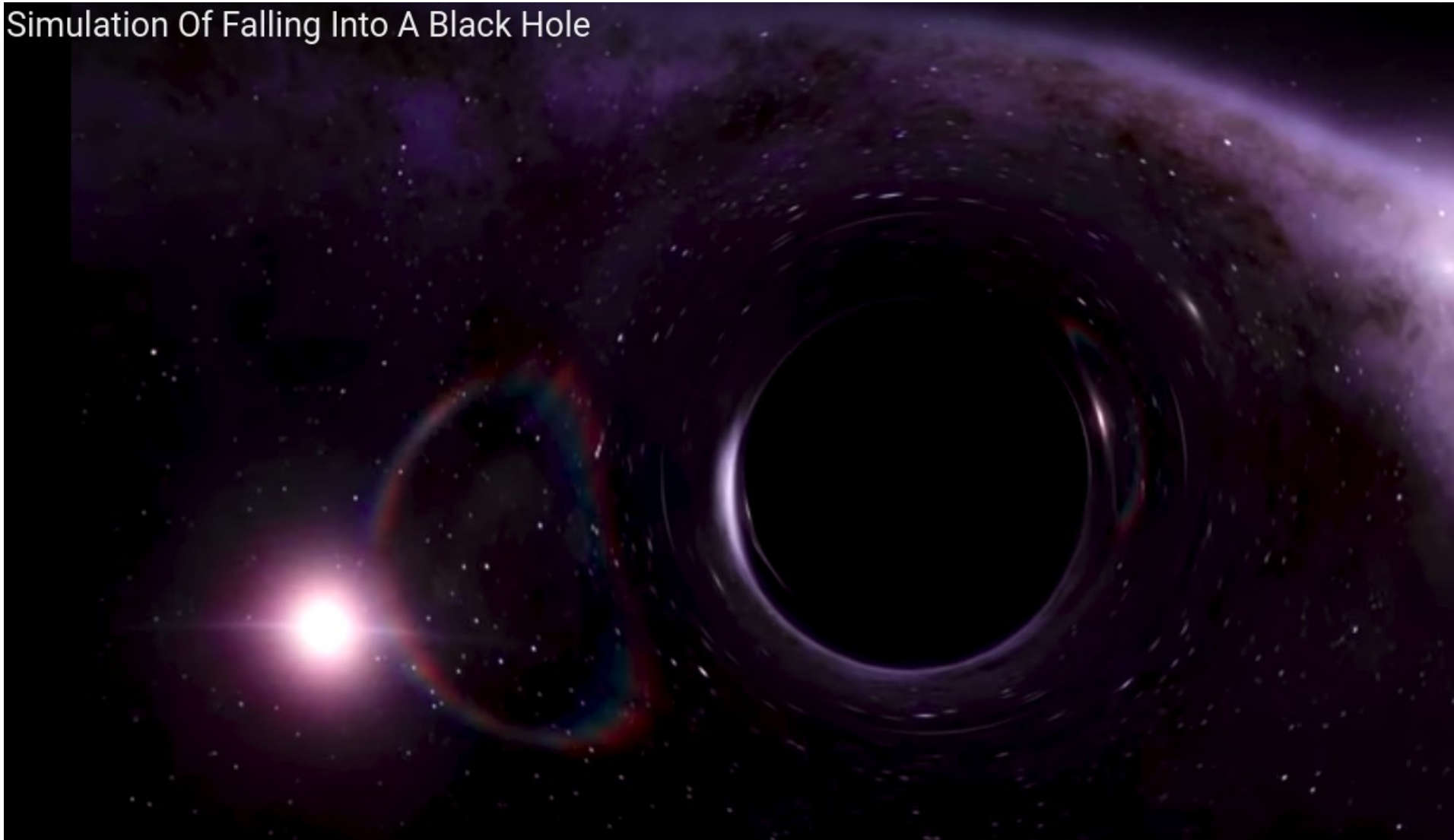
© 2012 Encyclopædia Britannica, Inc.

<https://www.britannica.com/media/full/27005/140450>



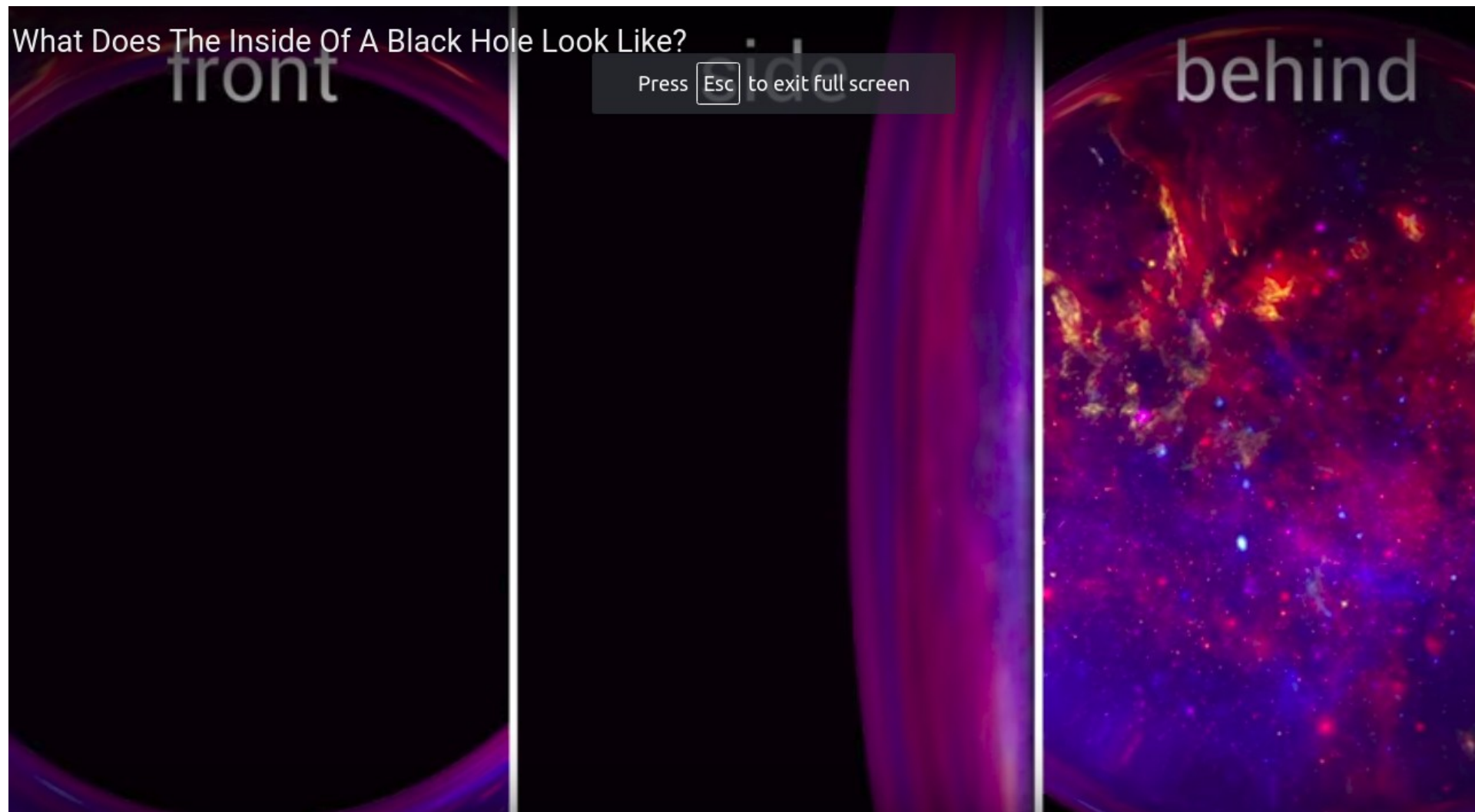
<https://www.forbes.com/sites/startswithabang/2018/01/19/what-would-you-see-as-you-fell-into-a-black-hole/#28c1326c8583>

# Simulation Of Falling Into A Black Hole



<https://youtu.be/JcHneuh6DKo>

# What Does The Inside Of A Black Hole Look



[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqKZfz\\_oRKY](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqKZfz_oRKY)

What Does The Inside Of A Black Hole Look Like?

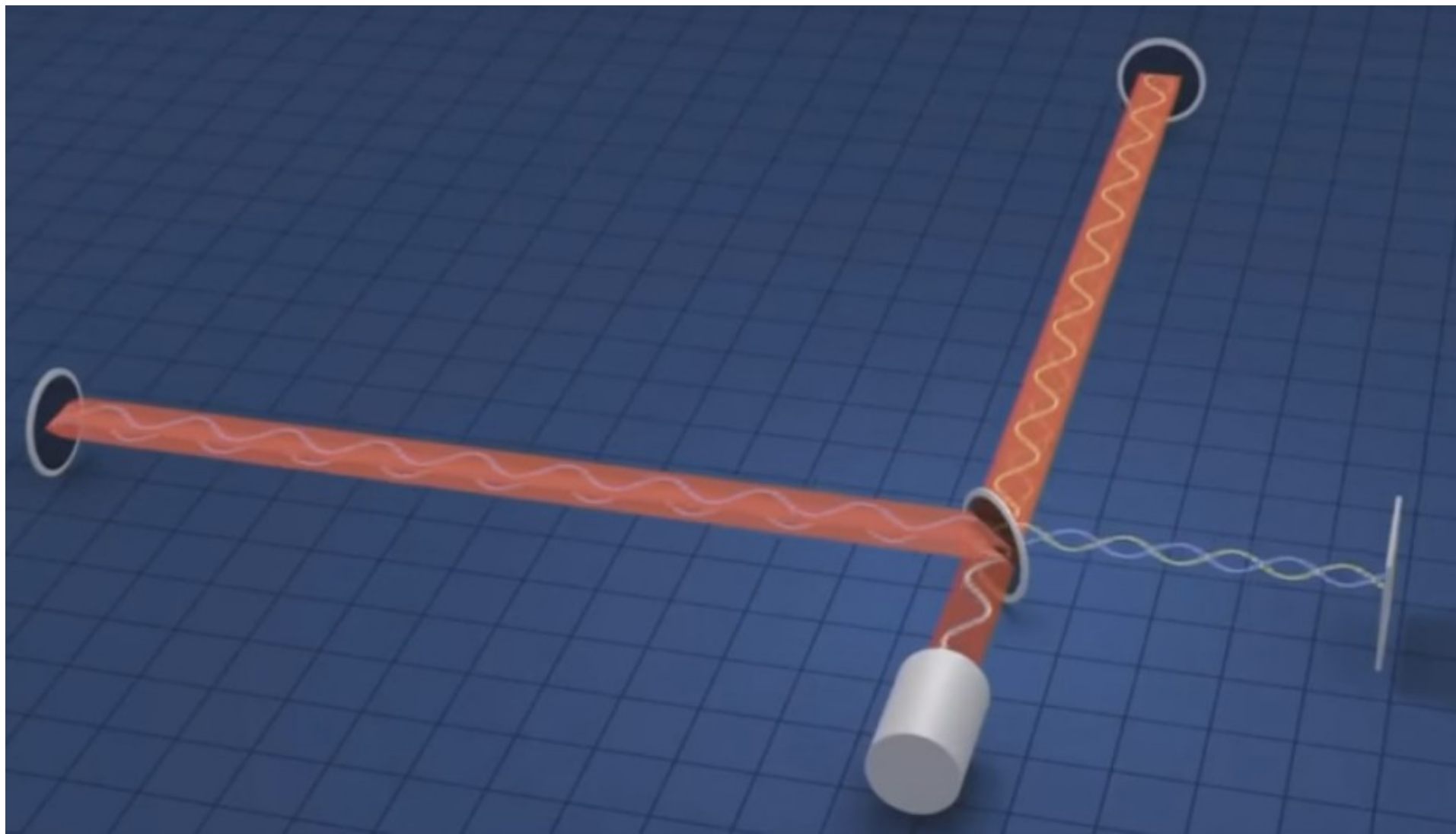
front

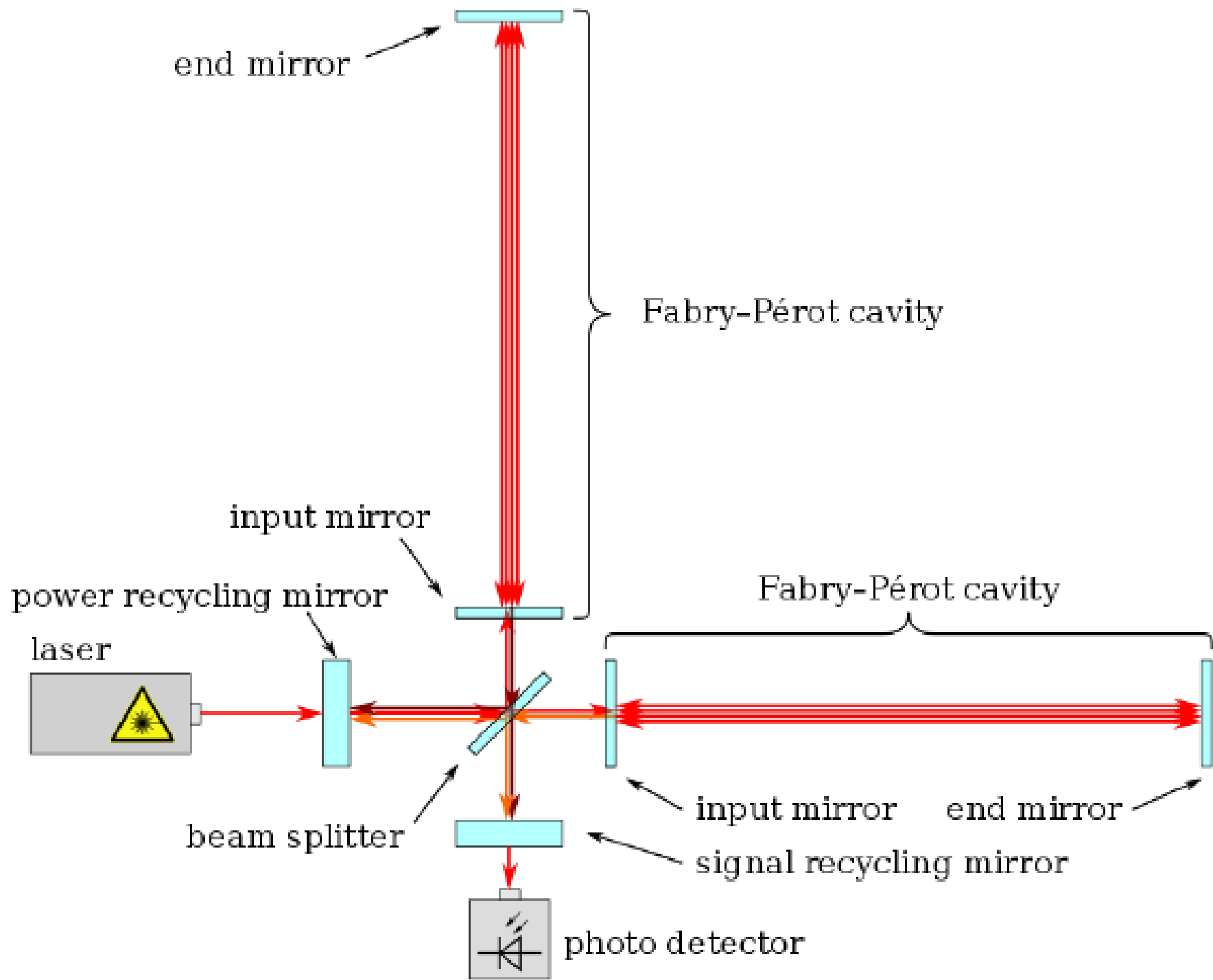
side

behind

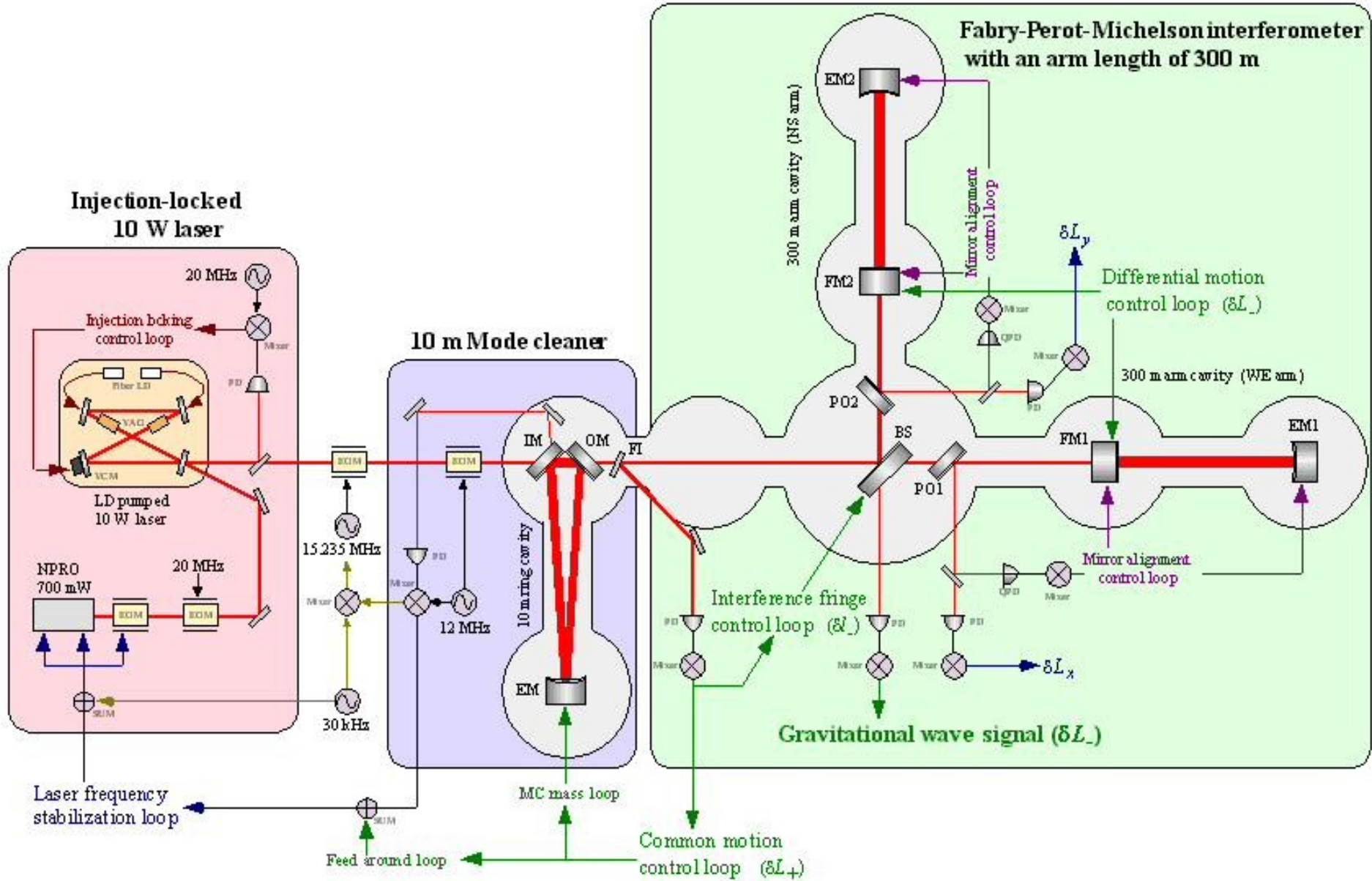


[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqKZfz\\_oRKY](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqKZfz_oRKY)





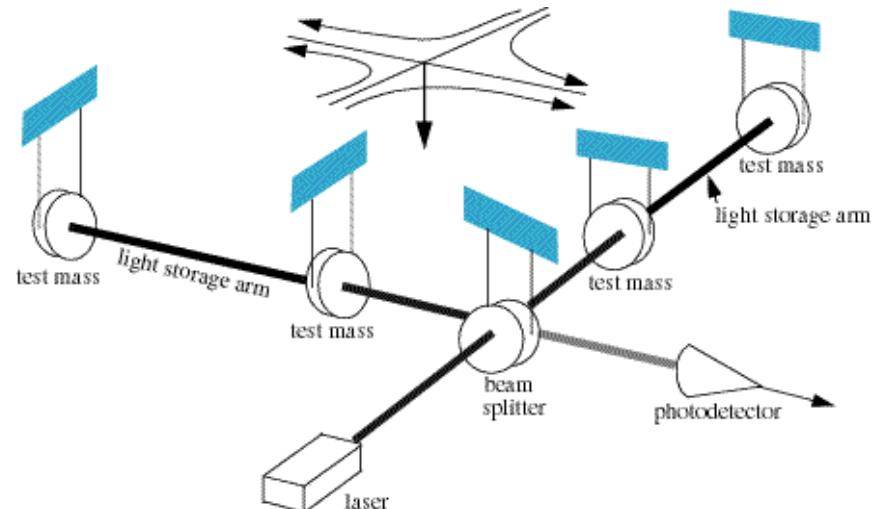
# Спроби виявлення гравітаційних хвиль: лазерні інтерферометри





# Laser Interferometer Gravitational-wave Observatory – LIGO (США)

Три інтерферометри: два з плечима по 4 км і один – 2 км.





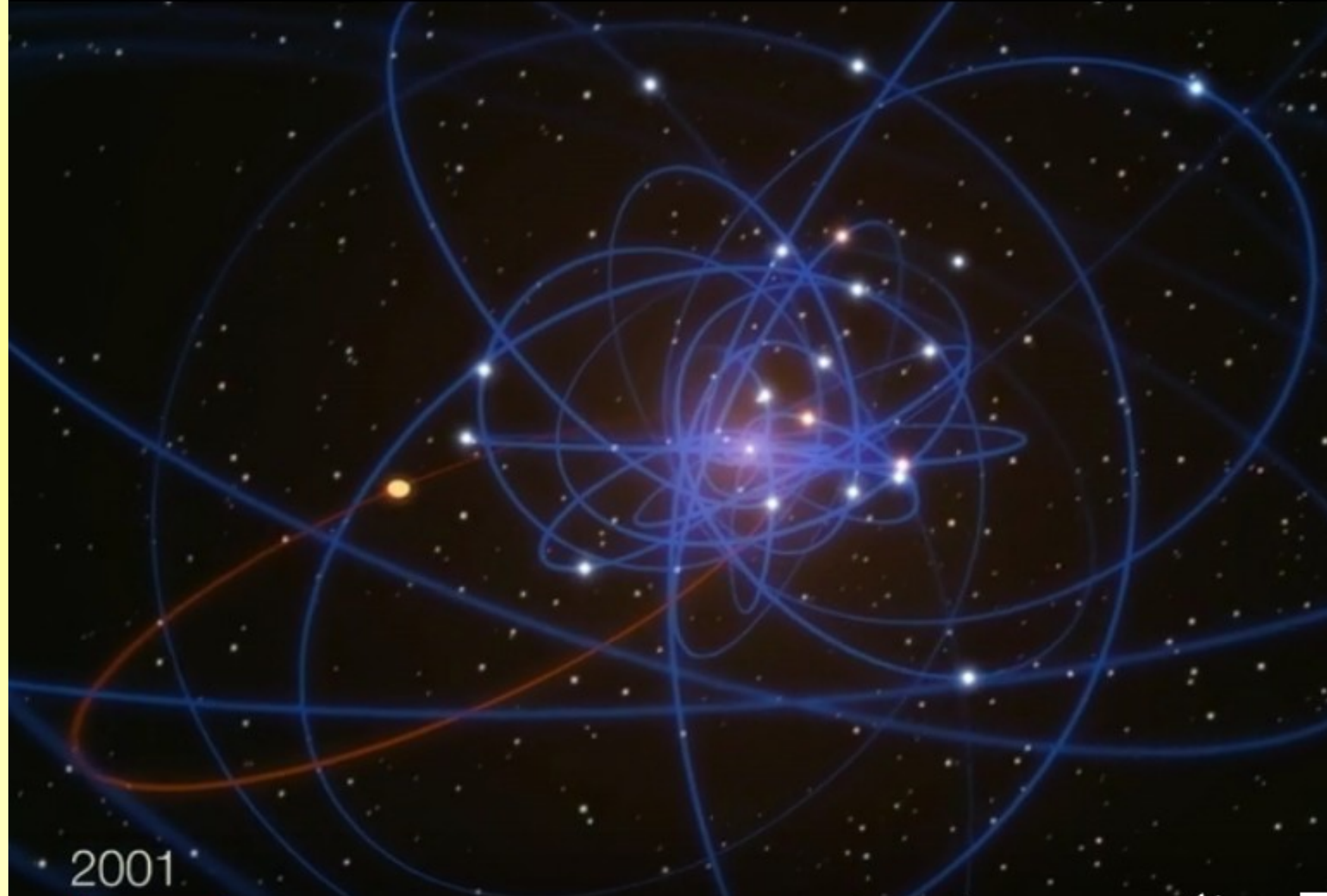
# Перше фото чорної діри M87



[https://scienceukraine.com/cosmos/first-image-of-a-black-hole/?fbclid=IwAR225DjxPwKeNOP77XiGDRbpbk4G4\\_lcePWuiYVzbSvPFWzqBlxAlcfOoV0](https://scienceukraine.com/cosmos/first-image-of-a-black-hole/?fbclid=IwAR225DjxPwKeNOP77XiGDRbpbk4G4_lcePWuiYVzbSvPFWzqBlxAlcfOoV0)

[https://www.ted.com/talks/katie\\_bouman\\_what\\_does\\_a\\_black\\_hole\\_look\\_like](https://www.ted.com/talks/katie_bouman_what_does_a_black_hole_look_like)

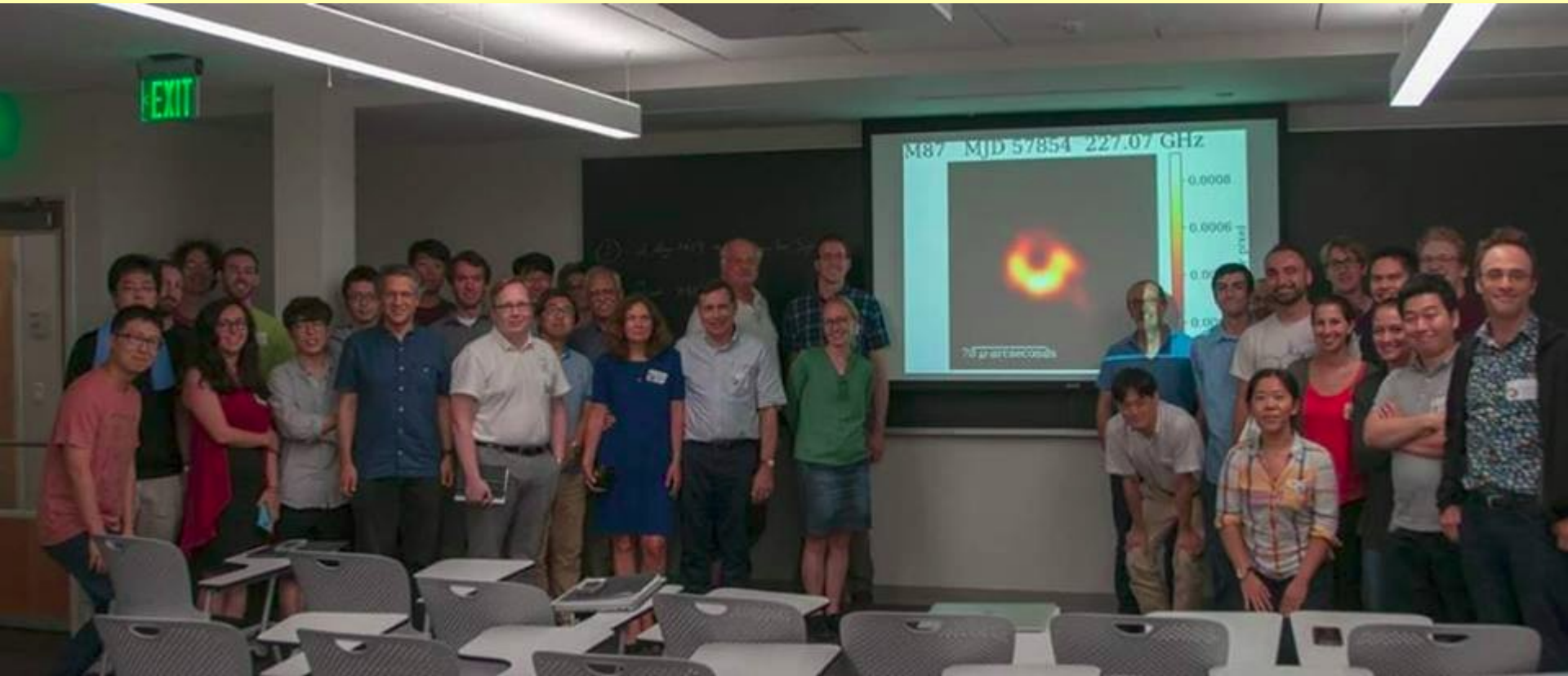
# TED



2001



Katie Bouman, who led the development of the algorithm for the project, and the moment when the first black hole image was processed



[www.facebook.com/PhysicistPage](http://www.facebook.com/PhysicistPage)

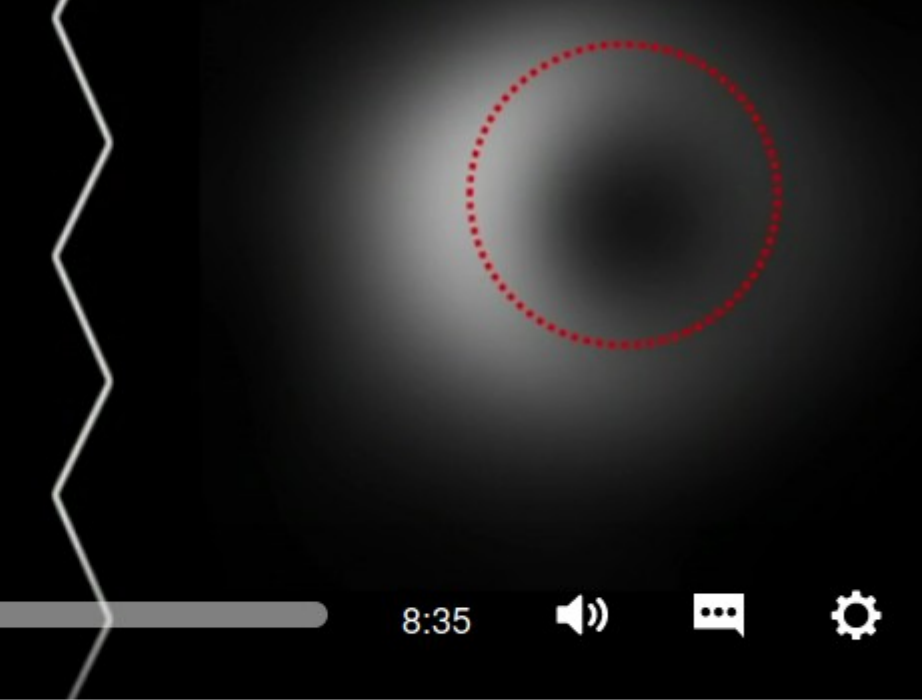
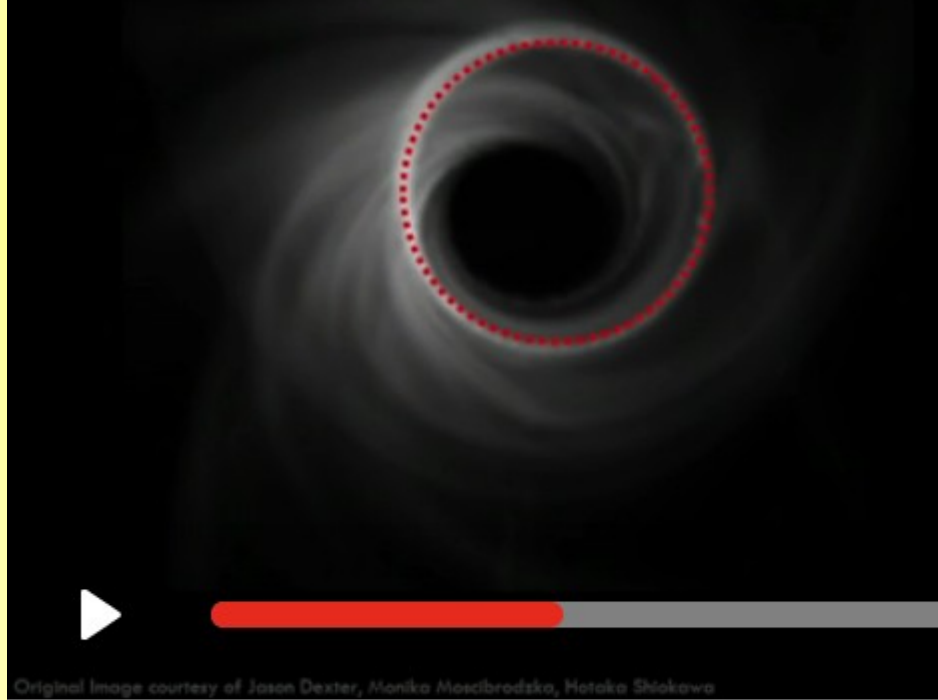
# How Small Can We See?

$$\text{Smallest Size} \approx \frac{\text{Wavelength}}{\text{Telescope Size}}$$

**TED**<sup>x</sup> BeaconStreet

# Original Black Hole Simulation

# Picture if We Had an Earth-Sized Telescope



Video player controls: play button, progress bar (red), 8:35, volume icon, comments icon, settings icon.

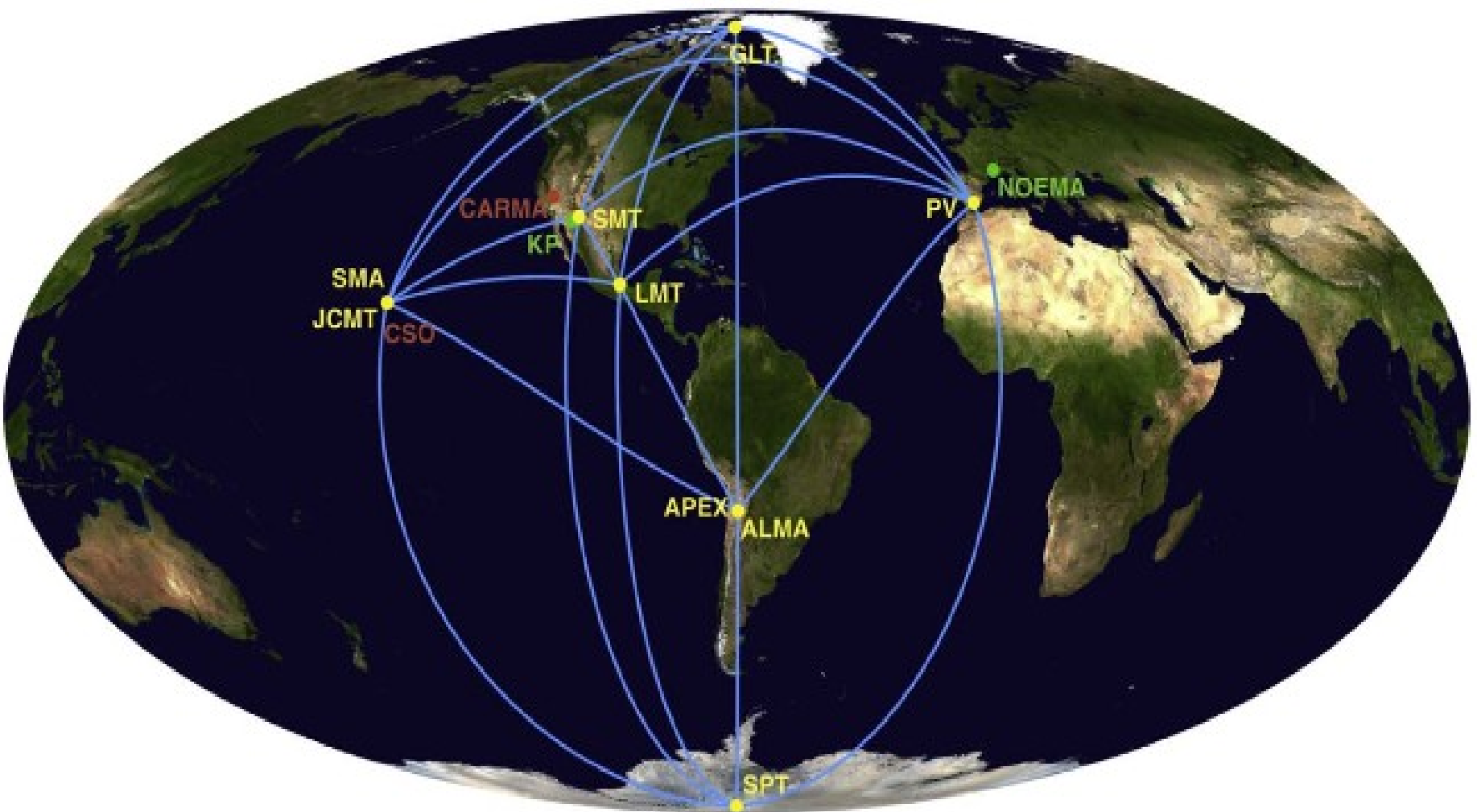
Original image courtesy of Jason Dexter, Monika Moscibrodzka, Hotaoka Shikawa

3,889,442

Views

Interaction icons: menu (+), heart (Recommend), heart (Like). Labels: Add, Recommend, Like.

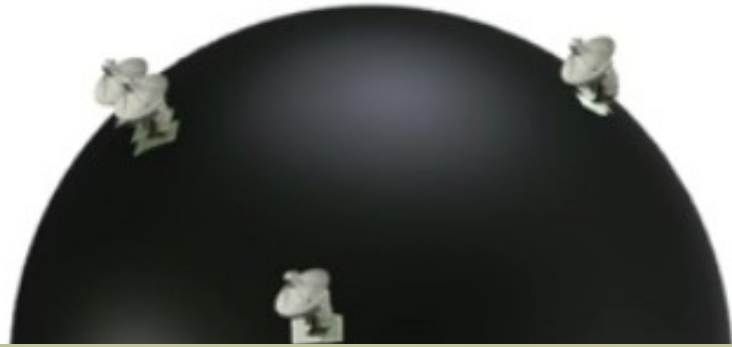




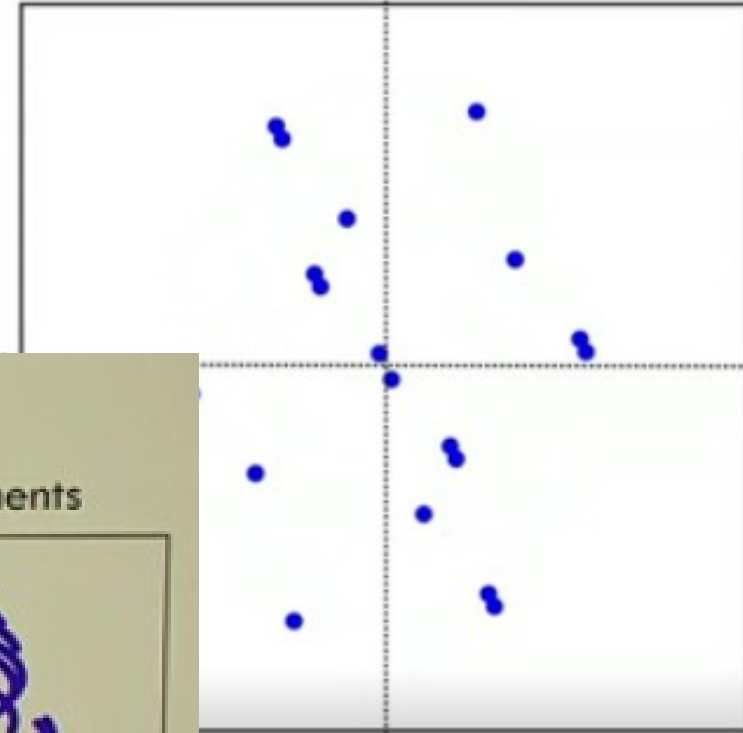
**Figure 1.** Eight stations of the EHT 2017 campaign over six geographic locations as viewed from the equatorial plane. Solid baselines represent mutual visibility on M87\* (+12° declination). The dashed baselines were used for the calibration source 3C279 (see Papers III and IV).

[https://iopscience-event-horizon.s3.amazonaws.com/article/10.3847/2041-8213/ab0c96/The\\_Event\\_Horizon\\_Telescope\\_Collaboration\\_2019\\_ApJL\\_875\\_L2.pdf](https://iopscience-event-horizon.s3.amazonaws.com/article/10.3847/2041-8213/ab0c96/The_Event_Horizon_Telescope_Collaboration_2019_ApJL_875_L2.pdf)

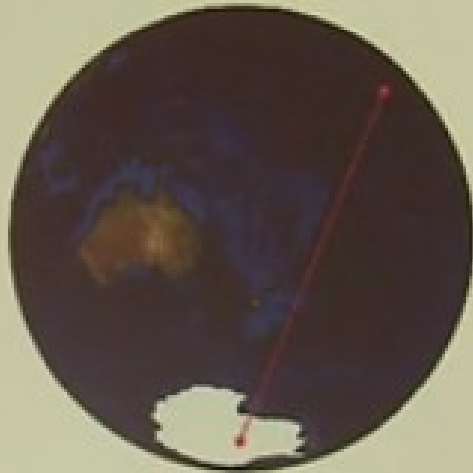
# The Event Horizon Telescope



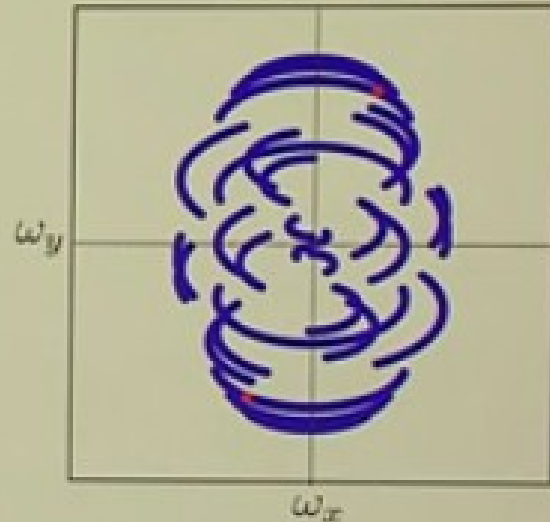
Measurements



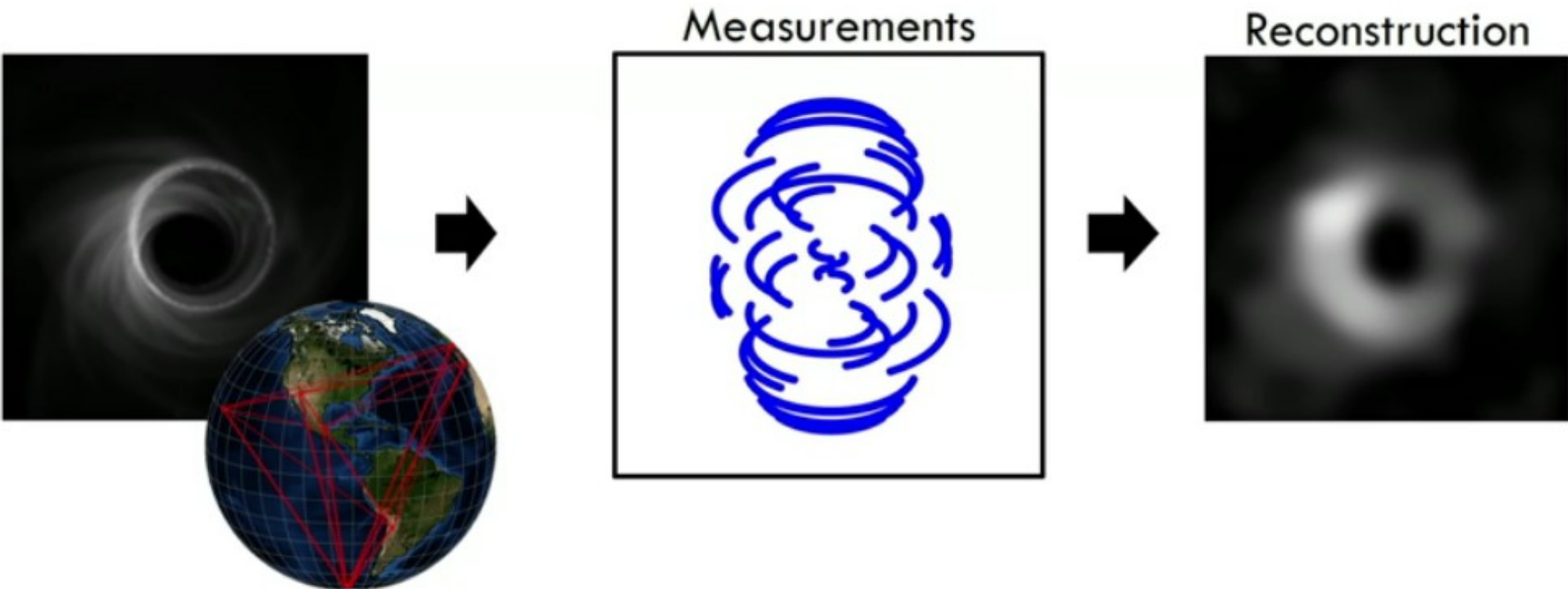
## The Event Horizon Telescope

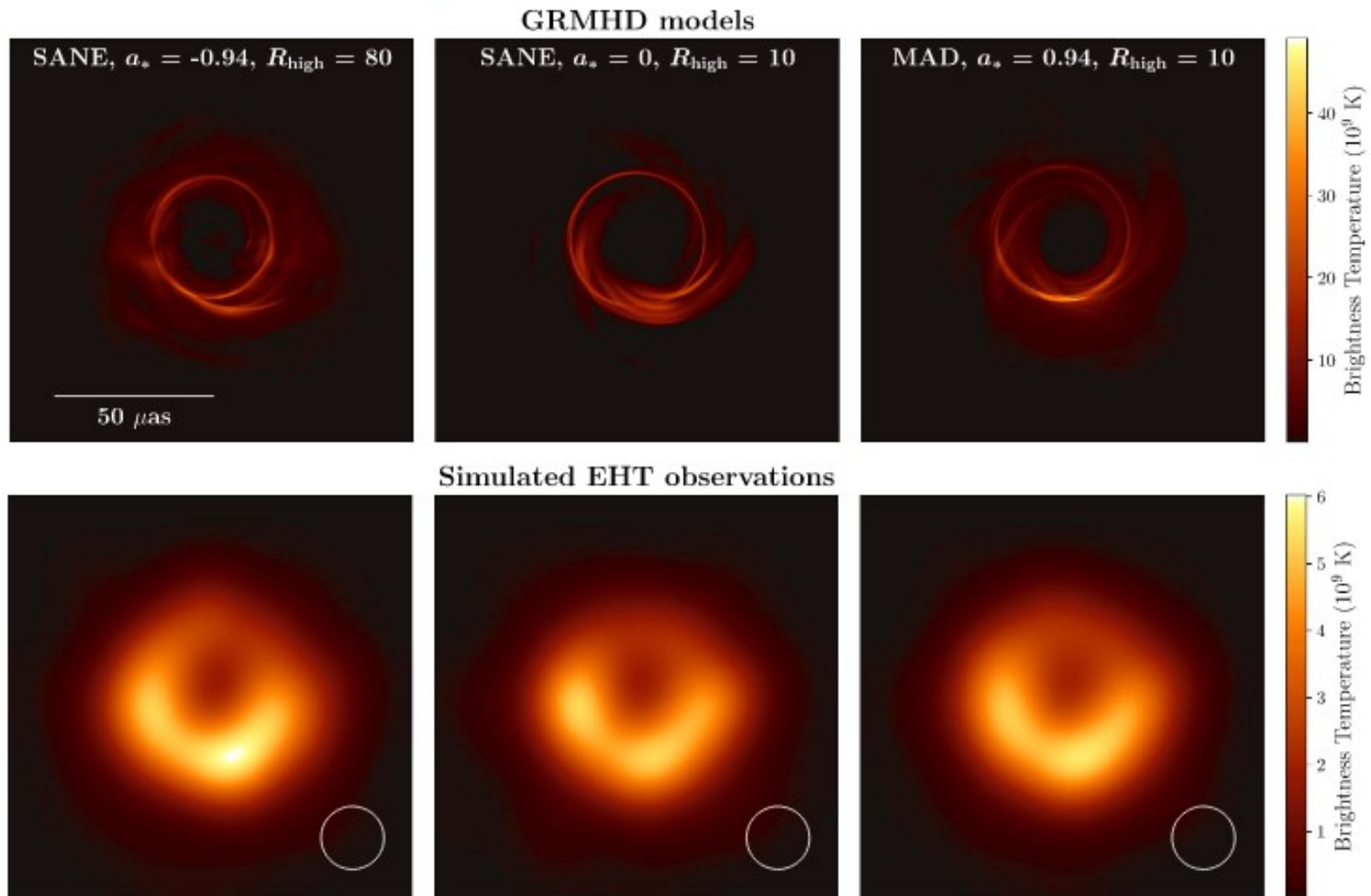


Measurements

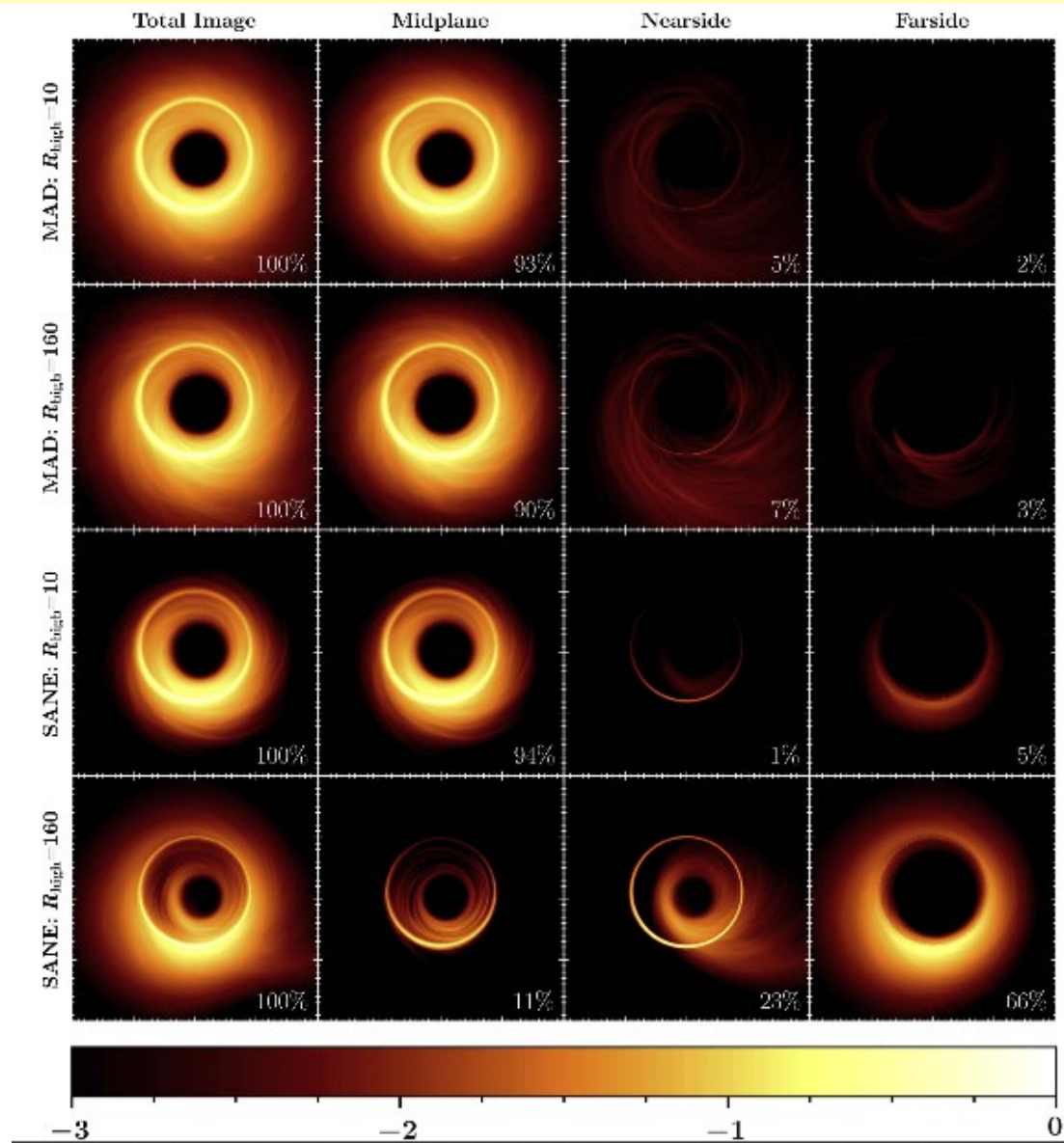
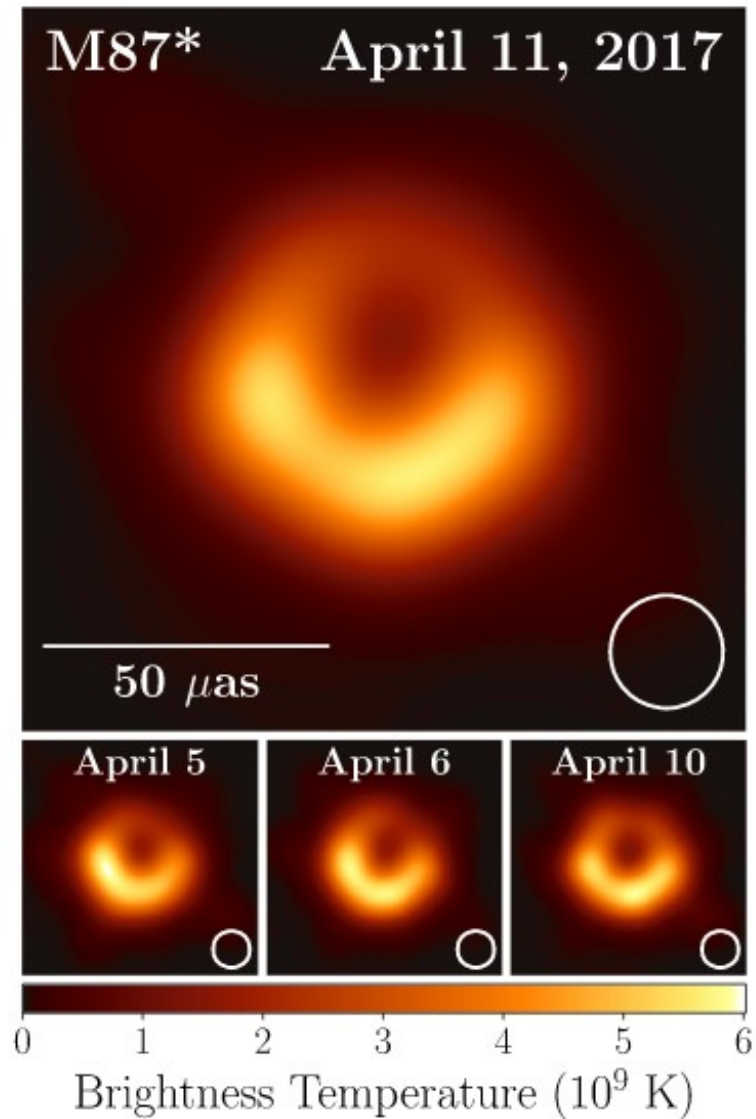


# Black Hole in the Center of the Milky Way Galaxy





**Figure 4.** Top: three example models of some of the best-fitting snapshots from the image library of GRMHD simulations for April 11 corresponding to different spin parameters and accretion flows. Bottom: the same theoretical models, processed through a VLBI simulation pipeline with the same schedule, telescope characteristics, and weather parameters as in the April 11 run and imaged in the same way as Figure 3. Note that although the fit to the observations is equally good in the three cases, they refer to radically different physical scenarios; this highlights that a single good fit does not imply that a model is preferred over others (see Paper V).



**Figure 3.** Top: EHT image of M87\* from observations on 2017 April 11 as a representative example of the images collected in the 2017 campaign. The

[https://iopscience-event-horizon.s3.amazonaws.com/article/10.3847/2041-8213/ab0ec7/The\\_Event\\_Horizon\\_Telescope\\_Collaboration\\_2019\\_ApJL\\_875\\_L1.pdf](https://iopscience-event-horizon.s3.amazonaws.com/article/10.3847/2041-8213/ab0ec7/The_Event_Horizon_Telescope_Collaboration_2019_ApJL_875_L1.pdf)



# 7. НАУКОВИЙ ПІКНІК

## ТЕМА: РУХ

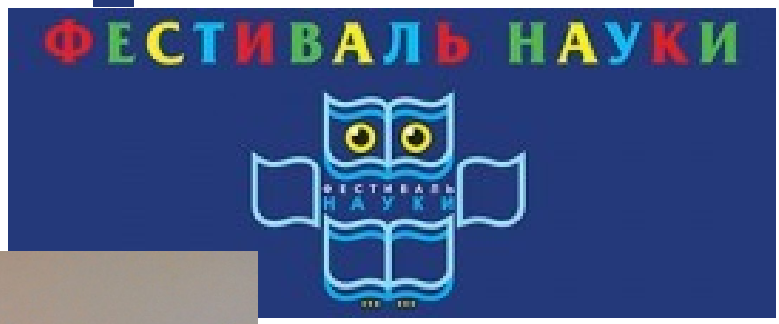
Реєстрація команд та волонтерів: <http://bit.ly/Ternopil2019>



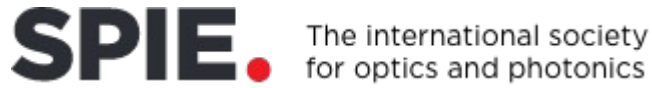
Міністерство  
молоді та спорту  
України



SCIENCE  
CENTRE  
TERNOPIL  
ЦЕНТР НАУКИ ТЕРНОПІЛЯ



Використані джерела



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization



International Year of Light 2015



IOP A website from the Institute of Physics



www.lightday.org

