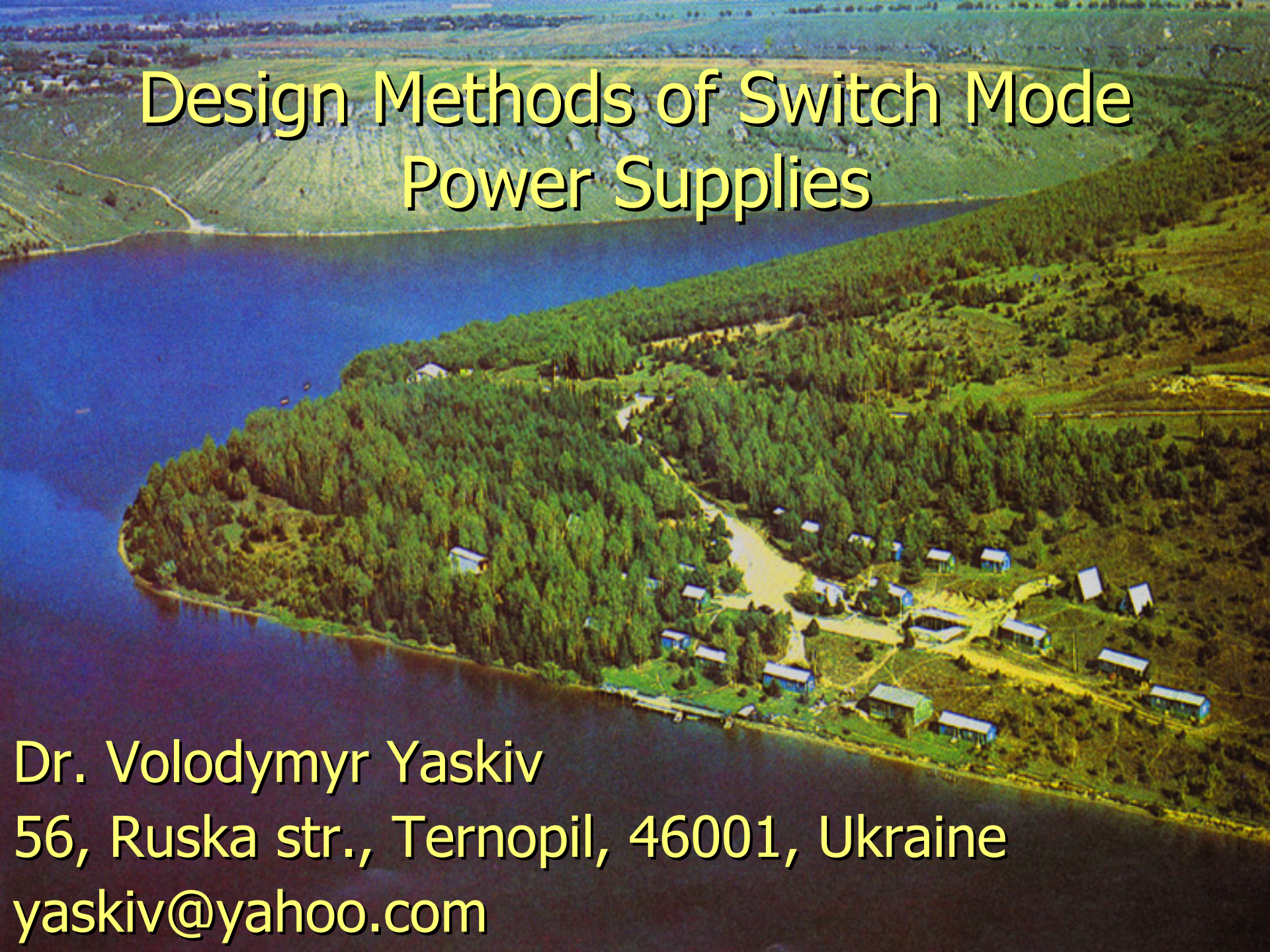




Ternopil Ivan Pul'uj National Technical University



UKRAINE

An aerial photograph of a forested peninsula or island. The land is covered in dense green trees. Along the shoreline, there are several small, simple buildings with light-colored roofs. A dirt road or path winds through the forest. The surrounding water is dark blue. In the background, a larger body of water and distant land are visible.

Design Methods of Switch Mode Power Supplies

Dr. Volodymyr Yaskiv
56, Ruska str., Ternopil, 46001, Ukraine
yaskiv@yahoo.com

Criteria for designing of power supplies

- ensure of functional parameters at activity of the disturbing factor
- efficiency
- reliability
- mass and dimensions
- cost

Specific requirement are following:

- high dynamic characteristics at high quality of output voltages
- 100% change of a load current
- low level electromagnetic interference (EMI)
- other

Design of Switch Mode Power Supplies on base of High Frequency Magnetic Amplifier

- 25 years experience
- SMPS designing for different assignments – space, radar, medicine, information technology, transport systems, lighting systems, welding, communication, nuclear power station, etc.



Comparative analysis of transistor and magnetic switches

The advantages of the magnetic switch in comparison with transistor switch are essential:

- is an AC voltage switch
- not critical to the form of input voltage
- gain on a current up to 1000
- simplicity of the control circuit (1-2 transistors in a linear mode)
- does not create electromagnetic interferences
- is by the filter of input interferences (both in non-saturated, and in a saturated condition)
- high efficiency (99 %), the losses do not depend on load current
- high level of radiation stability and mechanical stability
- does not require protection (itself serves a protection device of high-frequency transistor inverter)
- multifunctionality: the power amplifier, power switching device, pulse-width modulator, executes functions of the integrator, comparator, protection device

Comparative analysis of power supply on MS with transistor analogs

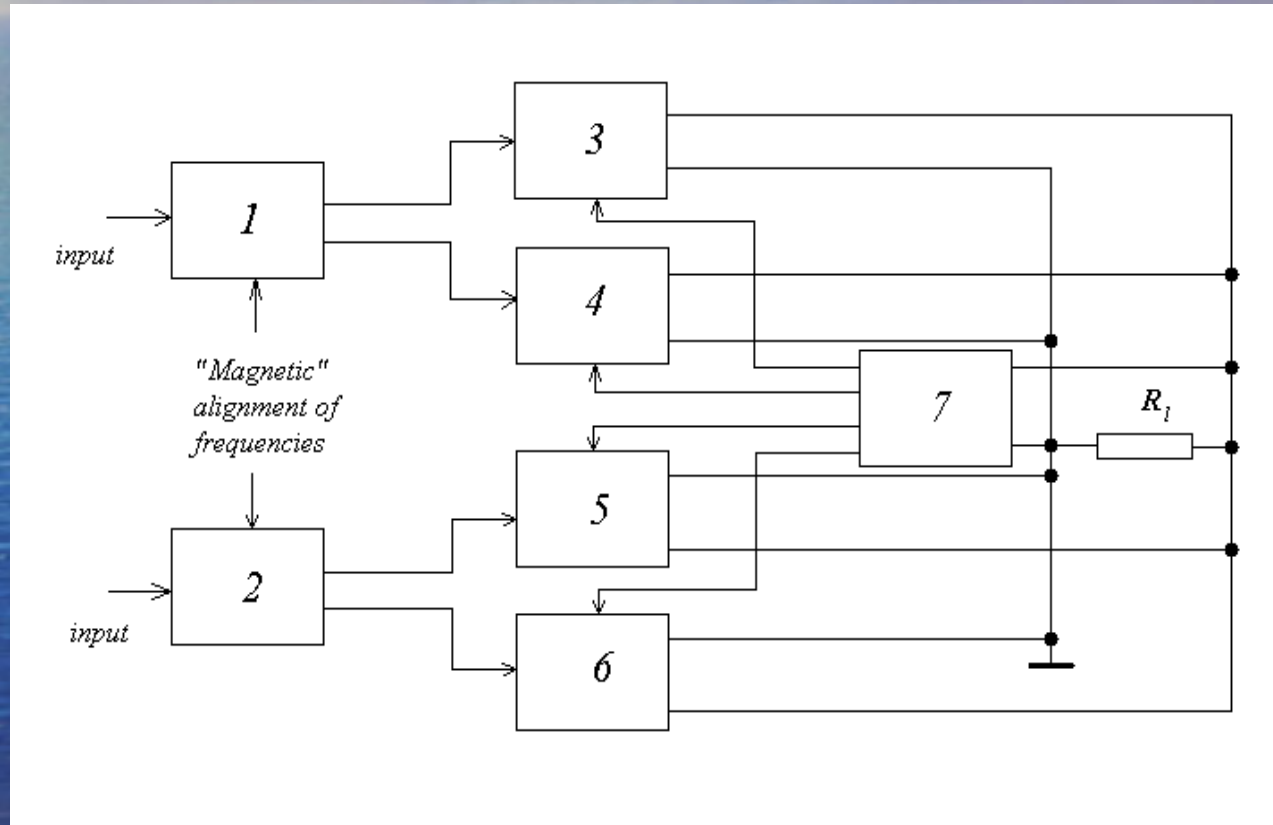
Advantages SMPS on magnetic switches in comparison with traditional transistor power supplies:

- capability of designing of multichannel SMPS with equivalent and independent output channels with 100 % range of change of the load current
- are suppose a broad range of change of input voltage
- high level of specific power
- high quality of output voltages (the high-frequency peaks and low-frequency component are absent)
- low level of EMI
- high level of dynamic parameters
- high efficiency
- in 2-3 times the cost price is lower
- high level of radiation stability and mechanical stability
- above reliability for the account as physical nature of MK, so and of essential simplification of circuitry
- high level of unification - possibility of using of one standard size of MS and same circuitry solutions for designing of SMPS in the broad range of output parameters

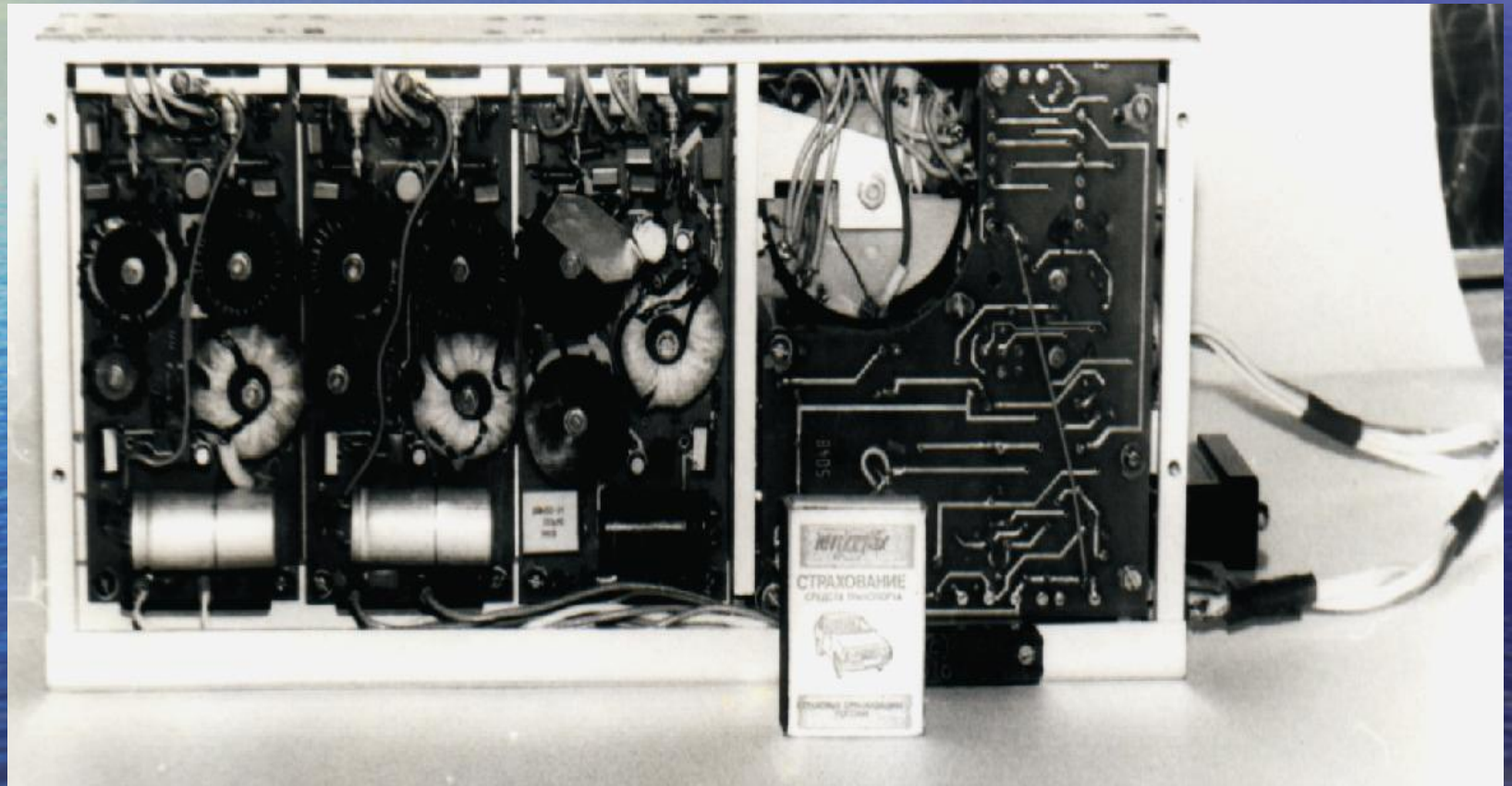
Main technical data of the multichannel switch mode power supplies:

Range of the input voltage change	to $\pm 30\%$
Efficiency	0.80 - 0.95
Output voltage levels	5 - 200V
Pulse output voltage (low-frequency reply and high voltage spike are absent)	10 - 50 r
Common non-stability	to 1%
Current load levels	to 100A
Range of the load current change	100%
Possibility of the current stabilization	to 1%
Specific power on the home hardware	100 - 500W
Output power multi-output SPS	50 – 500W
Number of output regulated channels	1-10 or more
Output power of the channel	25 – 500W
Frequency	50 – 100kHz
Temperature range	-60 – +80°C
Electro-magnetic compatibility and electro-safety in accordance with base requirement international standards of the computer and medical equipment	

Structure of the switch mode power supply on magnetic switches with of the high level load current (5 V, 200 A)



Multiway Switch Mode Power Supply for Radio Devices



➤ input voltage

$220 \pm$

➤ output power

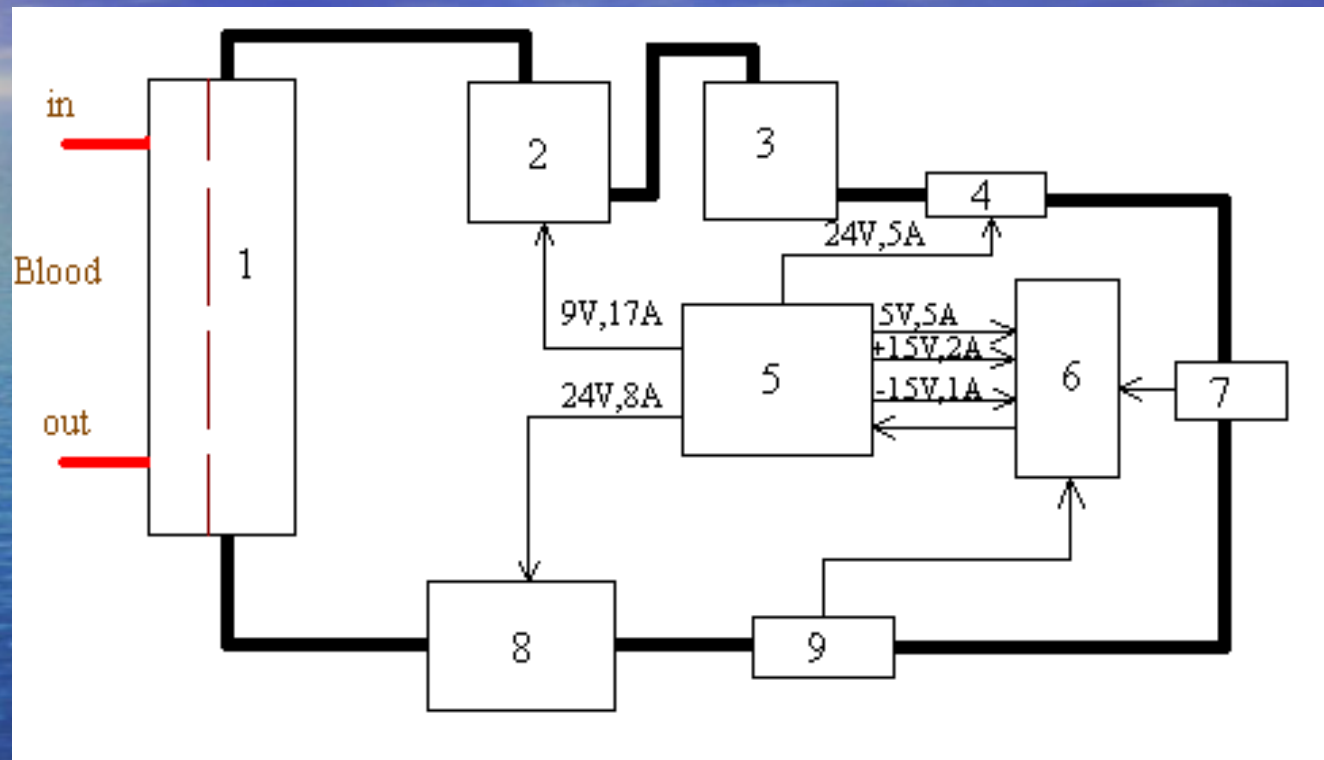
➤ number output channels

➤ common nonstability

➤ ripple of output voltages

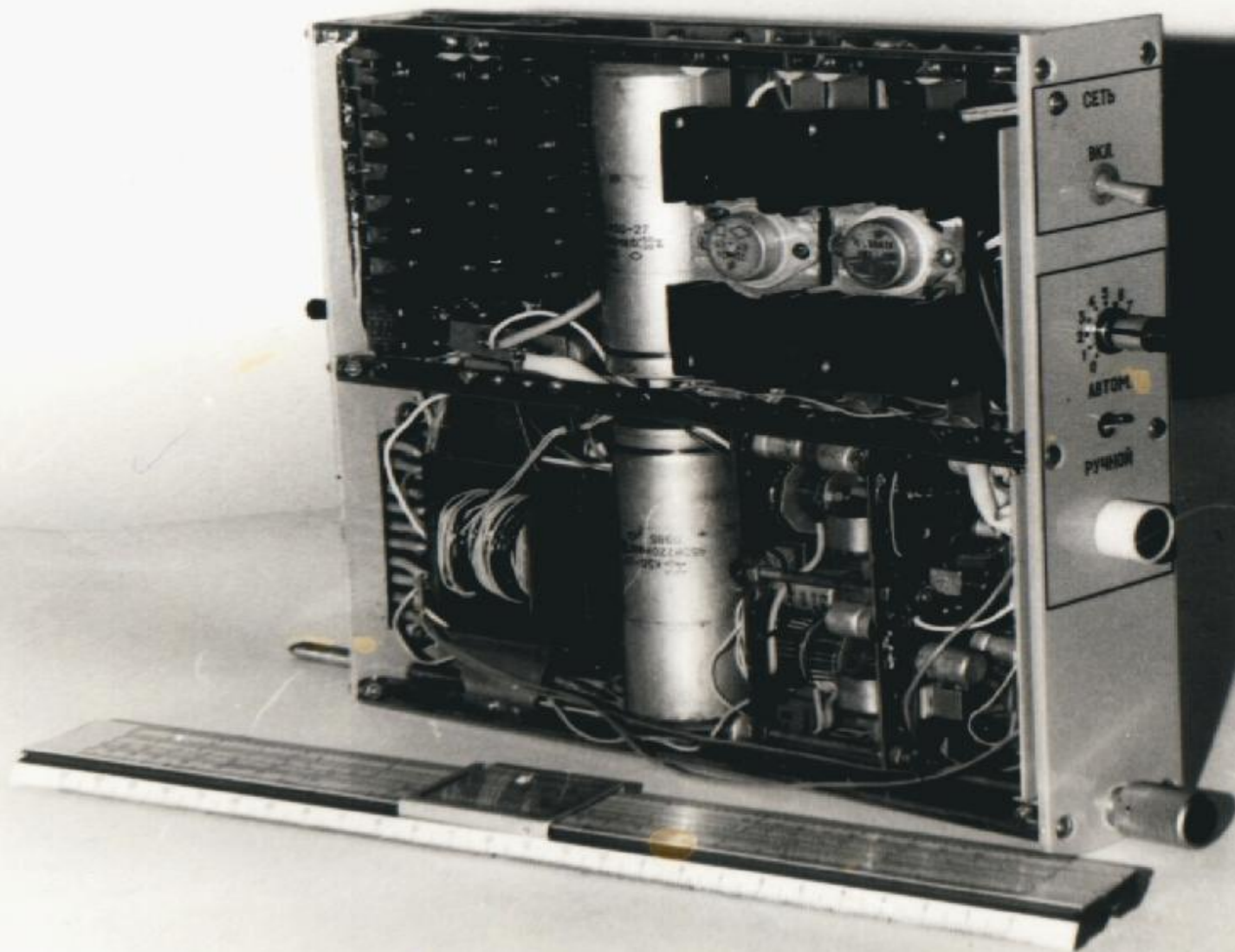
100

Power System and Control of Apparatus of "Artificial Kidney"



Block- scheme of the apparatus «the artificial kidney»

(1 – dialyser, 2 – electrochemical regenerator, 3 - block of padding clearing, 4 – pump, 5 – power supply, 6 – control system, 7 - sensor unit of concentration, 8 - heat exchanger, 9 - sensor unit of temperature)



➤ input voltage

220

➤ output power

➤ number output channels

➤ input current of control ;

➤ common nonstability

➤ specific nonstability

120

CEBIT

H A N N O V E R

18. - 24. 3. 2004

Mechnik

Mode
geop

IN
GAL

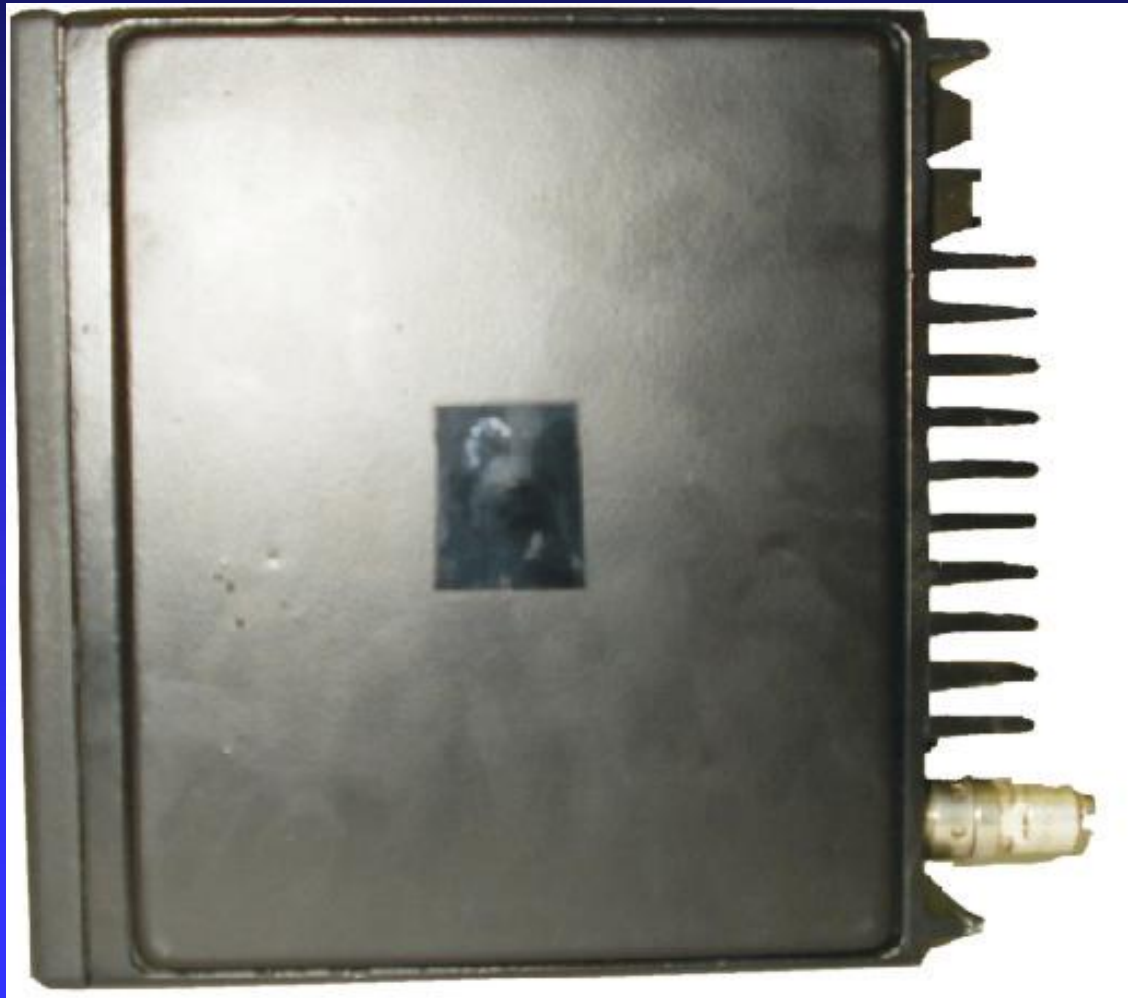
Examples of SMPS designing with using MS for different assignment

Multioutput Switch Mode Power Supply for Transmitting Devices of Remote Automated Control System by Electric Power Systems



- input AC voltage	220 V
- input voltage range	150.
- output channels	12`
	5
	10
- range of the load current change	
- efficiency	
- ripple of output voltages	
- common nonstability	
- working frequency	
- temperature range	-40...
- size	195x175x

Switch Mode Power Supply for Radiostations of the Railway Transport



➤ output power

➤ output voltage

➤ load current

➤ input voltage

155...265V AC, 50/60Hz

➤ load current range

➤ efficiency

➤ working frequency

➤ output voltage ripple

➤ common nonstability

Power Supply of Brake Devices of the Electric Drive of Antenna



➤ input voltage

220 V

➤ output power

➤ max output power

➤ number output channels

➤ output voltage

➤ load current

➤ common nonstability

➤ ripple of output voltages

>10%

➤ specific power

Power supply for car radio scanner

- input voltage	12V $\pm$ 20%
- output power	100 W
- output voltage	24 V
- load current	0...4 A
- efficiency	75 %
- working frequency	50 kHz





05.13.2005 08:21

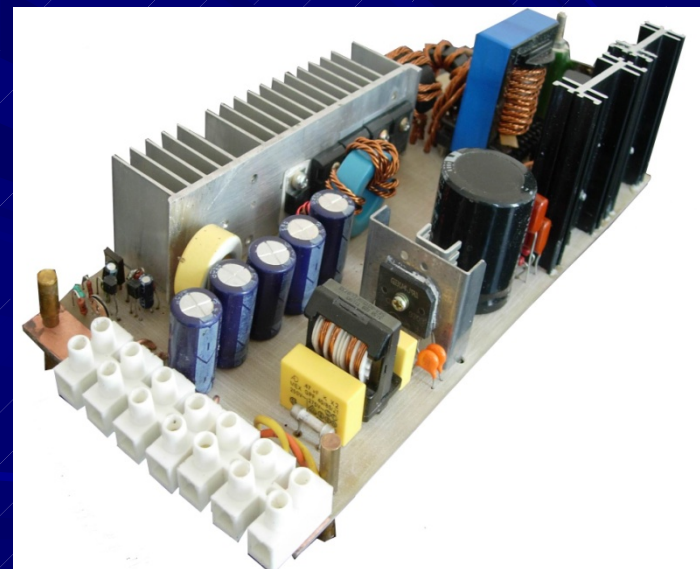
Power supply for IT

- input voltage	220V $\pm$ 20%, 50 Hz
- output power	240 W
- output voltage	24 V
- load current	0...10 A
- efficiency	88-92 %
- working frequency	50 kHz
- temperature range	- 10... +50 °C
- dimension	120x200x50 mm



Power supply with high level load current

- input voltage 135...270В, 50 Гц.
- output power 250 Вт
- output voltage 5 В
- load current 0...50 А
- efficiency 82 %
- working frequency 50 кГц
- температурний діапазон - 40... +50 °С
- габарити 100x220x60 мм





05.01.2008 23:55

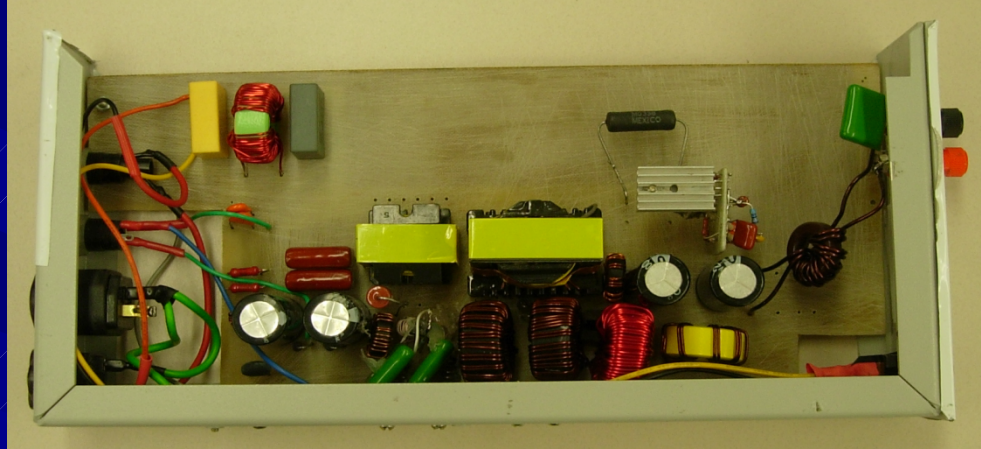


05.03.2008 22:49



05.02.2008 21:01

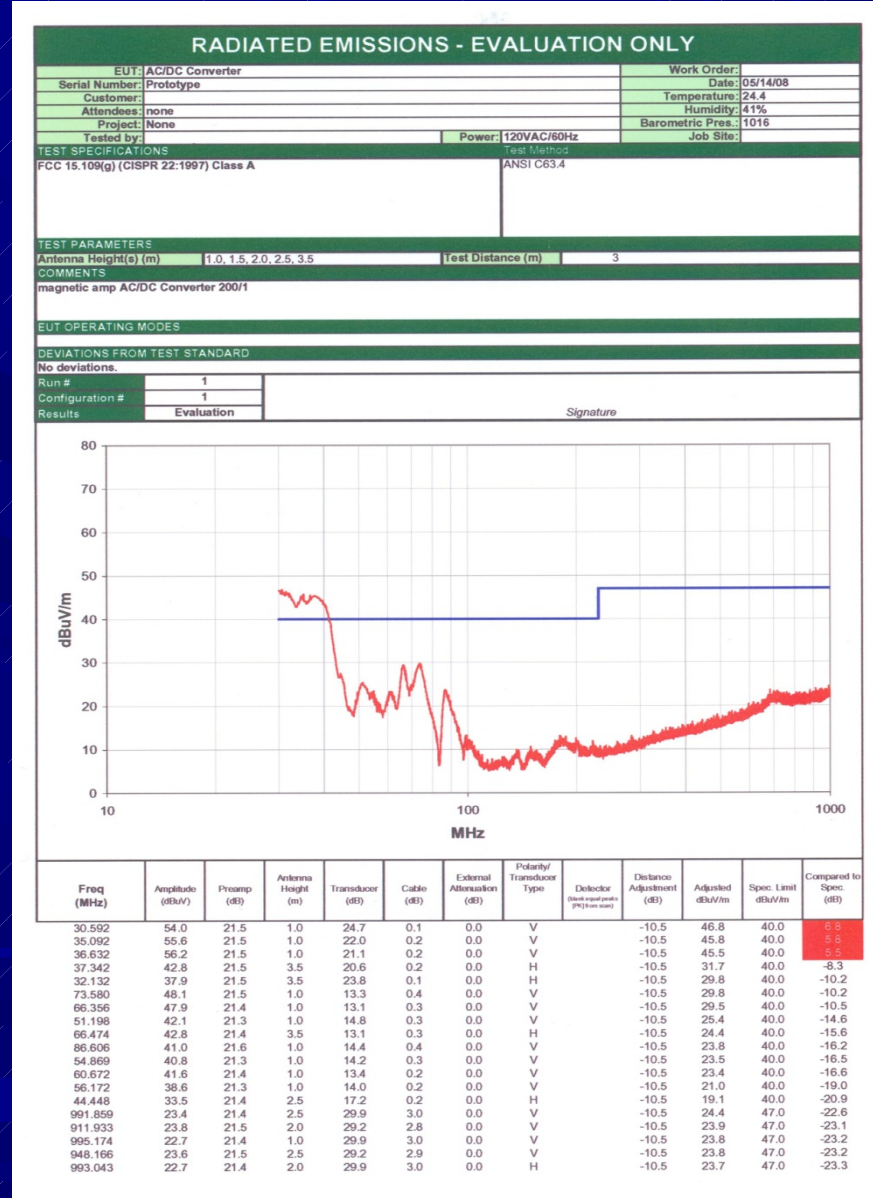
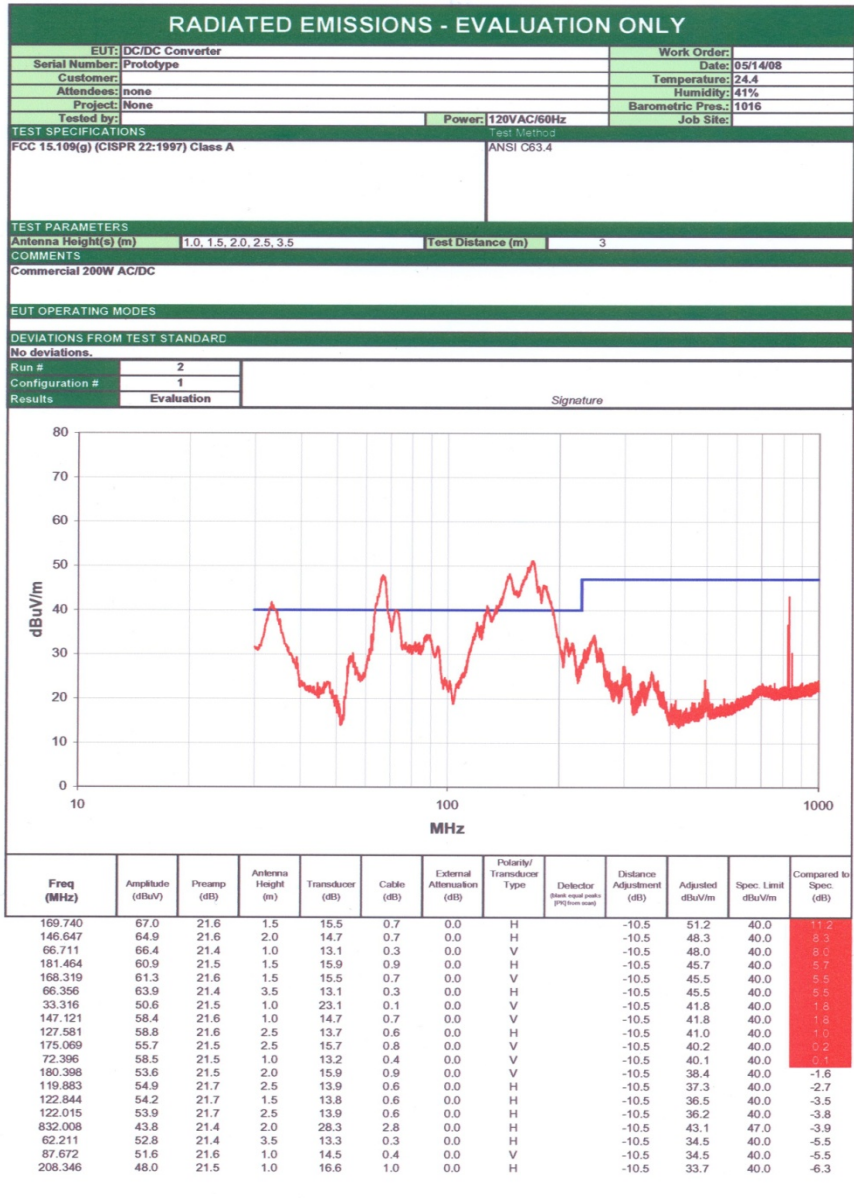
Power supply 24V, 10A

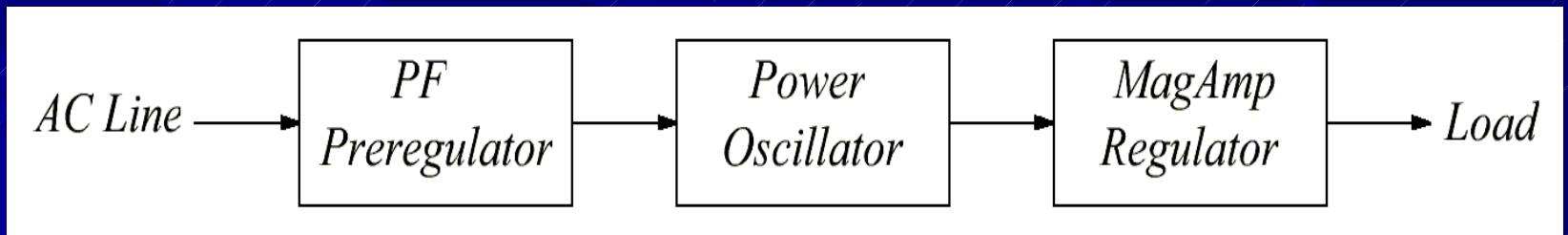


The load characteristics of the experimental MS power supply

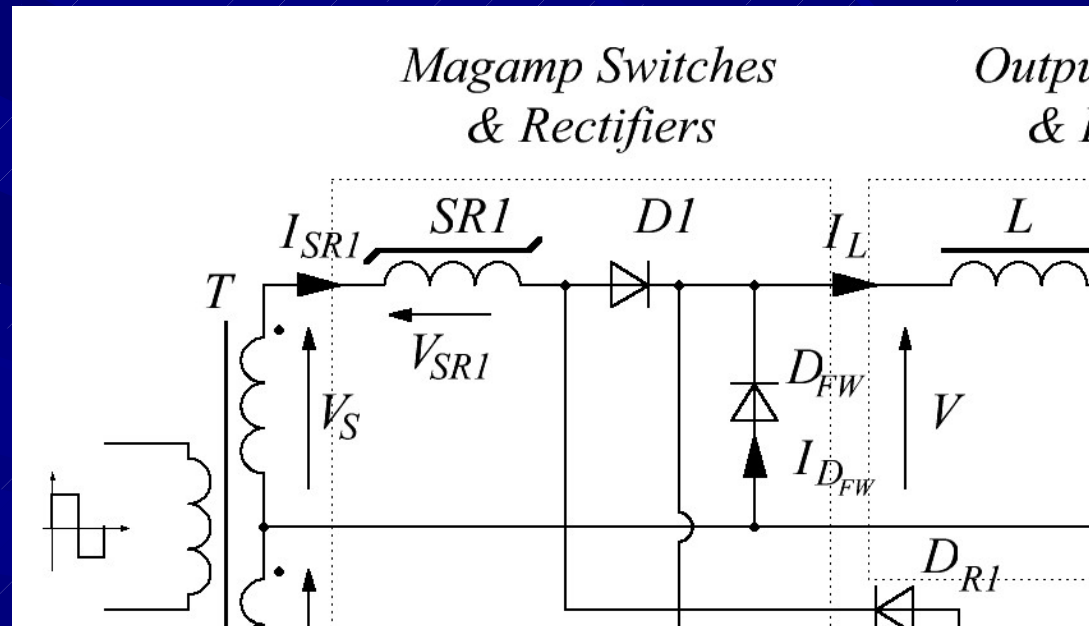
Load current, A	0		3		4,8		8		Input AC voltage, V
	*	**	*	**	*	**	*	**	
Output DC voltage, V	24,10		24,07	24,03	24,08	24,03	24,09	24,01	100
	24,09		24,07	24,03	24,08	24,03	24,09	24,01	110
	24,09		24,07	24,03	24,08	24,02	24,09	24,01	120

Electromagnetic interferences for different power supplies (output power 240W) (analog PS – left, our PS design on magnetic switches – right)





Block Diagram of the proposed ac-dc converter



A basic push-pull MagAmp regulator circuit

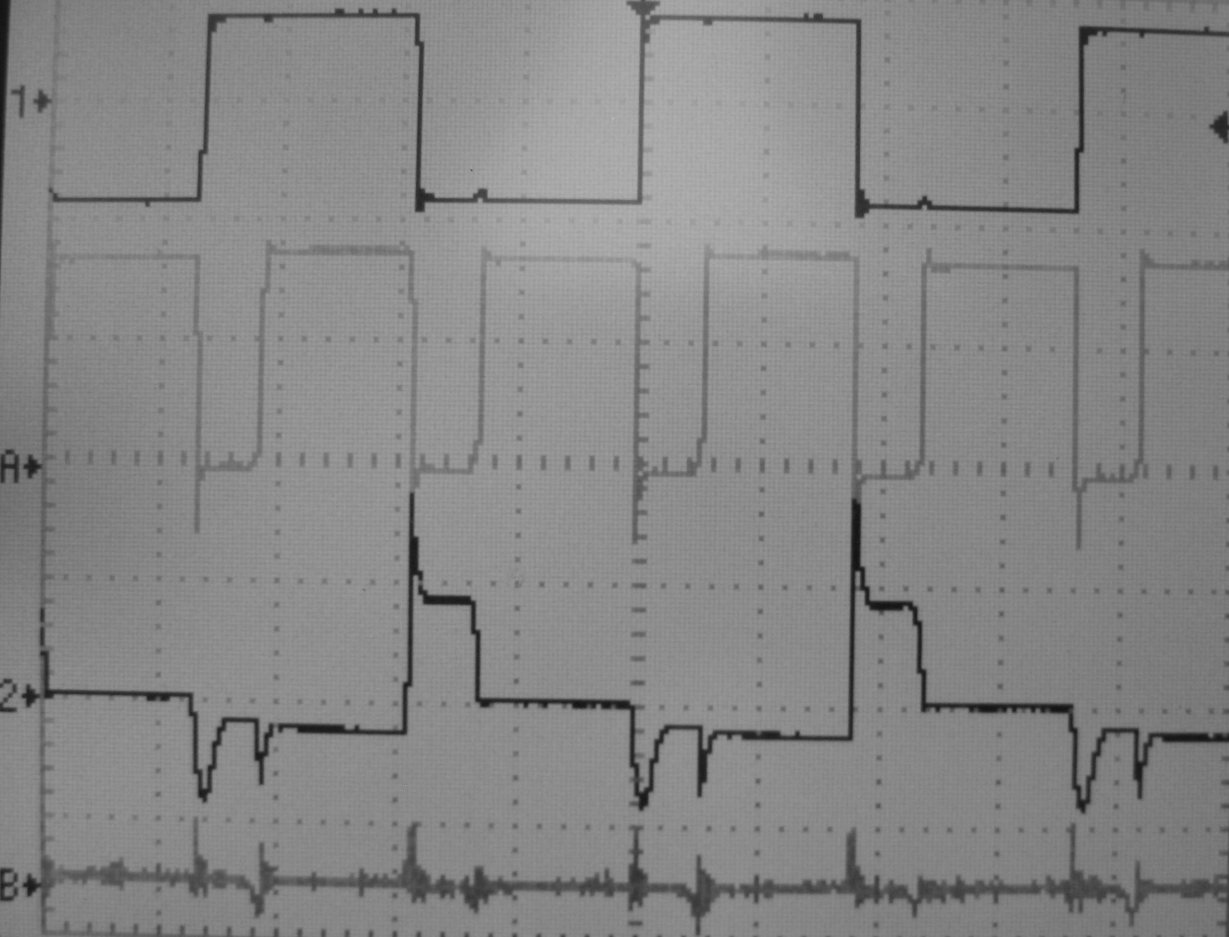
Tek



● Stop

M Pos: 200.0ns

CH2



Coupling

DC

BW Limit

Off

60MHz

Volts/Div

Coarse

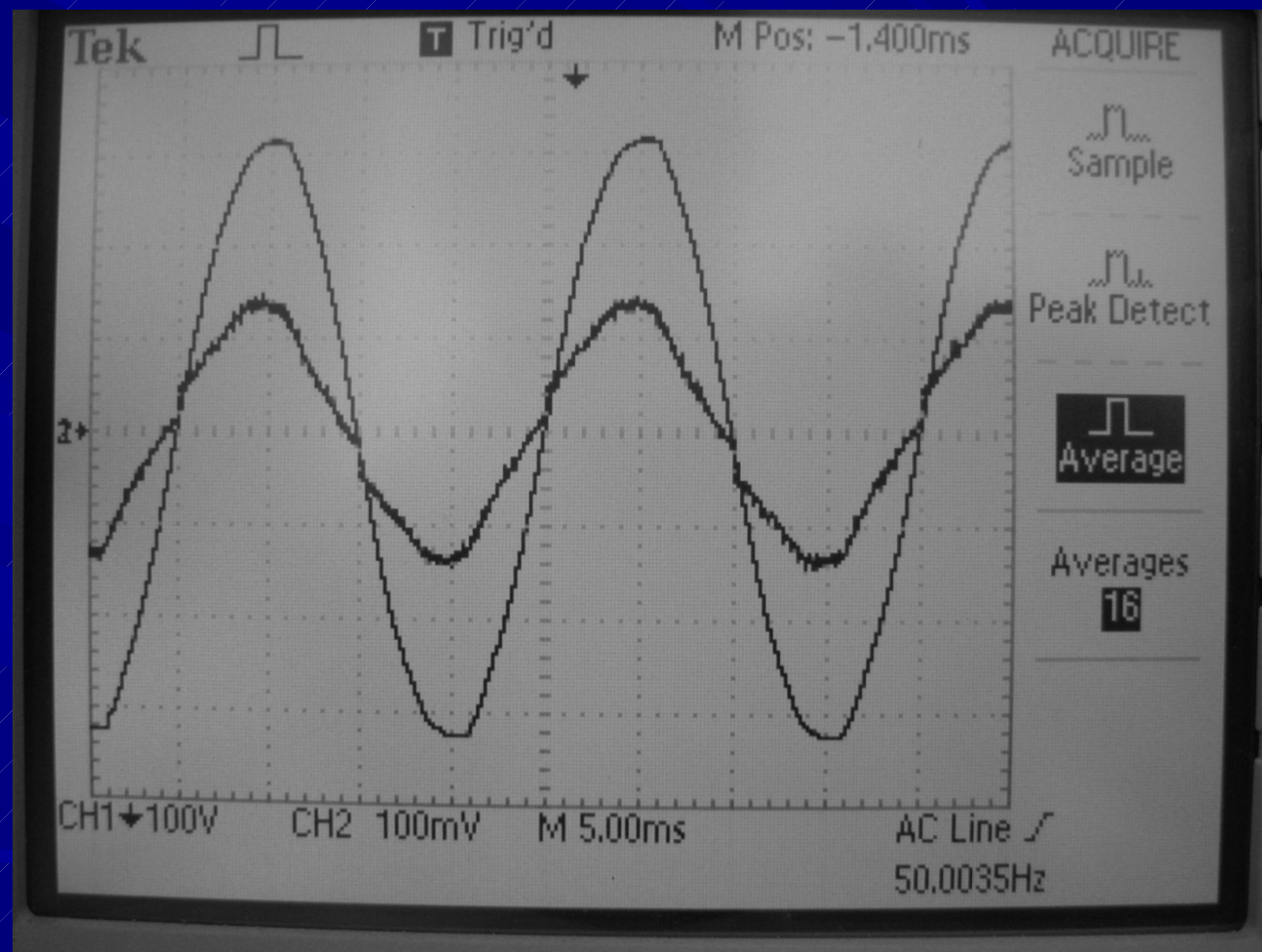
Probe

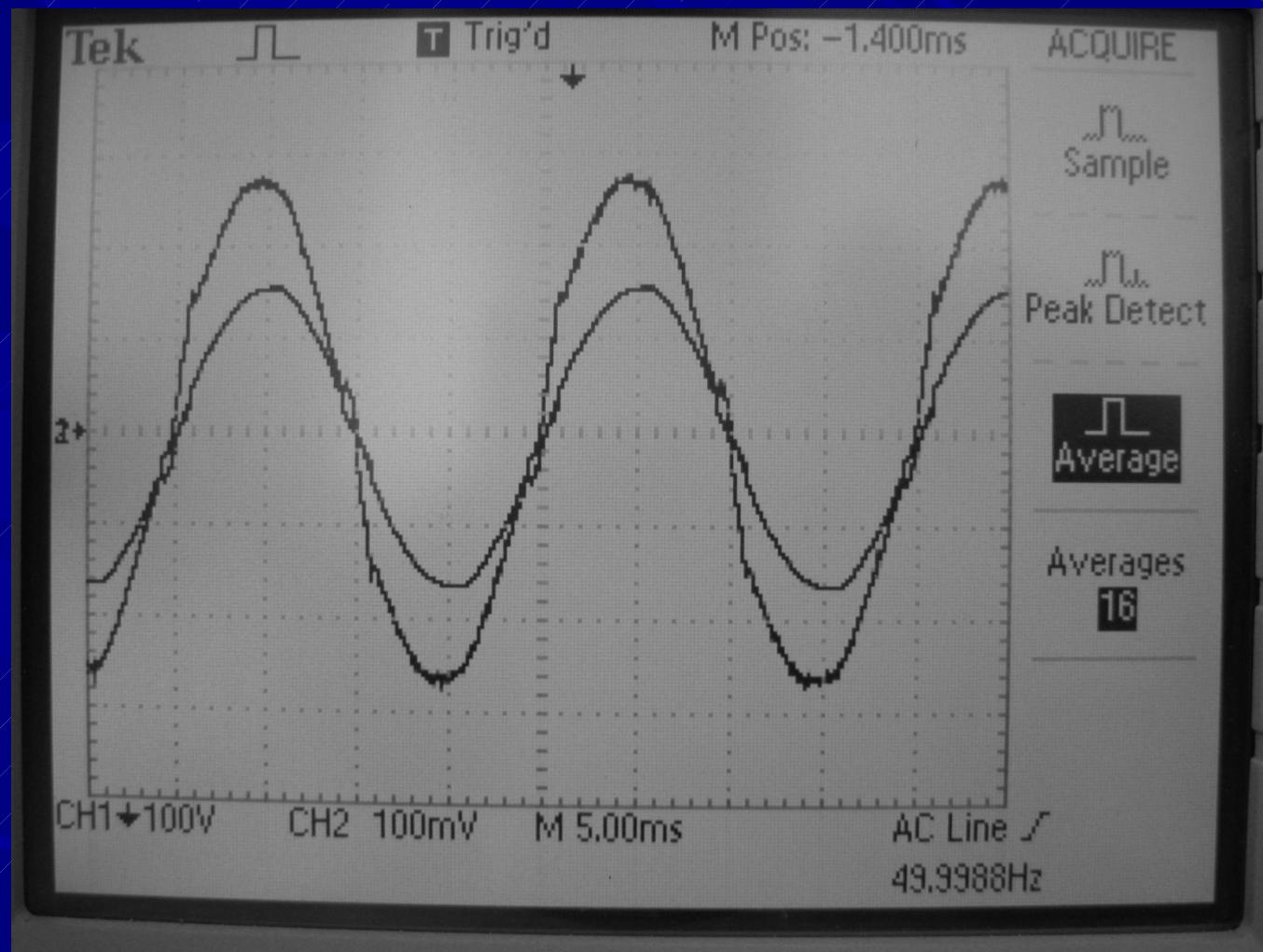
1X

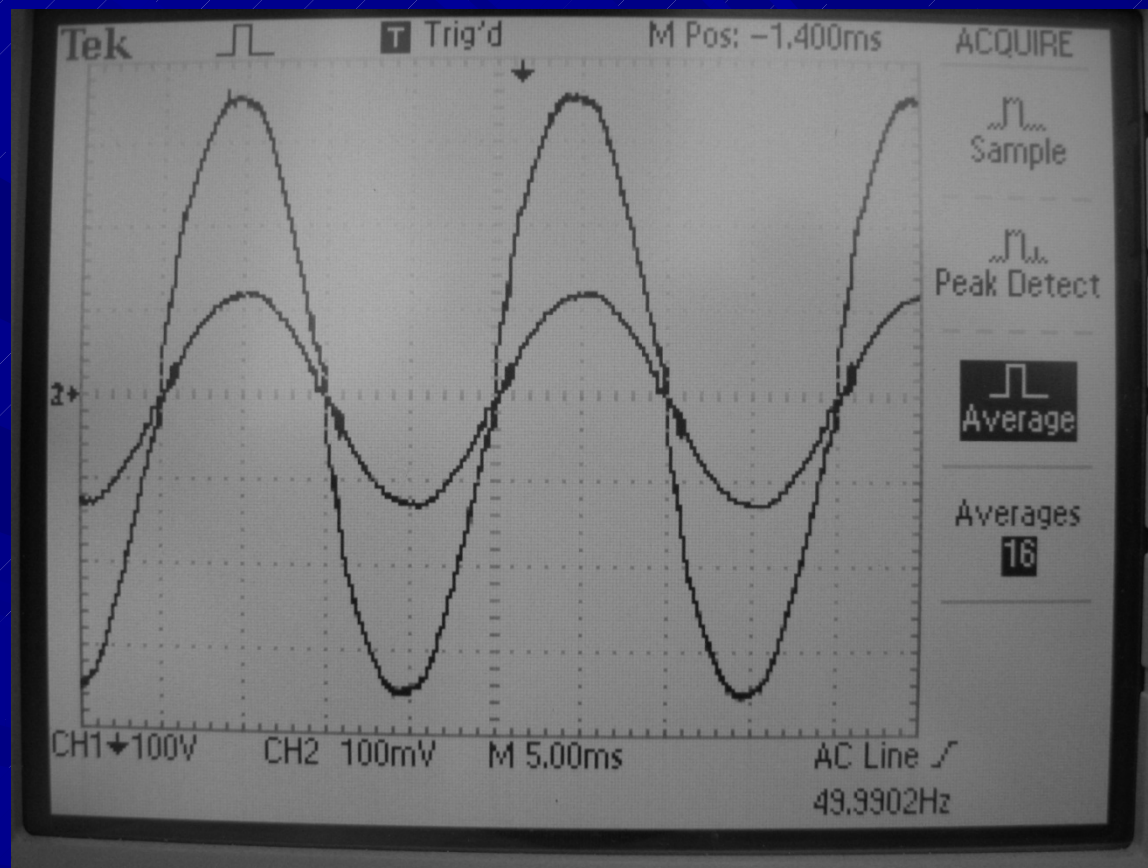
Invert

Off

CH1 5.00V CH2 2.00V M 5.00µs CH1 / -384mV
RefA 20.0V 5.00µs RefB 200mV 5.00µs <10Hz

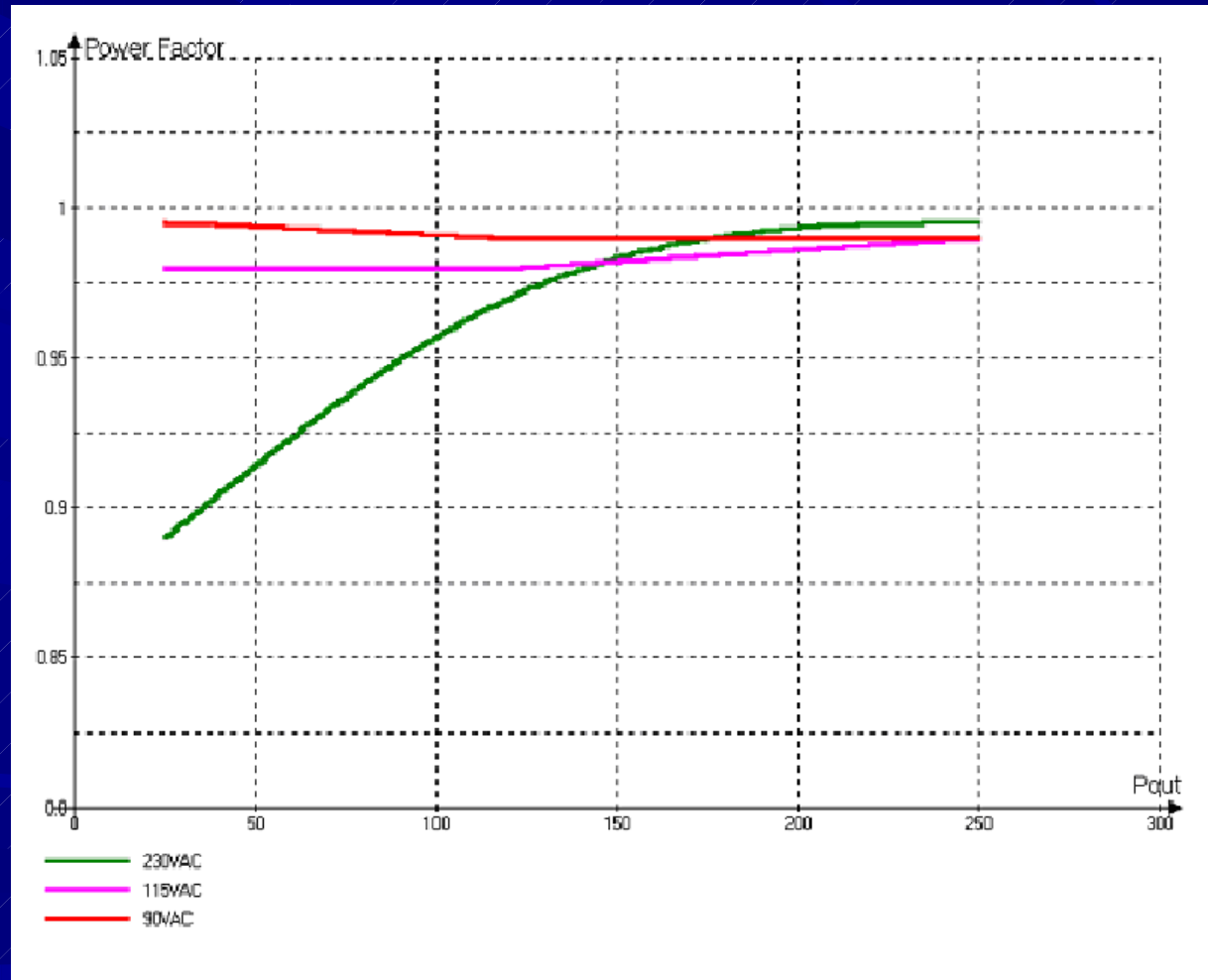




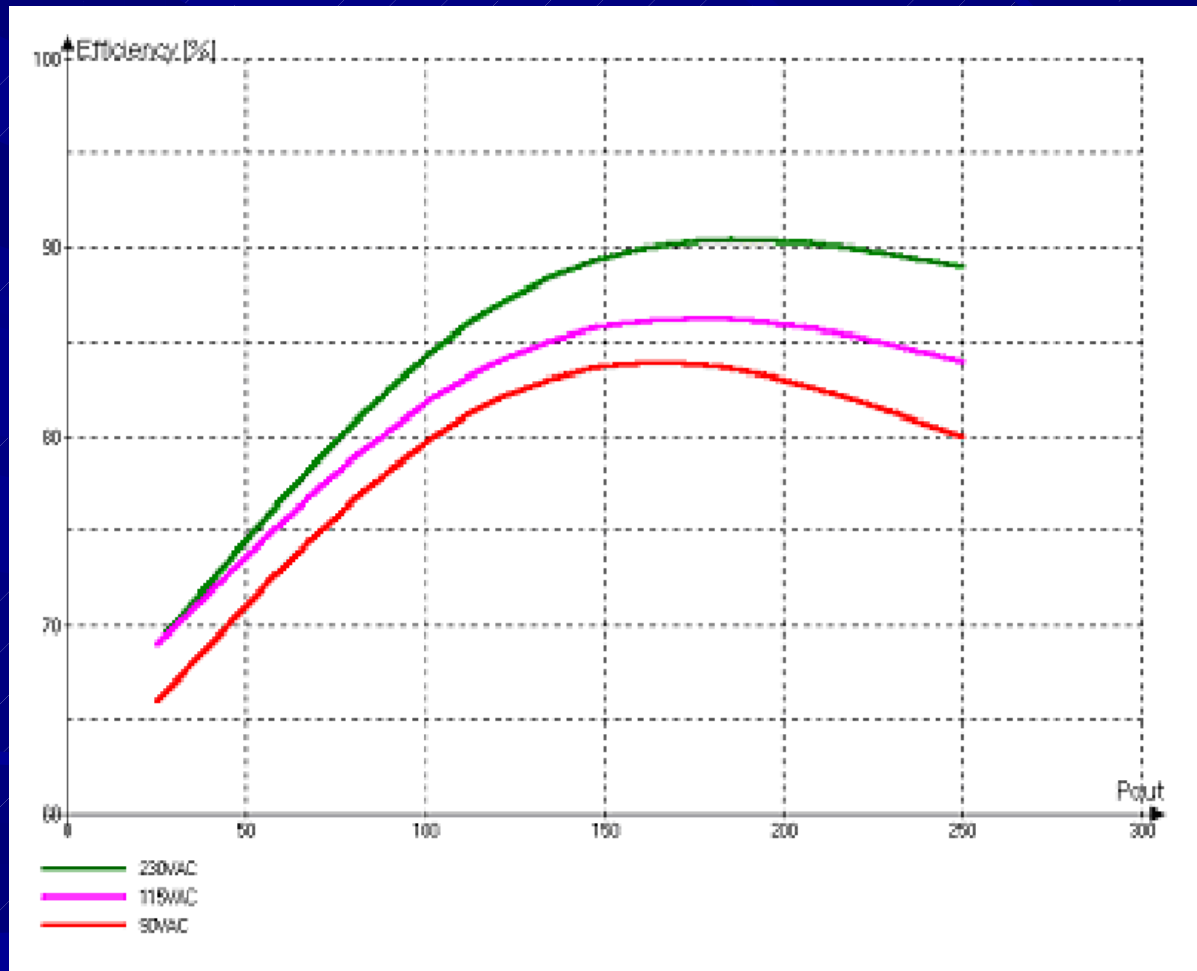


Experimental waveforms of line voltage and current under full load ($P_{out}=240W$) as measured for: 230VAC, (b) 115VAC, (c) 90VAC line voltages. Ch1: Line voltage (100V/Div); Ch2: Line current (1.33Amp/Div); Horizontal scale 5mSec.

Power Factor as measured at 230VAC, 115VAC, 90VAC line voltages.



Converter's efficiency as measured for 230VAC, 115VAC, 90VAC line voltages.



THANKS

