



Volume 3

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Vol. 3. Physical chemistry of metallurgical processes

Topical problems of chemical industry, evaluation of technical risks

Chemical aspects of alternative energetics

Volume 3 includes abstracts of plenary lectures of Congress, keynote lectures, invited reports, oral and poster presentations, and correspondent presentations of the sections: "Physical chemistry of metallurgical processes", "Topical problems of chemical industry, evaluation of technical risks", "Chemical aspects of alternative energetics" and author index..

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CRITERION DAMKOHLER AS PARAMETER DEFINING MATHEMATICAL DESCRIPTION OF NON-STATIONARY OPERATING MODES OF CSTR

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The system of “continuous stirred tank reactor (CSTR) + reaction” is interpreted as dynamic link of 2nd order, like the transducer and regulator. In the case of reaction

$A_1 \xrightarrow{n_1} \alpha_2 A_2 \xrightarrow{n_2} \alpha_3 A_3$ linearized mathematical model has the following form at the action of various destabilizing factors (DF)¹

$$\varepsilon_2'' + (A_1 + A_2)\varepsilon_2' + A_1 A_2 \varepsilon_2 = f_{DF}(\bar{\tau}), \quad (1)$$

where $|\varepsilon_2| = |c_2 / c_{02} - 1| \ll 1$ – is the relative deviation of the concentration c_2 of product A_2 from the nominal value c_{02} ; $f_{DF}(\bar{\tau})$ – is the function defined by the view of DF: $f_{DF(c)} = n_1 \tilde{A}_1 \tilde{A}_2 \varepsilon_1^{\text{inl}}(\bar{\tau})$ at perturbation $\varepsilon_1^{\text{inl}}(\bar{\tau}) = c_1^{\text{inl}} - 1$ of reagent A_1 concentration c_1^{inl} on inlet of CSTR, $f_{DF(v)} = a \varepsilon_v(\bar{\tau}) - \varepsilon_v'(\bar{\tau})$ at perturbation $\varepsilon_v(\bar{\tau}) = v / v_0 - 1$ of the volumetric flow rate v , $f_{DF(k_d)} = f(A_i, \tilde{a}_2, \bar{k}_{d(i)}, \bar{\tau})$ at low catalyst deactivation with constants $\bar{k}_{d(i)} \propto k_{d(i)} \tau_0$ deactivation of reaction stages; $\bar{\tau} = \tau / \tau_0$ – is the time in units of mean residence time τ_0 .

The constants A_i and \tilde{A}_i in the equation (1) are the conversion coefficients (CC) of subsystems “CSTR + i -th stage”

$$A_i = 1 + n_i \tilde{a}_i, \quad \tilde{A}_i = 1 + \tilde{a}_i, \quad \tilde{a}_i = n_i^{-1} \partial \bar{w}_{0i} / \partial c_{0i} = k_{0i} \tau_0 C_{0i}^{n_i-1} \equiv \text{Da}_{0i}, \quad (2)$$

i.e. the first criterion Damkohler² Da_{0i} is equal to the sensitivity of reaction rate \bar{w}_{0i} to quasi-stationary changes of c_{0i} or synonymously is equal to CC of the reaction in reactor:

$\text{Da}_{0i} \propto k_{0i} \tau_0$ (for CSTR as apparatus $\tilde{a}_{\text{r-or}} = \text{Da}_{\text{r-or}} \equiv 1$).

The magnitudes Da_{0i} are determined by the degree of transformation $x_0(\tau_0) = 1 - \tilde{n}_{01}$ of A_1 and by the selectivity $s_{02}(x_n) = 1 - s_{n2}$ of the A_1 product formation process

$$\text{Da}_{01} = x_0 / c_0, \quad \text{Da}_{02} = s_{03} / s_{02}, \quad (3)$$

i.e. they are determined by the simplexes³ $y_0 \equiv x_0 / c_0$ and $z_0 \equiv s_{02} / s_{03}$.

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